The Weather
Today—Partly cloudy with highest temperatures in low 80's. Yesterday—High, 81; low, 70.

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Allied Thrust Across Rhine Reported; Resistance Crushed on Angaur Island

States' Right Reconversion Bill Is Sent To President

Keeping Men in Service as 'Job' Forbidden; Recess Due Late in Week

By the Associated Press

Congress completed yesterday the last of fuor major bills preparing for the collapse of Germany, sending to President Roosevelt's desk "states rights" legislation drawing the outlines for demobilization and reconversino.

Victorious in a race against time, the lawmakers reached for their hats to go home until after the November elections. Many of them face tough fights for re-election. Speaker Rayburn (D., Tex.) voiced hope that the recess would start late this week.

Troop Release Safeguard

The demobilization and recnoversion bill, which was accepted by the House yesterday, included a mandate on the release of soldiers and sailors no longer needed to fight, declaring:

"The War and Navy Departments shall not retain persons in the armed forces for the purpose of preventing unemployment or awaiting opportunities for employment."

The legislation leaves control of unemployment insurance entirely in State hands. At House insistence, it was stripped of Senate provisions for back home travel pay, up to $200 a family, for war workers, and unemployment insurance for 3,100,000 Federal employes.

Chairman Doughton (D., N. C.) of the Ways and Means Committee, who led the battle against these provisions, told the House he would call the committee to make a study of back home travel allowances and Federal employe jobless insurance when Congress reassembles.

Provides Separate Unit

The legislation sets up a separate administration to handle reconversion problems. It provides noninterest loans for States and cities to plan postwar public works; guarantees the solvency of State unemployment compensation funds, sets up a retaining and reemployment office with power to coordinate existing activities.

The four-way program embraces:

1. Creation of the war mobilization and reconversion administration, through the legislation which the House, by an overwhelming voice vote, sent to the President yesterday.

2. Machinery for the disposal of about 100 billion dollars of war-accumulated property, under the supervision of a three-member board. This bill also is on the President's desk.

Already on Books

3. A system for terminating war contracts, intended to facilitate industry in speedily shifting from the production of weapons of war to civilian goods. This legislation already is on the statute books.

4. The "GI Bill of Rights," also made law, providing benefits for

See CONGRESS, Page 2, Column 6

A Commission And a Bride



MISS ADALINE MAE REAMS kisses Joseph Barbee when he receives his commission as a second lieutenant at Fort Belvoir, Va. They will be married today

(Story on Page 6)

Lane Is Named Envoy to Exiled Polish Regime

Politics Seen in Support of Group Opposed by Russia

By John M. Hightower
Associated Press Staff Writer

In a diplomatic move with a bearing on the domestic political picture, President Roosevelt yesterday named Arthur Bliss Lane as ambassador to the exiled Government of Poland—thereby suddenly reaffirming United States support for the regime which Russia declines to recognize or deal with.

Lane is one of 8 ambassadors whose names the President submited to the Senate for confirmation. Five of the men drow Euro? pean assignments, covering 6 countries now being liberated or soon to be.

Most attention centered on the Lane appointment. It comes at a time when Premier Stanislaw Mikolajczyk is still trying, so far as is know here, to work out some agreement with Moscow whereby his Government may be merged with the Soviet-sponsored Polish Committee of Liberation.

Two Possible Interpretations

There were two posible interpretations of the President's action, as diplomats saw it. One was that an agreement for settlement of the Russo-Polish dispute had actually been arived at or was near, so that the President felt free to name an Ambassador whose duties could be continued regardless of the merger of the London government and the Polish committee, which actually is doing the administrative work in Russian-liberated areas of Poland.

The other interpretation was that on the question of Poland the United States was determined, regardless of Russian policy, to stand by the exiled government. It is at this point that domestic political implications come in, since there is a large Polish-American vote in this country which is believed by officials here to be committed to support of the London regime.

The United States has been without even a nominal diplomatic representative to the London government for several months. The last Ambassador was Anthony J. Drexel Biddle.

Indirect Baltic Peference

The diplomatic list also contained indirect reference to Latvia and Estonia, which along with Lithuania comprise the Baltic states taken over by Russia in 1940. American policy has always beer not to recognize the claimed absorption of the three little countries into the Soviet Union. However, there now is some speculation whether the United States is inclined to deal with the absorption as a fait accompli of European politics and

See ENVOYS, Page 2, Column 5.

Nazis Made Pisa Fear For Its Leaning Tower

Arkadelphia, Ark., Sept. 20 (U.P.). Capt. Lemuel Kelley, in a letter home, reported that American soldiers entering isa found the Italians nearly hysterical because the Germans had circulated rumors that United States engineers had instructions to straighten isa's famous Leaning Tower.

Rep. Grant Says PAC Exacted Father's Dollar

By the Associated Press

Representative Grant (R., Ind.) told the House yesterday that the CIO exacted a $1 assessment from his father, a union member, for the Political Action Committee created by Sidney Hillman.

Waving a dues slip with a dollar "union assessment" notation, Grant said:

"That's the kind of money Sidney Hillman and his gang use to fasten their grip on America."

Contending that union rules stipulate a member in arrears is to be suspended, Grant said: "That means you either pay or you're out of a job. Is there anything voluntary about that?"

Taber, Rankin Join Attack

The CIO-PAC has started a "dollar" campaign in behalf of the Roosevelt-Truman ticket. Hillman recently testified before a House committee that all the dollars are "voluntary" and that half of the collections remains in the local union.

Representative Taber (R., N. Y.) declared that Hillman "will carry the Democrats down to defeat this fall. . . . He is a curse they can't shake off."

Representative Rankin (D., Miss.) joined in denouncing the CIO and Hillman, but predicted the President "will repudiate Sidney Hillman within the next several days."

"Dewey" Film Stars Organize

Hollywood, Sept. 19 (INS).—With many stars included in its membership, organization of a Hollywood-for-Dewey committee was announced tonight.

Lionel Barrymore was elected chairman and Academy Award Winner Ginger Rogers vice chairman.

The organization was perfected at a meeting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. David O. Selznick at which Gov. Earl Warren was the principal speaker.

"Governor Warren has told us that political campaigns are won by hard work," Barrymore said. "Ours is a committee of hard workers, who want to make November 7 our American D-Day—Dewey Day."

Announced members of the committee included Cary Grant, Bing Crosby, Mary Pickford, Jeanette MacDonald, Fred MacMurray, Walt Disney, Don Ameche, Edward Arnold, Hoagey Carmichael, Leo Car-

See POLITICS, Page 2, Column 1.

5th Navy Ship, Minesweeper, Lost in Storm

The Navy announced yesterday that a United States minesweeper disappeared at sea during last week's hurricane, fifth Naval vessel to be lost as a result of the storm.

The minesweeper was the YMS-409, commanded by Lieut. Herbert L. Strauss, jr., Chicago, Ill.

"The minsweeper U.S.S. YMS-409 which was at sea during the hurricane last week, has not been heard from and it presumed to be lost," a Navy Department statement said.

"The area through which this vessel was passing has been under constant search since the day of the storm, and the search is continuing.

"The next of kin of those aboard are being notified."

Jap Forces Subdued in 4-Day Fight

Only Mopping-Up Remains; Invasion Of Philippines Is Near, Tokyo Says

Pearl Harbor, Sept. 20 (U.P.).—American troops of the Eighty-first Invantry Division, seeing combat for the first time in this war, crushed all organized Japanese resistance on tiny Angaur Island in the Palau group Tuesday, after four days of fighting, Admiral Chester W. Nimitz announced today.

A bulletin announcing the victory made no mention of the fighting on Peleliu Island, 6 miles to the north, where First Division Marines were waging a savage battle of annihilation against an estimated 5000 Japanese holding out in the rugged coral hills.

Invasion Declared Imminent

(As the Americans won control of their first island in the Palaus, the Tokyo radio, according to the British radio, said that "an invasion of the Philippines is imminent and the situation is extremely grave.")

Nimitz announced that Angaur, a swampy island of 4 square miles but with an airfield within fighter range of the Philippines, was won Tuesday afternoon and that the Yanks were now mopping up isolated Japanese units.

Front dispatches said that Maj. Gen. Paul J. Mueller's men of the Wildcat division fought like veterans in their first engagement and Mueller said he was "mighty proud" of them.

Charles P. Arnot, United Press Correspondent on Angaur, radioed that a few Japanese still were entrenched in reinforced pillboxes on Cape Medorom, at the southeastern tip of Angaur, but that they would be wiped out in a matter of hours. The last Japanese attempt to evacuate Angaur ended in disaster when Navy gunboats caught seven sampans and sank all of them, killing 200 Japanese troops.

Lose Crack Battalion

Arnot reported that the Japanese lost a crack battalion of troops on Angaur, and that American killed and wounded were not even half the total of enemy dead.

On Peleliu main air Base on the 26-island Palau archipelago, the Marine veterans of Guadalcanal and New Britain won most of the east coast and fought steadily inland against Japanse fighting for every yard from strong cave positions.

The Marine already had killed more than 5000 of the island's estimated Japanese garrison of 10,000 men. The Leathernecks were being heavily shelled from Japanese artillery hidden in caves at least 30 feet deep. The Nipponese would roll the cannon out for firing and then withdraw them.

Tokyo Reports Koror Raid

(The Tokyo radio, according to the OWI, said about 200 American bombers and fighters made a fierce raid against Koror Island in the central Palau Islands Tuesday.)

Nimitz's bulletin announced a series of aerial blows Monday against the Bonin Islands and Marcus Island on the southern approaches to Japan as well as against by-passed Japanese bases in the Marshall, Carolines, and Marianas Islands.

All American planes returned from the widespread assaults.

600 Miles From Tokyo

Two Japanese Destroyers Sunk, Third Blown Up by Hellcats

Destruction of three Japanese destroyers by machine-gun fire from Navy Hellcat fighter planes was reported by the Navy yesterday.

Two of the enemy warships were sunk off Chichi Jima only 600 miles from Tokyo on August 4 by carrier-based fighter planes. A third was blown up in an explosion following strafing southwest of the Marianas on July 25.

"Hellcats have effectively strafed enemy shipping for a long time," the Navy said. "Their ability, now proven, to destroy merchant vessels and warships up to and including those of destroyer size and armor makes them even more valuable to the fleet."

In the attack off Chichi Jima 47 Japanese ships in convoy were sunk or damaged in a coordinated assault by planes and surface vessels. One division of Hellcat fighters commanded by Lieut. Ancil C. Hudson, Birmingham, Ala., and another commanded by Lieut. Eric Magnusson, Virginia, Minn., joined in strafing attacks on a destroyer, which finally burst into flame and exploded.

Meanwhile, two other divisions, commanded by Lieut. Francis X. Timmes, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N. Y., and Lieut. John Pfeiler, Hot Springs, S. Dak., attacked another enemy destroyer. As the fighters pulled off two explosions tore the ship apart.

Near the Marianas on July 25 fighter planes attacked another destroyer in strafing runs. "The enemy vessel blew up with a terrific explosion and disintegrated," the Navy reported. Two of the pilots in that attack were Lieut. Ben F. Griffin, Boise, Idaho, and Ensign L. A. Bird, Shreveport, La. The others were not identified.

What One Robot Bomb Did



Associated Press WIREPHOTO

GREAT DAMAGE—This picture, just released by the censor, shows the chaos wreaked when a flying bomb struck in Vincent Square, London, on June 18

Baltic Drive Of Reds Nears Estonia Capital

Two Breakthroughs Reported; Nearly 2000 Towns Taken

London, Sept. 20 (AP).—Propelled by a double breakthrough in Estonia by a Fourth Army group, the Red army's grand offensive to rid the Baltic States of Germans before snow flies has engulfed nearly 2000 more towns and reached within 50 miles of Tallinn, Estonian capital, Moscow disclosed tonight.

An order of the day from Premier Stalin to Marshal Leonid A. Govorov of the Leningrad front forces and the midnight Moscow communique announced a breakthrough north of Tartu, east-central Estonian rail city, had gained more than 43 miles on a front 75 miles wide, and had taken more than 1500 towns in four days.

A northern wing of the same army thrust westward from Narva in a 37-mile advance in three days, taking more than 300 communities.

These forces stood less than 65 miles east of Tallinn at Rahkla and less than 50 southeast at Nava.

Solid, Advancing Front

Width of the latter front was not disclosed, but the list of captured towns made evident that the two wings of the Leningrad army were joined and that the Russians now had a solid, advancing front swinging more than 300 miles southwestward from the Gulf of Finland to points west of Riga, with the Leningrad, third, second and first Baltic forces all in action.

On the Riga front, where only Tuesday the Russians announced penetration by the First Baltic Army to 6 miles south of that capital city of Latvia, the communique was silent except to mention repulse of German counterattacks.

The Second Baltic, operating about 55 miles east of Riga, seized another 100 towns in the area north of captured Plavinas, and the Third Baltic, pressing northwest and south from the newly captured key railway junction city of Valga, took more than 50 additional places in southern Estonia and northern Latvia.

Added to the nearly 3000 towns listed by the Russians Tuesday as captured in the great offensive, the total bag was near 5000 in five days of the offensive to kill or drive into the sea the Nazis remaining in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania. These German troops recently were estimate dto number possibly 200,000, certainly numerically inferior to the Soviet forces opposing them.

Nazis Claim Gains

The Germans in their communique and in subsequent radio broadcasts contended they were repulsing the Russians in the Baltic states and had made some gains of their own in the Jelgava area below Riga, where the Russians said Nazi counterattacks failed.

The Germans acknowledged that Russian and Polish troops under

See RUSSIA, Page 2, Column 1.

Allies Seize Big Nazi Robot Plant in Mine

With United States Third Army, Sept. 20 (AP).—A vast bomb-proof underground buzzbomb factory which was to employ 15,000 workers and produce hundreds of bombs daily has fallen into the hands of the Third Army at the French town of Thil, near the Luxembourg border.

The plant, built deep in the shaft of an iron ore mine, was in partial operation with 5000 workers turning out buzzbomb carcasses when the Germans were forced to flee.

Millions of dollars worth of equipment, scheduled to turn out the machines on a production line basis, had been installed. Much of it was left intact.

The tunnel, more than a mile long, led to a factory 350 feet below the surface of the mountain and no bomb could reach it.

(The American broadcasting station in Europe said in a broadcast heard by CBS and reported by the I. N. S. that liberated workers claimed that the factory, at peak production, would have delivered 700 robot bombs a day.

More Robots Sent Over

London, Sept. 20 (U.P.).—Flying bombs winged into southern England and the London area tonight, the second attack by the explosive-laden missiles within less than 24 hours, as official sources renewed warnings for evacuees from the southern areas to delay homecomings until the government announced it was safe.

Pershing's Condition Continues Improving

Gen. John J. ershing, ill at Walter Reed Army Hospital, continued to improve yesterday.

Hospital authorities said the 84-year-old World War I leader showed "a slight improvement over Tuesday," when he was reported to be maintaining an earlier gain.

Nazis Resist Fiercely at Siegfried Line

Hitler Orders Stand At Reich Borders Instead of Rhine

By Don Whitehead

With the U. S. First Army, Sept. 20 (AP).—There was little doubt today that the Germans are making a major stand at the Siegfried Line.

There were indications earlier that the Nazis intended to make their major stand at the Rhine, but more and more troops are being thrown in at the Siegfried Line and this is rapidly developing into one of the great battles of the invasion.

Apparently Hitler has given orders to hold the Allies at the borders of the Reich at all costs and this accounts for the stubborn defense and reinforcement of units in the line, plus the wheeling up of the heaviest artillery concentration the Germans have mustered since the beach landings.

Luftwaffe Emerges

The Germans have been trying to bring some order out of the confusion into which the troops were thrown by the swift advance of our armored and infantry columns.

Now their counterattacks are well coordinated with heavy artillery preparation. The battle at the Siegfriend has mounted in fury with the enemy bringing out his air force for the first time in weeks in any strength.

In Stoleberg, troops fought from house to house. The town is almost surrounded.

Yanks Use Bulldozers

In Aachen, troops heard loud explosions and there were reports the Gestapo were forcing the people to evacuate the battered city.

One American unit fought all day today to clean out the inner

See TANK, Page 2, Column 2.

Great Battle Raging for Ruhr, Berlin Bridge-Ways

Hodges' Forces Cling to Breaches In West Wall, Repel Counterattacks

Allied Supreme Headquarters, London, (Thursday), Sept. 21 (U.P.). The British Second Army, by passing the Dutch city of Nijmegen on both sides, reportedly has sent one spearhed northward across the Rhine and another eastward into Germany while a great battle is raging for two Rhine bridges guarding the level approaches to Berlin and the Ruhr, front reports said today.

Parachutists of the Allied First Airborne Army were holding a Rhine bridgehead in the Arnhem area 9 miles north of Nijmegen, fighting off firce counter-attacks, but had not yet linked up with the Second Army, which was believed to have crossed by rubber boat and pontoon bridge at a point farther west.

Simultaneously, vast swaying armored battles exploded along a 200-mile front before the Rhine to the south, with more than 100 enemy tanks reported knocked out in the first clashes. The Germans had succeeded in blasting open a corridor northeast from previously encircled Aachen and were believed preparing to evacuate that German frontier city.

Supreme Headquarters, Allied Expeditionary Force, Sept. 20 (AP).—Allied ground and airborne forces and strongly reinforced Nazi divisions were locked tonight in a swirling battle across the Rhine delta of Holland which the German radio said might prove to be the decisive engagement on the Western Front.

Seventy miles to the south, American troops of Lieut. Gen. Courtney H. Hodges hung on grimly to their breaches in the Siegfried Line and repelled repeated fierce infantry and tank attacks as the Nazis threw huge reserves into an effort to prevent further penetration into Germany east of Aachen.

German forces there were fighting more desperately and with better coordination than at any time since the battle of Normandy, front dispatches said. Thirty-six enemy tanks were knocked out by the First Army in Wednesday's furious fighting. [The United Press said 43 were destroyed.]

Struggle to Take Bridge

British troops of Lieut. Gen. Miles C. Dempsey's Second Army, who drove northward across Holland in a swift, spectacular advance from the city of Eindhoven yesterday, were reported tonight fighting like men possessed for a mile and a half long bridge over the swift-flowing Waal Rhine River at Nijmegen.

The concrete span rears 600 feet above the river. It and a steel railway bridge running alongside are the only crossings of the deep Waal Rhine in the vicinity. Its loss to the Allies would mean at least days of delay while enigneers install pontoons across the wide, deep stream.

Is Gateway to Ruhr

Nijmegen, a city of approximately 50,000, is situated on a high bluff on the southern bank of the river, and once Dempsey's main forces have crossed the way will be open to them through a rolling valley into the Ruhr, scarcely four miles to the east.

(The Free Netherlands radio in London reported that British tanks had crossed the bridge at Nijmegen, but there was no confirmation either from Allied headquarters or from field dispatches.)

Since the airborne invasion of Holland on Sunday, a strong force of Allied skytroops has ben fighting hard ot enlarge a pocket in the

See WAR, Page 2, Column 3.

Nazi Garrisons Trapped

Allies Set Air, Naval Blockade Against Crete, Aegean Isles

Rome, Sept. 20, (AP).—Allied air and naval forces have loosed a mounting attack against strained Nazi transport and airfields on Crete and have blockaded the island to prevent escape of the German garrison, Allied communiques announced today.

Simultaneously land and carrier-based aircraft blasted harbor and radio installations on the Aegean island of Melos and maintained a heavy bombing offensive against other German-held islands on the approaches to the Balkan peninsula.

Attacks on enemy airdromes, harbors and installations in the Aegean have been maintained during the past week, the Cairo communique said. Heraklion and Maleme airdromes on Crete were bombed on the night of September 14-15. The assault was repeated on the night of September 15-16, when Calato airdrome on the island of Rhodes also was blasted.

Porto Lago, near Leros, was bombed last night for the third consecutive night and was left in flames. In addtion, warships bombed other islands repeatedly.

(The OWI recorded a British broadcast quoting Ankara radio as saying Nazi occupation troops had abandoned the large Aegean island of Andros, aproximately 35 miles east of the Greek mainland. Previous reports had said the Germans were evacuating other Aegean islands along the Turkish coast.)

The joint communique reported that the Dalmation islands of Mljet, Korcula and Brac in the Adriatic were freed from the Germans by combined operations of Tito's Yugoslav Partisans, the Royal British Navy's Balkan Air Force and Allied "land forces." Operations are continuing, the communique reported.

Butter Theft Charged to Aide in OPA

Mrs. Estelle W. Johnson, 56, of 921 Highland dr., Silver Spring, Md., a volunteer in the OPA office at Silver Spring for the last two years, was arrested yesterday by Montgomery County police on a charge of stealing a pound of butter from the Safeway Grocery store, in the Silver Spring Shopping Center.

Charged with theft, Mrs. Johnson was released on a $25 cash bond after police demanded red points for the butter. She will be tried this morning before Trial Magistrate Einar Christensen at the Takoma Park Police Court.

The woman was caught outside the store by N. Elliott Pickrel, store manager, who found the butter in her pocketbook, according to Lieut. Frank Lane of the Montgomery County Detective Bureau.

Mrs. Johnson helps with tire and gasoline rations at the OPA office.

When questioned by police Mrs. Johnson said "I don't know why I did it," they stated.

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Execution Horrors Make Caruso Blanch

War Sidelights

Singer Finds Paris Full of Champagne

New York, Sept. 20 (U.P.).—The last time she saw Paris, Dinah Shore said today, champagne flowed like water and three packages of American cigarettes would get you a botle of Chanel No. 5.

That was only a few days ago, for the singer has just returned with a USO camp shows unit that entertained the troops in France. Shesaid the boys had so much champagne that they used it to brush their teh.

A group of Engineers in another area, sherelated, turned up a cache of wine with mine detectors.

"A wonderful time," was Miss Shore's comment on her trip.

Rome's Ex-Police Chief Says He Cut Hostage List by 30

Rome, Sept. 20 (AP).—Former Rome Police Chief Pietro Caruso, on trial for his life in an improvised courtroom guarded to protect him from mob violence, turned pale and trembled today as a medical expert gave a stark description of the bodies of executed hostages recovered from Rome's "Smolensk forest"—the Ardeatine caves.

As the trial opened for the second time the husky defendant, his hands trembling so that papers he held rattled, told the court that Field Marshal Gen. Albert Kesselring, Nazi commander in Italy, ordered him to furnish hostages for execution in reprisal for the bombing of an SS column.

Reduced Number to 50

He said, however, that he was aware of the gravity of the request and cut the number of hostages turned over to the Germans from the 80 demanded to 50.

Prof. Attilio Ascarelli, director of the medical-legal investigations at the massacre scene, told the cuort 3 of the total of 335 bodies 9exhumed out of the dank caves near Rome's ancient Appian Way were found beheaded. Their necks had been smashed by high explosive bullets and time had done the rest.

Caruso passed his hand before his eyes as the witness gave the details.

Loses First Round

The first round went against Caruso when the court overruled a defense motion for a postponement of the trial until six months after the war.

In contrast to the violence marking the original effort to begin the trial Monday when one of the key witnesses was beaten to death by an angry mob, the hearing began quietly and without disturbance.

This possibly was due to the fact that the choice of the courtroom—in Rome's 16th centufy Palazzo Corsini—was kept secret until the trial started. Police blocked the streets and corridors were constantly patrolled. Allied military police were held in reserve.

Seeks to Shift Blame

Caruso, who headed the police during the last four months of the German occupation, tried to shift the blame in each of the four charges against him:

That he turned over to the Germans 50 hostages for execution: that he seized citizens for labor battalions; that he violated the Papal extraterritoriality of St. Paul's Church; and that he authorized his secretary and others to attend a German sabotage school in the Netherlands.

Col. Charles Poletti, Allied military government official and former New York governor, attended the opening session. Poletti worked with the Italian police in arranging precautionary measures.

Gaining scant attention in comparison with the Caruso trial was the announcement that properties of Fascist-executed Count Galeazzo Ciano, Mussolini's son-in-law and foreign minister, and 96 other prominent Fascists would be confiscated by the Italian government.

USES to Aid County Worker And Employer

Arlington, Fairfax Bureau, The Post, 1630 No. Buchanan St. Tel. CH. 3239.

Starting today, William C. DuVal, a representative of the United States Employmen Service in Alexandria, will be in the Chamber of Commerce offices, 3179 Wilson blvd., on Tuesday and Thursday of each week to assist the workers and employers of the county in complying with existing manpower controls for this area, it was announced yesterday by Paul A. Hill, secretary-business manager of the organization.

The service has been made possible through the cooperation and assistance of Carter W. Friend, manager of the United States Employment Service in Alexandria.

Because of the problems encountered in reaching Alexandria, the following special procedure has been established in order to assist the workers and employers of Arlington County:

1. Each Arlington employer will place orders with the Alexandria office for the number and type of workers needed, not to exceed his established employment ceiling. 2. The Alexandria office will refer to employers all available labor in accordance with the priority referral program. 3. Each worker recruited by an Arlington employer should obtain a statement of availability from his last employer, or must sign a record of prior employment. 4. A representative of the Alexandria office will be in the office of the Arlington Chamber of Commerce, 3179 Wilson blvd., from 9 a. m. to 12 noon on Tuesdays and Thursdays, on which days employers will submit to him, for any workers hired, the documents mentioned in 3 above. 5. The representative will review the documents submitted, issue approval for hires in accordance with manpower controls, or indicate necessary action to be taken.

GOP Women's Council

Mrs. M. L. Leap, president of the Arlington Republican Women's Council, was notified yesterday that the local organization was a first prize winner in the Eastern District in the national membership conducted by the National Federation of Women's Republican Clubs.

Clubs in 40 States participated, which were divided into four districts, with the basis of the competition the percentage ratio between the bona fide paid-up members and the total number of Republican votes cast in the last gubernatorial election in the voting district covered by the club. This method gave all organizations an equal opportunity.

The local club is only a little more than a year old.

RUSSIA

From Page 1

cover of artificial fog had crossed the Vistula River into Warsaw but radio commentators said these forces had been wiped out. The German high command said only that they were "cut off."

The Russians were silent concerning the Polish fronts, both at Warsaw and elsewhere, except to announce capture of a handful of mountain villages in southern Poland on the border of Czechoslovakia.

The Russians likewise kept their own counsel on land developments in the Balkans, telling only of continuing air raids on the Hungarian capital, Budapest, and the Hungarian-held Transylvanian town of Satu-Mare, both described as highly successful.

POLITICS

From Page 1

rillo, Cecil B. de Mille, Lillian Gish, Ben Hecht, Joel McCrea, Adolphe Menjou and Rosalind Russell.

Turman Answers Dewey

New York, Sept. 20 (AP).—U. S. Senator Harry S. Truman, Democratic vice presidential nominee, declared today "the indispensable man proposition was originated by Republicans."

He made the statement at a press conference at headquarters of the Democratic national committee when asked to comment on the charge by Republican Presidential candidate Thomas E. Dewey at Portland, Ore., last night that President Roosevelt considered himself "indispensable to the entire world."

"We never said there was an indispensable man," Truman said. "We believe there should be a man of experience in the White House at this time."

TANK

From Page 1

defenses of the Siegfried where a new breach was developing. Many Germans in pillboxes surrendered when the Americans worked behind the fortifications and called on them to throw down their arms. Others, however, refused, and bulldozers were rolled up and pushed dirt against doors of the pillboxes, sealing the Germans inside.

The Americans knocked out 36 enemy tanks today as the drove back repeated German counterattacks and stoutly held onto their breaches in the line. In one sector our defenses blasted eight tanks while the infantry drove back two ground attacks which were preceded by a heavy artillery barrage. In another area the Germans hurled 41 tanks at the Americans only to have 28 of them destroyed.

With the American Third Army Beyond Nancy, Sept. 20 (U.P.).—Forty 60-ton German Tiger tanks were knocked out yesterday by our tanks in the Athienville sector between Luneville and Chateau-Salins and six more were believed destroyed. Our artillery knocked out three others.

Former Bulgarian Official Goes Home Admitting Defeat

Istanbul, Sept. 20 (U.P.).—Peter Gabrowski, Bulgarian Minister of the Interior, left here for home Tuesday with tears in his eyes and on his lips an admission that the Allies have won the war.

In an interview Gabrowski, under police guard, said he was leaving Turkey of his own free will. He fled Bulgaria on September 9, but was told by Turkish officials that he would have to return. He said that if he was to be tried for alleged war crimes, he wanted to face trial in a Bulgarian court.

Asked about reports that 40,000 Greeks and 20,000 Jews had been killed in territories occupied by Bulgarian troops, he said he knew nothing about it and added "I did not allow a single Jew to be sent to Poland while I was minister."

A final question on who was going to win the war, brought the reply:

"The war is already won. The Allies have won it."

By midsummer the Army expects to employ between 3000 and 5000 civilian teachers for illiterate soldiers.

A Path Through the Dragon's Teeth



Associated Press WIREPHOTO

MARTIAN MOLARS—A jeep goes through a Siegfried Line barricade near Aachen inside Germany. Although the obstructions are made of reinforced concrete, American Engineers quickly blasted a road through them

WAR

From Page 1

Arnhem area, 10 miles north of Nijmegen on the Neder Rhine north of and roughly parallel to the Waal Rhine. The German high command said this Allied force was under heavy attack from every side and that 1700 prisoners had been taken.

Troops Still Pouring In

Other Allied air-borne forces from the Eindhoven and Nojmegen landing areas south of tehWaal Rhine, swelled in size for the fourth straight day by a sky armada of transports and gliders, was fighting alongside Dempsey's forces in an effort to save the vital span for miles of British tanks and infantry churning up from Belium for a smash into the Ruhr.

Ludwig Sertorius, German military commentator, said "the fighting in south and central Holland is continually increasing in grimness, since it is quite evident that the further development of the war on the whole Western Front will depend to a very great extent on the outcome of this struggle."

55Miles From Essen

Both at Nijmegen and east of Aachen in Germany, Allied forces were within 55 miles of Essen, home f the great Krupp armament works and heart of the Ruhr.

A thick ground haze and muddy terrain provided a grim, bleak day for the fighting in six main battle areas along the German frontier. Massed artillery roared constantly from end to end of the front, interspersed occasionally with the maddening screams of chargimg SS elite guard Nazi youths as they threw themselves against machine-gun emplacements manned by unbudging Americans.

German counterattacks east of Aachen were well coordinated with heavy artillery preparation, and for the first time in weeks the enemy air force offered strong support to ground troops. There were earlier indications that the Nazis might pull back to the Rhine for their major stand in Germany, but it was plain now that they intended to fight for every foot of their soil.

Lieut. Gen. George S. Patton's Third Army was locked in a similar bitter struggle east of the Moselle River in northeastern France against German opposition described by headquarters as "heavy and determined."

Seize Town, Road Center

American troops captured the village of Chatel on the east bank of the Moselle south of Nancy and seized an important road junction near Luneville, 15 miles southeast of Nancy. Allied troops under Patton advanced 8 miles in the Baccarat area southeast of Luneville, but there was no report of gains in the main area of the fighting north of Nancy and near the German-held fortress city of Metz.

Luneville changed hands several times in the past 24 hours and that hard fighting still was in progress for the city.

The Allied Seventh Army still was at least 12 miles from the Belfort Gap entrance into the southern Rhine Valley and was meeting steadily stiffening resistance.

Brest Mostly in Ruins

The great Brittany port of Brest, most of it reduced to ruins by Allied bombardment and German demolitions, finally fell to American troops after the main battle for Europe had swept on hundreds of miles across northern France an donto German soil. It was estimated the count of Nazi prisoners might run as high as 17,000.

Boulogne was tottering, with Canadian troops pursuing remnants of its garrison, believed to number about 3000.

Although Allied commanders have been convinced for some time that Adolf Hitler was directing the Germans' defensive strategy against invasion from the west, there was no new evidence that the Nazi leader and his "intuition" had assumed more active command in recent days.

The enemy's blundering strategy all along has convinced the Allied experts they were dealing with Hitler rather than the German high command. More than one Allied commander, like Marshall Sir Bernard L. Montgomery yesterday, has said the Allies should be thankful for the enemy arrangement.

Council Ousts Tax Collector

Petersberg, Va., Sept. 20 (AP).—City Tax Collector W. I. Wheary was removed from office by the city council last night on a charge of improperly conducting the affairs of the office.

Wheary was suspended by the council September 5.

He was succeeded by R. Littleton Mayes, assistant city auditor for the last 24 years, who will assume his new duties October 15.

Yanks Breach Gothic Line on 6-Mile Front

Rome, Sept. 20 (AP).—The Allied communique announced today that American Fifth Army troops have breached the massive, fiercely defended Nazi Gothic Line on a 6-mile front above Florence, opening the way for swifter descent on the Po Valley some 23 miles distant.

Easily defended mountain roads winding toward Bologna, gateway to the central section of the valley, and Imola, a smaller industrial city, probably will keep the advance to a relatively slow race until Allied forces burst into the flatlands.

A greater immediate threat to the Germans was an Eighth Army push by Canadian and Greek troops to the outer defenses of Rimini, Adriatic port at the southeastern tip of the valley from where tanks and infantry could spread in a huge flanking movement. Its airfield already is in Allied hands.

Attack San Fortunato

Troops in this area are assaulting the village of San Fortunato, and nearby have reached the outskirts of San Marino City and captured Serravalle.

The American breakthrough above Florence climaxed one of the toughest assignments of the Italian campaign and a week of the heaviest fighting. It carried Fifth Army forces to within three miles of the Apennine stronghold of Firenzuola, a road center about 22 miles from Bologna.

Brazilian, South African, British and Indian troops supported the Americans on both flanks and maintained strong pressure against the Germans in close fighting. More than 600 prisoners were taken in two days.

Appeals to Patriots

With the battle for the Po Valley near, the Italian general staff broadcast an appeal to patriots in northern Italy to rise against the Germans.

"Hit at once for the liberation of Piedmont and Italy," they were told.

Aerial support for the ground troops was strong.

San Remo, near the Italian-French border, was attacked by the U. S. destroyers Edison and Hilary P. Jones.

Nurses' Aide Enrollments Close Tuesday

Interviews for applicants wishing to enroll in the fall Red Cross nurses' aide course by the Alexandria chapter will close on Tuesday, September 26, it was announced yesterday by Mrs. Howard C. Richards, 209 King st. rd., chairman of the aides corps. Prospective enrollees may report to officials at the chapter house, 417 Duke st., between 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. each weekday and during the morning on Saturday.

The course will open October 2 and continue from 9 a. m. to noon on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays for six weeks. The first half of the course, covering class work, will be held in the parish hall of Grace Episcopal Church, 207 S. Patrick st., and the final three-week period will include actual work at the Alexandria Hospital under Mrs. Anna Levy, registered nurse, and regular hospital staff members.

Announcements have been issued to all members of the corps to attend the monthly meeting Tuesday at Carter Hall, 706 Prince st., Alexandria, home of the nursing school of the Alexandria Hospital. Capt. Emily Miller of the medical technician division, planning branch of the Women's Army Corps, will be the principal speaker.

Tropical Storm Moves In Direction of U. S.

New Orleans, La., Sept. 20 (U.P.).—The United States Weather Bureau today warned of a tropical storm which was about 580 miles south of Pensacola, Fla.

The storm was reported moving west northwestward, 10 to 12 miles per hour. It was attended by winds of about 75 miles an hour over a small eara near the center and by squalls up to 60 miles an hour over an area 100 miles around the core.

The Maritime Commission has constructed 4441 cargo vessels and special craft of 35,694,153 deadweight tons from August 1, 1937, to June 1, 1944.

Riverdale Studying Plan For Juveniles

Measures to combat juvenile delinquency in Riverdale are under consideration by Mayor Harry A. L. Barker and the town council.

Mayor Barker said he and members of the council will confer with leaders two weeks from now, at which time plans will be formulated to control what has been regarded as a rising wave of juvenile delinquency.

Barker said he had received a call from one youth, spokesman for about 30 juveniles, who requested that the Mayor and council enter into a cooperative plan for solidifying the youth group, electing leaders, within it and placing responsibility upon the youngsters themselves.

"If youth will organize and accept leadership and responsibility, practically all of the present mischief and law infractions can be eliminated," Barker declared.

Frozen Food Promoted

While servicemen have their "foxhole dreams" of mothers cooking steak and chicken dinners, mother is answering the challenge to better health through nutrition by studying ways and means of keeping vitamins and nutritional value in her fruits and vegetables fresh from the victory garden. Reports indicate the frozen food locker presents the best means to the problem, Miss Ethel Regan home demonstration agent in Prince Georges, declared yesterday.

Prince Georges homemakers are signing up for locker space in new plants scheduled to open in Marlboro.

Miss Regan also said the quick-freeze method will eventually eliminate drudgery of canning. "Research has proved fewer vitamins are lost by quick-freezing than by canning — another argument for this new and scientific method," she added.

Suitland Plans Petition

The Suitland Manor Owners Association recently discussed petitioning for street maintenance and garbage and trash colections. The petition was held for final action at a meeting to be held October 2.

GOP to Meet Tonight

The Prince Georges Republican Club will meet today at 8 p. m., at the Masonic Temple in Capitol Heights, Md. A. E. Glean will speak.

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eventually get around to formal recognition.

This could mean bucking Moscow on Poland but accepting the Soviet position on the Baltic states. Yesterday's action was the assignment of John C. Wiley, the former minister to Latvia and Estonia, as Ambassador to Columbia.

Given Dual Post

The President yesterday named Charles Sawyer, former Democratic National Committeeman of Ohio, to be Ambassador to Belgium and Minister to Luxembourg.

Stanley K. Hornbeck of Colorado, now special assistant to the Secretary of State, was nominated to be Ambassador to The Netherlands.

In addition, Mr. Roosevelt named Richard C. Patterson of New York to be Ambassador to Yugoslavia's London government-in-exile.

Lithgow Osborne of New York, now connected with the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration, was nominated to be Ambassador to the Norwegian government-in-exile in London.

In the same list, Mr. Roosevelt proposed Walter Thurston of Arizona to fill the ambassadorial vacancy in Bolivia. Thurston has been Ambassador to El Salvador.

John F. Simmons of New York, now counselor of embassy at Rio de Janeiro, was nominated to succeed Thurston at El Salvador.

Presbytery to Open 150th Annual Parley

Winchester, Va., Sept. 20. (Spl.)—Program plans have been completed for the fall meeting of the Winchester Presbytery, on its 150th anniversary, which will be held in this city on September 26-27.

Included on the special program are addresses by Clifford D. Grim, Winchester, on the original church; Dr. R. B. Woodworth, Burlington, W. Va., on the history of the Presbytery; the Rev. J. Hoge Smith, of Charlotte Court House, will preach the Presbytery sermon; and the opening sermon will be by the Rev. C. Irving Lewis, of Charles Town.

R. B. Purdum, president of Davis and Elkins College, will speak on Wednesday.

Japs at Cebu Lose 195 Planes And 25 Vessels

By George E. Jones

Aboard Admiral Mitscher's Carrier Off Philippines, Sept. 13 (Via Navy Radio) (U.P.).—Black smoke from still burning oil tanks shruded the Island of Cebu today, hiding the litter of wrecked aircraft, gutted ships and port installations left by a raid by Navy dive bombers and torpedo planes which destroyed or damaged 25 Japanese vessels, destroyed 120 aircraft on the ground and shot another 75 out of the skies.

Our carrier based fighters and bombers peeled off over Cebu shortly before dawn, catching the aircraft parked on nearby Lahug and Mactan airfields and about 100 ships, ranging from Sampans to vessels of 10,00 tons or more, in the harbor.

Couldn't Believe Eyes

"When we came in out of the clouds I just couldn't believe my eyes," said Squadron Leader Comdr. Hugh Winters of Annapolis. "There were 90 planes on the ground."

The whine of the Hellcats and the scream of the dive bombers was the first hint the Japanese had that company was coming. Zeros started down the runways, but only a handful got more than a few hundred feet off the ground before they were shot down. Bombers started to take off, chhanged their minds and ran off the runways into clumps of threes.. Their pilots slithered out and dashed into the woods.

Winters himself shot down three of the harried Japs but the biggest bag was taken by Lieut. Al Seckel of Chicago who became the squadron's first ace by shooting down four planes to raise his total to five in the last four days of attacks on the Philippines.

First Sweep Gets 32

Our first fighter sweep returned to the ship after shooting down 14 planes and destroying an additional 18 on the ground.

Lieut. Robert Niemeyer, Kansas City, Mo., who took over command of the squadron when the leader was forced to return to the carrier, peeled off at 10,000 feet and aimed his bombs at two tankers tied up side by side at a pier.

The skies over Cebu belonged to us all day long, returning pilots reported. Enemy interception was disorganized from the start.

By late afternoon Cebu was screened by billowing black smoke rising to 6000 feet and visible 50 miles away.

David Sandoe Joins Post's 50-Year Club

David L. Sandoe, proofreader, today completes 50 years' employment with The Post and becomes the third member of the Fifty-Year Club of the composing room. But don't talk to Dave of retirement.

"I've seen things come and go for a long time, and expect to go on working like this for another 50 years," smiles Dave. "Life is too interesting."

Dave, now white topped, was born February 8, 1861, in Mifflintown, Pa. and attended the public schools there. He worked on West Coast newspapers prior to his arrival in Washington in 1890. Dave joined the composing room of The Post in 1894 and recently celebrated his sixtieth year as a member of the International Typographical Union

Other Fifty-Year Club members are Victor Hurley and Louis Ferber

Dave and his wife, Mrs. Laura W. Sandoe, 73, of 5025 Kansas ave. nw., have two sons, Nichol, a New York attorney, and David, jr., an auditor. He has five grandsons—First Lieut. Robert Sandoe, Air Corps pilot serving in the Pacific area; Nichol Sandoe, jr., attached to "Wild Bill" Donovan's Strategic Forces; David Sandoe 3d, John and Paul Sandoe, all of whom attend school here.

Scout Awards Set At Alexandria Tomorrow Night

Awards to Alexandria Boy Scouts who have done outstanding work during the summer will be presented tomorrow evening at a Scout court of honor at 8 o'clock in the George Washington High School auditorium, 1005 Mount Vernon ave., Alexandria.

Eleven troops with a membership of approximately 600 boys will be represented at the ceremonies planned by the advancement committee headed by George J. Sloan. The Rev. Edward E. Tate, headmaster of the new Episcopal School for Boys at 2405 Russell rd., and rector of Emmanuel Episcopal Church, will be master of ceremonies.

Jerome O'Grady of the Federal Bureau of Investigation will talk on "Personalities in Espionage," and a program of music will be presented by the Navy School of Music band from Washington.

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war veterans.

Rayburn said the only thing he could see that might keep Congress in session beyond this week "is that some members might want to sit here to see i fthe President will veto the reconversion and surplus property bills," adding that he believed Mr. Roosevelt will sign both.

Warrants Reports Out For 5 French Admirals

New York, Sept. 20 (AP).—The Office of War Information said today it was advised that the Paris regime had issued warrants for the arrest of five French admirals. One was named as Georges Robert, who as Governor of Martinique for many months defied Allied efforts to take over that island.

And More Building

Jane's Lists U. S. Carriers Afloat at 100

London, Sept. 20 (AP).—The United States has more than 100 aircraft carriers in commission and many more building, "a fact of ill omen to Japan," Jane's Fighting Ships says in its 1943-44 edition published today.

Noting that Japan's 45,000-ton battleships Musasi and Yamato are believed completed, Jane's says, "there is little else of note to record about the Japanese navy except that its list of losses is lengthening."

The publication says U. S. naval power will be augmented by the 45,000-ton Missouri and Wisconsin, "due for commissioning in 1944," and notes that "new cruisers have been completed recently in numbers considerably exceeding losses."

United States ships listed as in service at the start of 1944 totaled 4167, excluding landing craft and vessels without motive power, it continues, adding "this immense program has been carried through, moreover, without overlooking the necessity for modernizing other ships."

Japanese shipbuilding resources, according to Jane's, are manifestly unequal to the task of replacing losses that have been observed, while the German fleet is without a single capital ship and now "no longer appears to be making any serious attempt to replace losses."

The increased number of carriers at the disposal of Allied navies is leading to the removal of catapults and aircraft from battleships and cruisers and "this step seems a sound one, for not only do catapult aircraft occupy valuable deck space, but the danger from petrol fires is a very serious one."

The United States, the book observes, appears to have ceased construction of 1700-ton destroyers "to make way for a group of 2200-ton flotilla leaders more powerful than any preceding type of American destroyer."

The new Jane's lists more than 40 British escort carriers, a majority of them built in the United States.

Baltimore GOP Maps Busy Day For Gov. Bricker

Baltimore, Sept. 20 (AP).—Gov. John V. Bricker of Ohio, Republican candidate for Vice President who will speak tomorrow night in Baltimore, will visit shipyards and industrial plants, appear at a luncheon, hold a press conference and two receptions.

Plans for the busy program for Governor Bricker, who will be accompanied by Mrs. Bricker, were announced today by Republican officials in charge of arrangements.

The vice presidential nominee is scheduled to arrive at 9:45 a. m., when he will be met by a group of leading Maryland and Baltimore Republicans, to hold a press conference at 10:30 a. m., then to visit the shipyards and industrial plants.

A late appearance at a Baltimore traffic club luncheon has been programmed to precede a reception between 2 and 3 p. m., for the women campaign workers, and another from 3 to 4 p. m., for the Democrats for Dewey organization members.

The Ohioan and his party are expected to leave Baltimore for Maine at about 9:45 p. m.

Nazis to Fight Ouster From Finnish Soil

London, Sept. 20 (U.P.).—Germany, desperately challenging Russia and Finland alike to enforce their agreement to expel the Wehrmacht from Finnish soil, said tonight that German troops already were fighting the Red army in northern Finland and threatened to devastate the land of their former Allies to slow any Svioet advance.

The German statement of intentions was broadcast by Berlin in the form of an announcement by the command of the German Alpine army in the extreme north. It came as Moscow disclosed the full text of Finish peace terms which observers here, recalling the long Finnish-German siege of Leningrad, regarded as stern, but not harsh.

Observers believed that the German report of fighting on the extreme northern iFnland front—not confirmed by Helisnki or Moscow—meant that the Russians were driving toward Petsamo ceded to them by the armistic terms, and that the Germans were starting a slow fighting withdrawal toward Petsame from the Kala Peninsula to the east. Helsinki has reported Finnish soldiers fighting in the north, but has not sjecified their positions.

Adolf Hitler gave notice last week that Germany would not withdraw from northern Finland if military interests demanded that her troops remain. Developments have indicated that the Germans must hold the territory as an escape route for forces pushed back from southern Finland and as a buffer for her holdings in northern Norway.

While thus beset in the north, Helsinki disclosed that in the south of Finland evacuation instructions hed been issued to people inhabiting the Porkkala Peninsula near Helsinki. Lease of the peninsula to the Russians for 50 years at an annual rental of five million Finnish marks, was announced in the first summary of armistice conditions, revealed yesterday.

Other terms, as announced with the full text disclosed today, included:

Finland is granted 2½ months for placing its army on a peacetime footing.

In addition to handing over as prisoners all German troops remaining in the country, Finland agrees to intern all German and Hungarian nationals and to return all Soviet and Allied prisoners of war.

Finland agrees to pay 300 million indemnity.

Finland will restore all legal rights and interests of the United Nations.

Finland will collaborate with the Allies in the apprehension of war criminals an din trying them.

An Allied control commission will be established in Helsinki.

Finland must break diplomatic relations with the "satellite states of Germany," which she did today.

Control of Finnish merchant ships, except those already under Allied control, is to be established by the Allied high command, and to deliver materials and manufactured goods which the United Nations need for war purposes.

Women Voters Meet

Frederick, Md., Sept. 20 (AP).—Mrs. Durward V. Sandifer, Silver Spring, president of the Maryland League of Women Voters, spoke at the fall luncheon of the Frederick branch of the league today.



U. S. Housecleaning Planned by Dewey

116 Vehicles Blast

U.S. General, 10 Men Trap Nazi Column

By Hal Boyle

An American Command Post in Holland, Sept. 20 (AP).—Major Generals—even in America's fast-moving Armies—don't usually shoot it out personally with German armed columns.

But one aYnkee divisional commander did. He and one colonel, three lieutenants and six enlisted men armed only with one machine-gun and a number of rifles and tommy-guns help up a heavily armed Nazi column of 117 vehicles for 15 minutes while American tanks got into position for an ambush that knocked out 116 vehicles—one half-track escaped—and killed more than 300 of the 470 German troops in the column.

Sixty of the enemy were captured and it was estimated that only 80 or 90 managed to escape on foot.

"Not a single American soldier was lost—the only casualty was one Free French fighter," said Maj. Roy Craft of San Francisco. "It was a classic tank trap."

The German column was wiped out September 2 at Marchiennes, France, near the Belgian border as it raced up from the south trying to escape into the Reich.

The general and colonel were standing in the town an American armored column had just gone through talking when a Frenchman ran up excitedly crying, "Les Boches! Les Boches"

He said a German armed column was approaching the town heading toward the border.

The general quickly organized his little army of 10 Americans, deploying them to cover every route into town.

Lieut. Walter Bundy of Atlanta, Ga., radioed an order by the general to his own column to send two platoons of tanks racing back and take up ambush positions a little outside of town. Then the general and a colonel who is a former national champion Army rifle shot, took up posts by buildings in the center of town.

The Nazi column was met by a stream of harassing small arms fire from four directions. The startled Germans, swearing and mystified by fire which they believed came from a far larger force, began shooting as their vehicles jammed up.

"For 15 minutes that little American army tied up almost 500 excited Germans," said Major Craft. "The general and his 10 officers and men fired their rifles and carbines and Tommy guns—the general had a Tommy gun—until the last bullet had been fired.

"Then they escaped before the Nazis could round them up. The Germans reorganized their column and swept on through the town and ran right into the flaming guns of waiting American tanks.

"The Nazis were cut to pieces before they knew what happened to them," said Craft.

An official of the Fire Control, U. S. Forest Service, predicted recently that advanced types of helicopters developed during the war will revolutionize fire-fighting methods. Helicopters can land in small openings in the forest, on small lakes or mountain peaks where it would be impossible for an airplane to land, and men and equipment can be brought within striking distance of the fire.

Draft deferment for warworkers is nothing new, according to Selective Service which has discovered records of occupational deferments in the files of Gen. George Washington. On June 23, 1777, the Board of War recommended to the Continental Congress that 11 workmen in a "cannon and nail rod works" be discharged from the militia because they were more useful in "their employment as artificers."

Sweden is meeting the gas shortage by manufacturing methane gas in a sewage disposal plant at Stockholm for use as motor fuel for busses and other municipal vehicles. The cost is comparable to the prewar cost of gasoline and the power derived closely corresponds to that obtained from the same fuel.

'Most Complete In History,' Pledge To Oregon Crowd

Aboard Dewey Campaign Special, Eugene, Oreg., Sept. 20 (U.P.)—Gov. Thomas E. Dewey, in a platform speech to a depot crowd of 3000, said today the United States must "go forward with the most complete house-cleaning" in its history by changing administrations and installing a Republican Senate and House at the November election.

"We have a comparatively simple job if you will help me do it," the Republican presidential nominee said.

Introduced by Wayne L. Morse of Eugene, Republican candidate for the United States Senate, Dewey was flanked by bandaged and bruised aides, victims of yesterday's train wreck, during the brief address from the rear platform of the campaign train.

"No Limit to U. S. Future"

"I am wholly confident that if we can have an administration which believes in the development of America, there is no limit to the future of the country," Dewey said.

"We must have an able administration which knows the people and their needs and problems. After this job is accomplished, I know that we can wipe out the dismal years of the New Deal, that we can forget the regimntation under the New Deal and go forward a united and prosperous Nation."

In good spirits despite the harrowing experience of a train wreck and a near automobile accident yesterday, the Governor praised the train crew for their care of the passengers. "We've had a grand and beautiful trip today," he said, "and I can report happily that there was no train wreck."

Writing California Speeches

Dewey worked over two major speeches he will make in California, at San Francisco and Los Angeles, as his campaign train traveled through the Pacific Northwest.

The Republican presidential nominee relaxed as his patched-up special train wound through the forests of southern Oregon and northern California, his first letdown since he attacked the labor policies of President Roosevelt in a Seattle speech and ridiculed the "indispensable man" claims of fourth-termers in his Portland address last night.

Dewey's next major talk is Thursday night in San Francisco, where he said he will discuss the need for a "whole new approach to the relationship between the Government of the United States and its people." He promised to present the philosophy by which "I believe we can achieve our two great goals for America, freedom and scurity for all."

Shakes Hands With Thousands

Following the Portland speech, the Governor and Mrs. Dewey shook hands with several thousand well-wishers at a reception, the only social event remaining on the disrupted schedule resulting from the train wreck.

Refreshed after a night's sleep, the nominee was up early today to meet Orgon labor representatives and do more work on his San Francisco and Los Angeles talks.

He was solicitious for the welfare of the several dozen of his party shaken up in the wreck and complimented train officials for the "miracle" job of virtually rebuilding the 13-car special overnight

Mrs. Dewey Robbed Of Costume Pearls

Portland, Oreg., Sept. 20 (AP).—Mrs. Thomas E. Dewey, fresh from a train wreck and a near automobile crash, reported stil another mishap here today.

As she climbed from the car that brought her from the train wreck scene, her costume pearls fell off. A man, whom she took for a member of the Dewey entourage, retrieved them, swung themin the air with a friendly look what I've got," and started t carry them into the hotel for her.

But when the Republican nominee's wife reached the hotel, the man was gone—and so were the pearls.

A Family Affair



Fourth Service Command photo.

DECORATED—Col. John P. Eckert (left) pins the Bronze star on the chest of his brother, Col. Norman J. Eckert at Fort Bragg, N. C.

6 District Men Decorated for Combat Action

Two Washington colonels, brothers and commanding officers of field artillery groups at Fort Bragg, N. C., took the leading roles in recent Army award ceremonies when Col. John P. Eckert, commander of the 153rd Group, presented the Bronze Star to his brother, Col. Norman J. Eckert, commander of the 472nd Group, for his services against the Japs last year.



SEVERN

Both men, sons of John A. Eckert of 3042 Newark st. nw., have served 2½ years overseas, but this is the first time they have served simultaneously at the same post.

Bronze Star awards were made to three other Washington men, including a major and a corporal in the famous 85th "Custer" Division serving on the Fifth Army front in Italy, the War Department announced yesterday. Another local man serving on the same front was commended and a young flier, already holder of the Bronze Star, was presented with the presidential unit citation ribbon.

The three receiving Bronze Stars were:

Maj. Charles P. Clark, jr., whose wife lives at 2010 Wisconsin ave. nw., for distinguished service during the 88th Division's drive toward Rome.

CAPT. EARL C. MOSES, whose wief lives at 18815 24th st. nw., for heroic achievement while serving with the 34th "Red Bull" Division during the Tunisian campaign. Now on the Fifth Army front in Italy, Moses led his company in an attack across ground under extremely heavy enemy artillery and machinegun fire. Although wounded, he refused medical treatment to personally direct the advanceto capture high ground ahead.

Corpl. Person B. Smith, son of Mrs. Minnie I. Smith of 5119 Byers st. se., who voluntarily went out alone at night to locate and stand guard over an enemy minefield, thus permitting carrying parties to go through unscathed. On the following night, when in charge of a group of Italian soldiers carrying badly needed supplies to the front, he set an example of fearlessness and courage which enabled the carrying party to accomplish its mission.

Second Lieut. Lewis M. Clemmer of 4323 Fessenden st. nw., was commended for service in Italy where, leading a mule pack train of supplies and rations for a battalion in the Eighty-eighth Division, he killed one German and wounded several others, members of an attacking force encountered on the mountainous trail.

Lieut. John F. Severn received the Presidential Unit Citation Ribbon when his squadron, known as Holt's Hun Hunters, was decorated for outstanding work in the big push for St. Lo. Overseas since April, Severn previously was awarded the Bronze Star. His wife and 9-month-old son live at 1416 Young st. se.

California tuna canners had a record pack of 509,002 cases in the first third of 1944, 65 per cent better than last year's 293,598 cases, but smaller than the 1940 pack of 746,806 cases, due to a reduction in the size of the fleet when fishing boats were requisitioned for war service.

Brazil, an important source of semi-precious stones and industrial diamonds, has established a school to train its own diamond cutters and polishers for the industry, which now employs 3000 people in that country alone.

Forrestal Asks Quick Universal Training Action

Chicago, Sept. 20.—It is imperative that the country get on its statute books as speedily as possible a universal and compulsory military training law for youth, Secretary of Navy James Forrestal told theAmerican Legion's convention today, listing it as the most important issue of policy on the Navy's program.

"All that I undertake to emphasize with you is the necessity to deal with this question speedily and on a nonpartisan basis," the Secretary declared.

Nation Swift to Forget

"You and I both know our country is swift to forget; that, all of our predilections being toward peace, we do not long continue in an atmosphere of war. Therefore, of primary importance is the enactment by Congress at an early date of legislation providing compulsory and universal military service for our young men."

Forrestal pointed out there may be a quick return to the argument that disarmament alone will prevent another world war. The reply to this, he said, must be a loud "No," without, however, adoption of a pessimistic attitude toward the ultimate possibility of enduring peace.

"The sea and air power of the United States Navy in the world to come will be an instrument for the maintenance of world peace rather than a stimulus to war," he told the Legionnaires.

Tells of Experiments

Forrestall also announced inauguration by the Navy of an experimental course in its V-12 program, an attempt "at the interpretation of history, geography and economics and at understanding the foundations of our national security." It is being tried out at Princeton, Yale, Johns Hopkins, Columbia, Northwestern and the Univesrities of North Carolina, California and Pennsylvania.

"We hope," he said, "that this experiment will be fruitful in two directions: first, to create a continuing interest among civilians in the interrelation between our intrenal sources of powe rand our external relationships and, second, to broaden the knowledge and interest of our own officers in social and economic problems of the Republic."

Flynn Files As Councilman At Alexandria

Frederick L. Flynn of 202 Birch st., Alexandria, chairman of the Third War Loan campaign last year, is the only candidate to file for the city-wide special election for councilman at large which will be held November 7 in conjunction with the general election, it was announced yesterday by Elliott F. Hiffman, clerk of Alexandria Corporation Court.

Flynn said he is not connected with any political machine and favors immediate action on projects for civic imprivement which he believes are being permitted to lag.

He said he favored the following:

Schools—Equal representation of mothers on the school board; improvement of education standards through close cooperation of the council with the school board; construction of a new school to take of both Washington and Lee School and improvements for all school buildings as son as priorities permit; a minimum salary of $1800 for teachers, ranging to $2400 for those with degrees and 12 years of eachting experience.

Courts and Jails: complete separation of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court from the Civil and Police Court; correction of Jail conditions, particularly the cell block at police headquarters; establishment of a community jail to be operated by the city and adjoining counties.

Health: appropriation of funds for an adequate health department staff; establishment of a community tuberculosis sanatorium to be operated by the city and adjoining counties; a program to rid the city of rats, construction of a sewage disposal plant for the city; immediate action to complete the Rosemont and other neighborhood storm sewers.

Recreation: a planned program for both children and adults; immediate action on the approved plan of playgrounds to put equipment on the grounds, not merely on blue prints.

In repulsing a German counterattack at San Pietro, Sergt. Dudley Henry of Waco, Tex., fired between 800 and 1000 rounds from his 60-mm. mortar in one evening.

Legion Elects Scheiberling Commander

Chicago, Sept. 20 (AP).—Edward N. Scheiberling, Albany, N. Y., attorney who served as an infantry captain in World War I, was elected national commander f othe American Legion today to succeed Warren H. Atherton of Stockton, Calif.

Mrs. Charles B. Glibert, Norwich, Conn., was elected president of the auxiliary. Other auxiliary officers were reelected without opposition.

Selection of Scheiberling at the organization's annual convention was by acclamation after the long list of seconding speeches showed the New Yorker was the odds-on preference of delegates.

Two Competitors

Only two competitors were placed in nomination against Scheiberling—John Stelle of McLeansboro, Ill., and J. Fred Johnsno of Florence, Ala.

The legion advocated participation by the United States in an association of free and sovereign nations backed by "whatever force may be necessary" to prevent future wars.

The pronouncement of the convention also called for pressing the war to unconditional surrender of our enemies, and stated Germany and Japan must be occupied and disarmed permanently.

The legionnaires reaffirmed "faith in the foreign policy of our Government," and added that the people should be kept advised of developments in the fild of foreign affairs.

In accepting the resolution put forth by the legion's foreign relations committee, the convention asked for places at the peace table for veterans of the two world wars, and suggested elimination of cartels without injuring United States foreign business.

Oppose "Soft Peace"

The convention took a stand against a "soft peace," advised against retiring into "the false shell of isolationism," and asserted it looked forward to the day "when the governments and peoples of all nations of the Americas will speak and act with unity in the cause of justice, freedom and democracy."

The members rejected suggestions for revision of the organization's laws to permit enrollment now of men on active duty in the armed forces, and to life the ban on the holding of a legion office by anyone who hold a public office or is running for one.

Enlargement and improvement of the American Legion national headquarters in Indianapolis and the branch headquarters in Washington, D. C., was authorized.

Fairfax Group Seeks Dinners For Soldiers

Arlington, Fairfax Bureau, The Post, 1630 No. Buchanan St. Tel. CH. 3239.

The Fairfax County Camp and Hospital Committee of the American Red Cross has announced the appointment of Mrs. Lisle A. Smith as hospitality chairman.

Mrs. Smith's first undertaking is to obtain invitations to meals in private homes for soldiers now in the Fort Belvoir Hospital. These boys are not interested in parties, Mrs. Smith says, as much as they are in being invited to homes, especially on Sunday.

No transportation can be pro? vided, but the men are able to get to Alexandria or Washington by bus, and may be picked up in either place or directed to a convenient place in Fairfax County accessible by bus.

Anyone willing to have two or more of these men for a meal is asked to call Mrs. Lisle Smith at FAlls Church 1143?J.

Churchwomen to Meet

The Woman's Association of the Falls Church Presbyterian Church will meet otday at 10:30 a. m. at the home of Mrs. H. A. Hollins, Leesburg Pike. Transportation will be furnished from the traffic light in Falls Church at 10:15 a. m.

Benefit Supper

The Woman's Society of Christian Service of the Herndon Methodist Church will sponsor a benefit baked chicken and ham supper in the Floris School Auditorium tomorrow at 5 p. m. The committee includes Mrs. Ralph Presgroves, Mrs. Stafford Keyes and Mrs. Clarence Cockerille.

Of the $12,869,000,000 paid in individual income taxes for the first nine months of the present fiscal year, some $5,436,000,000, or more than 40 per cent, came from payroll withholding.

2 Area Yanks Die in Action, Another of Heart Attack

Two Washington area men were killed, nine were wounded and one ided of natural causes while serving in France, the War Department reported yesterday.

Dead:

Lieut. William George Hartman, 29, whose wife lives at 1913 Naylor rd. se.

Technician Fifth Grade Richard A. Oden, 46, son of Mrs. Dora E. Oden, South Clifton Apts.

Pfc. Henry F. Dodd, 26, so nof and Mrs. Charles F. Dodd, 906 11th st se.

Wounded:

First Lieut. Elbert P. Epperson, 24, whose sister, Mrs. Roy E. James, lives at 1210 S. Barton st., Arlington.

Second Lieut. Donald R. Frederick, 23, son of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin L. Frederick, 613 Otis pl. nw.

Technical Sergt. G C. Gainey, 26, newphew of Blease C. Cassidy, 1906 Naylor rd. se.

Corpl. Norman A. McKay, 23, son of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin McKay, 729 Sligo ave., Silver Spring, Md.

Pfc. Ernest E. Perone, 28, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Perone, 3705 18th st. ne.

Pvt. Herbert E. Becke, jr., 19, whose parents live at 2915 34th st. nw.

Pvt. Robert J. Jamieson, 32, husband of Mrs. Marvel Jamieson of 4016 47th st. nw.

Pvt. Herman M. Meeks, 22, son of Mrs. Mittie Meeks, 910 Rhode Island ave. ne.

Pvt. Edwin O. Walter, 20, son of Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Walter, 1334 D st. ne.

Lieutenant Hartman was killed August 8 while serving with the British Oxford and Buck light infantry unit, the Canadian Army has notified his wife. A native of Montreal, he was graduated from Central High School and worked as a lineman for the Capital Transit Co. befre enolisting in the Canadian Army in July, 1942. He went overseas in April and was transferred to the British Army.

Stricken in Service

Sergeant Oden died of a heart attack August 23 while serving with the 62d Engineer Topographical Division. A free-lance commercial artist when he entered the Army in October, 1942, he had been overseas for 18 months and had served in the African and Italian theaters. He had been in France since July.

A brother of James Walter Oden, well-known commercial artist who died last spring, he is survived by his wife and two children, Richard S. and Joan Marie Oden, who live at 407 Seward square se., his mother, and two sisters, Julia H. Oden of Washington and Mrs. Amy Reilly, of Houston, Tex.

Priavte Dodd, who had been reported wounded by the War Department, was killed August 7, five days after he had returned to duty, his family was notified. An Infantryman, he had been overseas since early 1942. A student at Central High, he was working at a hotel in North Beach, Md., when he was dramted in 1941. In addition to his parents he is survived by five sisters and two brothers, Pvt. Charles N. Dodd, serving in France with an anti-aircraft unti, and Milton E. Dodd, serving aboard a Navy ship in the South Pacific.

In English Hospital

Lieutenant Epperson, wounded by shrapnel on August 8, suffered injury to his eyes, right shoulder and hip and teeth. Convalescing in an English hospital, he has regained the sight of his right eye and expects to return to duty as soon as the left is repaired. He attended George Washington University in 1938 and 1939 and was graduated from West Point in January, 1943. His wife, the former Jeanne Merryday Clark, who attended the National Cathedral School for Girls here, is living with her parents in Locust Valley, Long Island. His parents live in Salt Lake City, Utah, where he was born.

Lieutenant Frederick, now in a hospital in England after being wounded in action, wrote his parents that a doctor from the District is stationed there and visits him daily. Lieutenant! Frederick was employed by the District Tariff Bureau before he entered the Army in September, 1942. He went overseas with an armored division last July.

Back On Duty

Sergeant Gainey, native of Hartsville, S. C., has returned to duty after being wounded June 19. He entered the regular Army more than six years ago and was stationed at Camp McCoy, Wis., before going overseas last year. His uncle, who came here four years ago from Hartsville, is a machinist at the Navy Yard.



MEEKS



WALTER



JAMESON



DODD

Corporal McKay has returned to duty after being wounded July 6 while serving with the tank destroyers. Inducted in October, 1942, he has been overseas since April. He was graduated from Montgomery-Blair High School in Silver Spring and was employed at the Marchant Calculating Co. as a machinist's apprentice.

Private Becke, who was injurked in the right hand and right leg when he was caught by an exploding mortar shell July 8, is reported en route to this country from a hospital in England. He is a native of Washington, attended the John Eaton School, and was in his senior year at St. John's College when he was drafted September 17, 1943.

Recovering in England

Private Perone, also wounded by a mortar shell June 17, is recovering in a hospital in England. A graduate of McKinley High School, he was inducted in 1942 when he was employed by a Silver Spring printing firm. Two brothers also in service are Vernon, a pharmacist's mate with the Navy in the Pacific, and Herbert, seaman, second class, stationed in Jacksonville, Fla.

Private Jamieson, who came to Washington seven years ago to work in the Department of Commerce, was wounded twice on June 17 and again on August 9. He is recuperating in an English hospital.

Private Meeks, a former National Guardsman, is hospitalized in England for wounds received June 22 on Cherbourg. He was graduated from McKinley High School and entered the regular Army in January, 1940. His brother, Millard, enlisted in the Navy last year and is stationed in Florida. The family came to Washington 17 years ago from Norfolk, Va.

Private Walter, wounded July 6, returned to duty August 1 but was returned to a hospital in England for an operation on his leg. He worked in the postoffice here before going into service February 22.

Arlington Pilot Strafes, Bombs City of His Birth

U. S. Ninth Air Force Headquarters, France, Sept. 16 (Delayed) (AP). Lieut. William E. Chickering, jr., of 729 Arlington Village, Arlington, dropped a 500-pound bomb today on the city of his birth, Coblentz, Germany.

The bomb destroyed three locomotives in the Coblentz railroad yards. The guns of his P-34 Lightning accounted for two other locomotives. Chickering made the attack with a Lightning group commanded by Col. Clinton C. Wasem of Dayton, Ohio.

His father is Brig. Gen. William E. Chickering, chief of the Army Postal Service at Washington, D. C. While serving with the Army of Occupation in Germany in 1915-21, the elder Chickering met the daughter of Brig. Gen. John J. Bradley, now retired. They married and lived in Coblentz until 1923, when they left for the United States with their 6-month-old son.

WFA Shifts Several Items To Peace Basis

By Christine Sadler

The War Food Administration yesterday lifted restrictions on the use of concord grapes for the making of wine and took several other actions shifting food programs to a peacetime basis. Those included:

1. A much reduced goal for the production of dry peas in 1945, the acreage being set at 450,000 in comparison to an indicated planting of 746,000 acres this year. The smaller acreage still will be above the prewar average, since peas can be used extensively in relief feeding.

2. WFA control over the distribution of pressure canners were removed.

3. Raisins and canned peas from WFA holdings were released into regular food channels. Approximately three million pounds of raisins were offered for sale and about three million cans of peas.

4. Approximately 60 million pounds of dry beans also were offered, not from surplus stocks—like raisins and peas—but to "meet civilian requirements until adequate supplies are made available from the new crop."

Laughlin Rests Case as Flynn Ends Grilling

Baltimore, Sept. 20. (AP).—Washington Attorney James J. Laughlin, on trial in Federal Court on a charge of attempting to obstruct justice, rested his case today shortly after a four-hour cross examination by U. S. District Attorney Bernard J. Flynn.

The cross examinaton direicted by Flynn attacked Laughlin's repeated statements that he knew nothing of the "fixed alibi" in the case of Hilliard Sanders.

The attorney was accused of submitting false alibi evidence purporting to show that Sanders, convicted of participation in a Hyattsville, Md., bang robbery, was visiting at the Florida State prison at Raiford at the time of the $52,000 bang messenger holdup three years ago.

Flynn asked Laughlin why he had never gone to the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the District Attorney's office concerning what Laughlin had testified were recurrent reports that he was to be indicted in Baltimore.

Laughlin responded that he though it would "be futile" and added that there appeared to be "considerable hostility" between Flynn's office and himself.

Flynn queried him as to the source of his belief that hostility existed and to that the defendant replied, "The hostility came mainly from Mr. Harrington." T. Barton Harrington is a former assistant U. S. district attorney in the Baltimore office.

Clarence L. Ayton

Funeral services for Clarence Lee Ayton, 69, retired U. S. postal employe, who died Monday at his home in Gaithersburg, Md., were held yesterday at the home. The Rev. A. W. Ewell, pastor of Epworth Methodist Church, Gaithersburg, and the Rev. James P. Kexx, pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Boyds, officiated and burial was in Forest Oak Cemetery, Gaithersburg. Pentalpha Lodge of Masons of Gaithersburg, of which Mr. Ayton was long a member, participated in the rites at the grave.

Mr. Ayton, who was alifelong resident of Montgomery County, is survived by his widow, Mrs. Eva Ayton, a daughter, a son, two sisters, two brothers and a grandson.

A new flexible rope that will float on water from one to 10 days has been developed in Great Britain by combining cotton, flax, manila and hemp. The rope can be used as a lifeline and luminescent materials can be added without destroying the floatage of the rope.

The American Battle Monuments Commission of the Federal Government has only one employe; the Commission for the Protection of Monuments in Europe, two.

'Little Steel' Agitation Used As Postal Pay Rise Argument

A prediction the Little Steel wage formula will be liberalized before the November elections was advanced as an argument yesterday for a $400 annual raise in the basic pay of 350 thousand postal employes.

William C. Doherty, president of the National Association of Letter Carriers, told the Senate Postoffice Committee that "public officials, labor leaders and business people now generally concede that the War Labor Board's 15 per cent yardstick will be broken during October."

Doherty said an upward revision of the wage formula would not hel pthe Postoffice Department workers unless Congress acted to give the Government employes the same benefits that would accrue to private employes.

Sees Period of Waiting

Senator Mead (D., N. Y.), author of the salary increase bill, said in a statement he thought Congress would want to wait "until a little later" to see if the wage formula is going to be changed and added that "a revision might prove to be of benefit to the supporters of the bill."

"We also will want to know, before acting on this, the result of Henry Ford's leadership in the matter of wage adjustments," said Mead, referring to Ford's recent statement that he inended to raise the pay of Ford Motor Co. personnel as soon as the Government permits.

Langer Favors $1000 Rise

Senators Wagner (D., N. Y.); Tunnell (D., Del.) and Langer (R., N. Dak.), declared support of the postal's pay raise. Langer said he thought the raise should be 1000 a year instead of $400 because postal workers have had no basic salary increase sniec 1925.

William C. Hushing chairman of the legislative committee of the American Federation of Labor, and C. M. Harvey, president of the Railway Mail Association, were among other witnesses favoring the bill.

The proposed $400 boost would take the place of the temporary $300 a year wartime bonus which Congress voted for all postal workers in April of 1943. Committee action is not expected until after the Congressional election recess.

Republicans Rally at Dinner



Photo by Henry Marschalk

Two hundred Montgomery County, Md., Republican Committeemen and party workers attended a dinner at the Indian Spring Club in Silver Spring, Tuesday night and listened to organization speakers exhort them to their best efforts in support of their national and local ticket. Those pictured are, from left: Earl W. Shinn, chairman of the Dewey-Bricker-Randall-Beall Club; Blanchard Randall, jr., Republican candidate for the United States Senate; Frances W. Hill, jr., chairman of the Republican State Central Committee for Montgomery County; Representative J. Glenn Beall, Congressman from the Sixth Congressional District; Jacob France, National Republican Committeeman for Maryland

Lewis Asks UMW for Support In New Wage Contract Battle

Cincinnati, Sept. 20 (AP).—The United Mine Workers convention ended today with the framing of new contract demands and an appeal by President John L. Lewis for the same measure of support next year the miners gave him in the four-strike wage fight of 1943 and 1944.

When the wage agreements expire next spring, said the miners' chief, "I will rely upon you just as I relied upon you in 1943 and 1944."

"We are going to carry on," Lewis continued, "and now! and if there are any in this country who don't like that and want to shed tears over it, let them begin to shed them now."

[Interior Secretary Harold L. Ickes yesterday charged the United Mine Workers with evading their wage contract which was based on one he negotiated with UMW President John L. Lewis during Government operation of the mines, and called upon them for increased coal production.

["Regardless of what the miners are producing, and for my part, I have taken pains to praise them for their output, the cold fact is that the mines have not been producing what they are capable of doing, even with the reduced number of men," Ickes said in a telegram to Lewis at Cincinnati.

[The UMW convention promptly retorted that Ickes' message was "an insult to every mine worker in the Nation."—Editor's note.]

Lewis criticized the Nation's press and radio, disclaimed all political ambitions, and warned delegates they would read and hear statements that this was not a Democratic convention.

Rapping some unnamed labor leaders, Lewis said that "when the labor movement of thsi country exists only for its officers to receive political crumbs from the tables of the politically powerful of this country, then the men and the women who maintained these unions have a right to turn those supine rascals out. . . .

"I have had Presidents of the United States call me to the White House and tell me what a nice man I would be if I would only do what they wanted me to do. And nine times out of ten they wanted me to do something that would disarm you or prevent you from accomplishing something for yourselves."

The scale committee report adopted by the convention left the principal demand—the basic rate increase—to the policy committee to determine later. The other demands include: A seven-hour day, including underground travel time at full working rate, inclusion of most supervisory and technical employes under the contract at minimum salary rates, and certain working equipment without cost.

Dikes Set Up To Meet Flood At Richmond

By the Associated Press

The crest of the James River flood reached Richmond last night after city workmen and 300 Negro troops from Camp Lee labored for hours reinforcing dikes.

The river rose to the peak level at the Capital City some 20 hours after an all-time high crest of 37.3 feet was reached yesterday morning at Columbia, 60 miles up the river.

City Well Prepared

The arrival of the crest found Richmond well prepared along the waterfront. Employes of warehouses and plants, after working practically all Tuesday night, had moved equipment and goods to higher ground. Oil companies on the south side of the James also completed yesterday morning the moving of their motor oil stocks, shop equipment and motors.

Col. P. E. Duggins, commanding officer of the Naval Training School in South Richmond, said 21 hospital patients were transferred to McGuire General Hospital.

Personnel of the Navy's Diesel school were taken to the Army air base.

Menace Dwindles

The threat from the floods, born of torrential rains early this week in western sections of the state, appeare dlast night to have dwindled elsewhere in Virginia to damage the roads in the vicinity of Clarksville in the southern part of the state.

High water from the Roanoke River in that section threatened route 1, the State's main north and south arterial highway, and routes 501 and 15.

Danville escaped damage from the flood in the Dan River which was receding after reaching a 12-foot crest.

Scottsville, however, suffered considerable damage from five to eight feet of water which poured from the James into streets of the town Monday night. B. R. Dorrier, operator of a general merchandise store, said the flood took the town by surprise. The residents were awakened by the sounding of the fire alarm signal about midnight.

Merchandise Moved

Volunteers aided storekeepers in removing merchandise to higher levels as the water steadily rose to cover an estimated three-fourths of the area of the town. Dorrier said the water in his store was four inches higher than it was during the 1940 flood.

State Highway officials said it would require five or six months to repair fully the damage estimated at between $500,000 and $750,000 suffered by the highway system. Highway forces from the Salem District were sent to Pittsylvania County in the Lynchburg road district yesterday to help in the repair work. Pittsylvania County, with an estimated 150 secondary bridges destroyed, was described as the hardest hit of the counties so far as road damage was concerned.

Nelson Farmer, 78, Feared Drowned

Charlottesville, Va., Sept. 19 (Spl.).—Oswin O. Wood, 78, retired Nelson County farmer, is believed to have been drowned in the flood which swept through Nelson Monday night. He left his home early Monday night to go to the home of one of his children, and no trace of him has been found yet.

State to Mark Graves of 600 Famed Virginians

Richmond, Va., Sept. 20 (AP).—The State Conservation Commission has compiled a tentative list of 600 graves of distinguished Virginians that are not properly marked as the preliminary steps in a project to preserve old cemeteries especially those containing graves of Colonial or Revolutionary dates, Dr. H. J. Eckenrode, division of history, said today.

The 1944 General Assembly appropriated $2000 for the project.

In the many cases where famous men born in Virginia have been buried in other States, the commission notes the burial places in its list but cannot place markers, Dr. Eckenrode added. However, in the case of Mahlon Loomis, who lived in Virginia for a number of years and who is credited with inventing wireless telegraphy and first operating his invention in Loudoun County in 1868, permission must be asked of the State of West Virginia, where the inventor is buried, he said.

Livestock Judged At Hagerstown Fair

Hagerstown, Md., Sept. 20. (AP).—Many Hagerstown retail establishments closed for a half day today to permit their employes to attend the 89th annual Hagerstown Fair.

Judging of cattle, poultry and Belgian horses was programmed for the fair's third day. The fair, which opened Monday, will continue through Saaturday.

Montgomery Leads State In Canning

Baltimore, Sept. 20 (AP).—A total of 140,220 cans of food were processed in 11 counties of Maryland during the summer months, an incomplete report on the State Department of Edueation's canning program showed today.

James R. Ward, of the vocational war production training division, said that eight other counties participating in the program have not yet reported, since many canneries will continue operations until late crops have matured.

One hundred and forty-one canneries in 19 counties were in operation this year, compared with 87 in 15 counties in 1943. Only four of Maryland's 23 counties—Cecil, Queen Anne's, St. Mary's and Carroll—did not take part in the 1944 canning project.

Montgomery County had the record for the largest number of cans this year, 70,489, while Charles County came second with 30,035 and other counties ranged from 486 in Calvert to 9045 in Prince Georges.

Charlottesville Rites Held for Mrs. Quarles

Charlottesville, Va., Sept. 20 (Spl.).—The funeral of Mrs. Ada Payne Quarles, widow of Frederick H. Quarles, sr., was held yesterday afternoon in the First Methodist Church, conducted by the pastor, Dr. C. Fred Williams.

Mrs. Quarles was a native of Spotsylvania County, daughter of the late Rev. John T. Payne, for 30 years a member of the Virginia Methodist Conference, and Ellen Cushen Payne.

Syrviving are three sons, Frederick H. Quarles, jr., and Payne Quarles, both of this city, and Technical Sergt. Willard W. Quarles, United States Army, now stationed somewhere in the European theater; two brothers, Dr. Thomas Ewell Payne of Roanoke, and Dr. J. W. Payne of Norfolk; and four sisters, Mrs. Ellen Connelly and Mrs. W. F. Clarke, both of Washington, S. C.; and Mrs. Charles H. Quarles and Mrs. Lillie Payne Woodson of this city.

James H. Camp

Winchester, Va., Sept. 30.—Funeral services were held yesterday afternoon at the home for James H. Lamp, 76, one of the city's best known citizens, who died Sunday. A native of this county and member of Grace Lutheran Church, he had been employed at the Winchester Cold Storage Co. for the last 20 years. His wife, two daughters and four sisters survive.

John D. Powell

Martinsburg, W. Va., Sept. 20.—Services will be held here tomorrow for John David Powell, 72, a merchant here for 34 years until a few months ago when ill health forced him to retire. He was a Mason. Surviving are two daughters, two brothers and two sisters.

Mrs. Dorothy Garrison

Charlottesville, Va., Sept. 20.—The funeral of Mrs. Dorothy Garrison, 26, wife of Harvey T. Garrison, was held yesterday afternoon at Prize Hill Church at Boonesville. Besides her husband, she is survived by two small children, two brothers and four sisters.

Mrs. Eliza J. Tilson

Charlottesville, Va., Sept. 20.—Mrs. Eliza Jane Tilson, 75, of Marshall, N. C., widow of J. C. Tilson and sister-in-law of former Representative John Q. Tilson of New Haven, Conn., died this afternoon at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Gus K. Tebell, at the University of Virginia. Besides Mrs. Tebell, she leaves four sons. Funeral and interment will take place Saturday in Marshall.

New Captive Camp Speeded at Frederick

Fort George G. Meade, Md., Sept. 20 (AP).—The new prisoner of war camp at Frederick will be ready about October 1 and will be commanded by Capt. Eugene Messer, assigned from Fort Meade, Army officials said today.

The camp, which will house about 350 prisoners, will be located at the site of a former CCC camp near Frederick.

The captives will be used for harvesting and limestone quarrying under contract, and during the winter will cut pulpwood.

The men wil be housed in winterized tents, with few permanent buildings. Thirty prisoners of war now are preparing the camp for occupancy.

Hoo dCollege Opens With 178 Freshmen

Frederick, Mr., Sept. 20. (AP).—One hundred and seventy-eigth freshmen arrived yesterday on the Hood College campus as activities for the coming semester got under way.

A total of 450 resident students are enrolled at Hood and 13 new faculty members have been announced.

Five Maryland Men Reported Lost in Action

The War Department yesterday announced the names of four Marylanders who died in action.

They were: Pfc. Joseph N. Byrnes, son of Mr. and Mrs. Everette M. Ritchie and PFC. John J. Zeller, jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. John G. Zeller, sr., both of Baltimore; Pfc. Ray R. Carbaugh, son of Mrs. Jennie E. Carbaugh of Security and Corpl. Wilford C. Valentine, son of Mrs. Ina L. Valentine of Cumberland.

The Navy Department announced that Motor Machinist's Mate, third class, Thomas Patrick Stamm, son of Mr. and Mrs. Martin John Stamm of Raspeburg, who was previously reported missing, was listed as dead.

Corp. James Cain

Winchester, Va.—Corpl. James Cain, 31, was killed in action in France on August 30, according to word received here by his parents. He is survived by his father, four brothers and a sister.

Sergt. William C. Allen

Winchester, Va.—Mr. and Mrs. William Allen have been advised that their son, Staff Sergt. William C. Allen, 28, has been missing in action in France since August 27.

Pvt. Edward J. Casarotti

Front Royal, Va.—Mrs. Vivian Hockman Casarotti was notified that her husband, Pvt. Edward J. Casarotti, was killed in action in France, on September 6. Besides his wife, he is survived by his mother, Mrs. Margaret Casarotti of Front Royal, a nd a brother, Ernest Casarotti of Strasburg, Va.

Pvt. Eugene Hall

Limetonw, Va. — Mr. and Mrs. Eaton Hall of Limetown received information that their son, Pvt. Eugene Hall, had died in New Guinea on September 8. Two brothers, Sergt. Robert Hall, just returned from 30 months of service in Puerto Rico, and Corpl. Cecil Hall of Camp Claiborne, Iowa, are on furlough here.

Pfc Thomas H. Dovel

Luray, Va., Sept. 20 (AP).—Pfc. Thomas Hudson Dovel, 21, of the Marine Corps, was killed in action in the Pacific, his parents were notified yesterday. Dovel, the youngest of seven children, is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Dovel, one sister, Mrs. Edna West, and five brothers, including I. R. Dovel, who is State Republican chairman.

Lieut. A. DiZerega 5th

Leesburg, Va.—Mr. and Mrs. Augustus DiZerega have received a message from the War Department stating that their son, Lieut. Augustus iZerega 5th is reported 'D'missing in action on August 28 over France." Lieutenant Ierega, 21, entered the serviee two years ago and hecived his wings at Napir Field, Ala. He is a graduate of Leesburg High School and attended the University of Virginia. His father is manager of the Foxcroft School Farm. Middleburg, and his mother is a teacher in the public schools of Loudoun County.

Warwick Adopts County Manager Government

Newport News, Va., Sept. 20 (AP). In voting to adopt the county manager for mof government yesterday, Warwick County became the fourth Virginia county to abolish its old form for the manager plan.

Arlington County was the first county in the United Sates to adopt the system, in January, 1932.

Albemarle has a county executive, and Henrico a county manager.

Four counties in Virginia rejected the system, including Northampton, Princess Anne, Roanoke and Hanover, the later by a close vote.

The victory in Warwick County for the manager form means that the old form will be abolished on December 31, taking with it the present members of the board of supervisors, unless they decide to run for reelection to the new board to take office January 1. Aspirants to the board must file notice of their candidacy in order to run in the general election on November 7.

Gas Cut to Hit Pleasure Boats

Baltimore, Sept. 20 (AP).—A large number of the 6917 pleasure boats used for nonoccupational purposes in Maryland will be affected by the reduced gasoline allotments effective October 1, J. William Eggleston, acting deputy State director of the Office of Price Administration said today.

Under the new ruling, inboard boats will receive two gallons of gasoline for each rated horsepower and a maximum of 24 gallons in any three-month period. Outboard boats will be given two and one-half gallons per rated horsepower and a maximum of 10 gallons for a quarterly period.

Certain chartered fishing party boats and Coast Guard auxiliary boats will continue under the present regulations, Eggleston added.

Heroic 29th Deserves Place In History, Patterson Says

Baltimore, Sept. 20 (AP).—Urging that Germany's expected "campaign for pity" be disregarded, Undersecretary of War Robert P. Patterson declared today "we know from experience after World War I that a soft peace with Germany does not take away her lust for war and conquest.

"We must keep in mind the enormity of their crimes when they put on their campaign for pity and try to pas sthe blame to a few leaders," he said in a prepared address, adding that a peace that leaves Germany and Japan with the means for making war again" wil surely pave the way for World War II..."

Victory Seen Certain

Speaking at the thirty-fifth anniversary meeting of the Baltimore Advertising Club, the Undersecretary of War predicted that victory over the Axis nations was certain and not far off.

Patterson, who recently returned from the European theater, paid tribute to Marylanders and Virginians in the Twenty-ninth Infantry Division," Those soldiers went on from Fort George C. Meade through their training and maneuvers here in the United States and then shipped out to Scotland. There they trained long and hard for the part they were to be called to play on D-Day," he said.

He predicted the Twenty-ninth's part in D-Day and the part the division now is playing would not soon be forgottten and deserved a place in American history as heroic as the charge of Pickett's men at Gettysburg and the chanrge of Hancock's men at the bloody angle at Spotsylvania.

Praises Leadership

Declaring that the leadership was magnificent, Patterson said the remaining factor in the accomplishment of victory rested on the unity of the Nation.

Labor, management, farmers, miners, technicians, scientists, citizens in all walks of life and fields of enterprise have in unity brought the first half of this job within sight of completion.

"We cannot falter now in any way that will postpone it one minute. Nor can we rest on victory in Germany. Japan is going to take a lot of beating," he said.

Among the guests at the luncheon meeting were Maj. Gen. Philip Hayes, commanding general of the Third Service Command; Gov. Herbert R. O'Conor of Maryland; Maj. Theodore R. McKeldin of Baltimore, and Senators Millard E. Tydings and George L. Radcliffe.

Md. County's School Health Program Cited to Senators

Dr. Perry F. Prather of Hagerstown, Md., expressed belief yesterday before a Senate Committee that an "equitable distribution of medical care" should be on "a partnership basis—community, State and Federal Government sharing the expense."

By such a sharing, he told a Senate education subcommittee studying wartime health and education, "there is a spread of interest and responsibility."

Washington County, Md., has been awake to this problem, he said and related that a few years ago Dr. W. R. Willard, county health officer now with the public health service, had demonstrated that an efficient school medical program could be undertaken and carried out at not too great a cost.

Dr. Prather said that dental defects accounted for 27.6 per cent of Selective Service rejections in Washington County, against 20.9 per cent for the Nation as a whole.

Continuing, Dr. Prather said that it had been estimated that "if every dentist in Washington County worked full time it would take seven years to fix the known defects, execlusive of newly discovered ones. More dentists were needed, he said, but they might not solve the problem. He suggested, rather, that what was needed was a determination of the cause of dental defects.

As further aids to general health, Dr. Prather suggested yearly eye examinations of school children and private or clinical correction of defects; control of veneral diseases by eliminating sources and thorough curative measures; close check and treatment in special hospitals of childrens' heart ailments.

Poor distribution of physicians and medical facilities were deplored by the Hagerstown physician. He cited the growth of "mushroom" industrial communities and suggested the creation of a "flexible" group of doctors to serve rapidly growing or migrating communities.

"In my daily visits as a practicing physician," Prather concluded, "I see all kinds of people in all states of distress. But the most pathetic of all are the old people who are sick, dependent and not wanted. There will be millions of them in the years to come, even if our proposed plan for better health is brought about."

Reynolds Plans Revival of Young Democratic Clubs

Richmond, Va., Sept. 20 (AP).—J. Louis Reynolds, vice president of Reynolds Metals, Inc., and chairman of State Activities for the Virginia committee of 100, said today he has hopes of reorganizing the Young Democratic Clubs of Virginia.

Reynolds said the organization was too important to the education of young voters of the State to be allowed to die through inactivity. The organization has been dormant since September, 1942, when activities were suspended for the war's duration.

Reynolds has also just announced that plans for formation of a nationwide organization of businessmen, under name of businessmen for Roosevelt, Inc., are afoot. He explained that it is the purpose of the group to "show American voters that President Roosevelt provides the best assurance for the continuation of the American system of enterprise."

Md. Shipworker Killed

Cambridge, Md., Sept. 20 (AP).—Raymond Jones, 33, Wingate, employe of the Cambridge Shipbuilding, Inc., was killed today when he fell into a plant machine used to bore shaft holes in boats, company President George Broffe reported.

Fliers Crash Plane as Test, Escape Death

Newport News, Va., Sept. 20 (AP). Two army airmen, ditching a B-24 Liberator bomber in the James River as an experiment designed to provide improved safety for fliers in emergency water landings by land-based aircraft, had a close brush with death today when their plane broke almost in two as it struck the water.

The fliers, who escaped with a severe shaking-up, are Maj. Julian A. Harvey, of the Proving Ground Command, the pilot, and Col. Carl F. Greene, liaison officer at Langley Field between the Army Air Forces and the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, copilot.

More than 100 observers, including representatives of the Army, Navy, Coast Guard and British Royal Air Force, watched from the decks of a half-dozen surface craft lined up parallel to the James River Bridge as the big bomber, carrying several structural modifications, came in sight and began to lose altitude.

The Liberator skimmed lower and touched the water at a speed of approximately 100 miles per hour, porpoised (bounced) once, and struck again tail-first. The front of the plane came down hard and sent a big spray of white water into the air, obscuring the entire plane for a moment. As the foam subsided the bomber's nose plunged beneath the surface. Seconds later the nose reappeared and observers saw that the fuselage was brok? en almost in two at the leading edge of the wing.

Three crash boats bearing doctors, nurses and fire fighting equipment sped toward the plane. An atmosphere of intense anxiety hung over the observers for almost a full minute before Major Harley climbed out of the escape hatch which had been installed in place of the top turret. A loud cheer went up and was repeated a moment later when Colonel Greene appeared.

C. C. Kraft, Jr., Heads VPI Cadet Corps

Blacksburg, Va., Sept. 20. (AP).—C. C. Kraft, jr., of Phoebus, a senior in aeronautical engineering at Virginia Tech, has been elected president of the V. P. L. Corps of Cadets, student governing body.

R. F. Thompson of Bluefield was elected vice president, and Harry Bushkar, jr., of Dehue, W. Va., was named treasurer.

Other cadet officers elected included: E. A. Mason, Alexandria, prosecuting attorney; H. H. Surface, Washington, D. C., assistant prosecuting attorney.

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With A Daily Ice-Mint Treat

Don't let tired, burning sensitive feet steal energy and make the hours seem longer. Just massage frosty white Ice-Mint on your feet and ankles *before* work to help keep them cool and comfortable...and *after* work to help perk them up for an evening of fun. No greasy feeling—won't stain socks or stockings. Grand, too, to help soften corns and callouses. Get Ice-Mint from your druggist today and get foot happy this easy way.

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WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET

Md. Legislative Council Maps 2-Day Hearing

Baltimore, Sept. 20 (AP).—The State Legislative Council will hold its September session in the Public Service Commission Building, Baltimore, September 27-28, Dr. Horace E. Flack, head of the council staff, announced today.

Officials to appear at the first day's session include Walter D. Owens, State employment commissioner; Henry W. Cord, land office commissioner; Dr Harry C. Byrd, president of the University of Maryland, and D. Milton Patterson, director of State department of welfare and secretary of the board of public welfare.

Col. Beverly Ober, superintendent of the State police, and Charles T. Leviness, general counsel of the public service commission, will appear at the morning session September 28. A meeting of the subcommittee of the council will follow, Dr. Flack said. Subjects to be discussed by the subcommittee have not been determined, he added.

Plans already have been made for the council to attend a Potomac basin conservancy commission meeting September 22 and 23 at Harington Manor recreation center, near Oakland. Subjects to be discussed include problems and the program of the interstate commission, research of industrial waste problem, pollution of the Potomac River from Luke to Cumberland, and postwar planning in the States of the basin.

Dr. Flack said plans also called for a meeting in Cumberland September 25, to discuss Allegany County and Cumberland City legislation, while on Monday night home rule will be discussed at Lonaconing.

Casey to Address Hagerstown Rally

Hagerstown, Md., Sept. 20 (AP).—Washington County's Democratic campaign will be launched formally Friday with a rally at Hagerstown to be addressed by Eugene Casey, executive secretary to President Roosevelt.

Another speaker will be Daniel F. McMullen, Cumberland attorney and Democratic candidate for Third District congressional representative.

Pastor Commissioned As Naval Chaplain

Charles Town, W. Va., Sept. 20. (Spl.)—The Reverend C. C. Tarploe, rector of Zion Episcopal Church here since 1942, has been commissioned a lieutenant (j. g.) as a chaplain in the U. S. Navy and will report Friday at Williamsburg, Va., to begin training, he said today.

He is a graduate of the University of Virginia and the Episcopal Theological Seminary in Alexandria, Va. He held several parishes in Florida before coming here.

Scalds Are Fatal

Berryville, Va., Sept. 20.—George Potter Colbert, 69, Negro, who tripped and fell into a pan of boiling water at his home at Millwood several weeks ago, died last night at the hospital in Winchester.

Kidneys Must Clean Out Acids

Do you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Backache, Nervousness, Leg Pains, Dizziness, Swollen Ankles, Rheumatic Pains, Bladder Weakness, Painful Passages, or feel old and run-down, due to non-organic and non-systemic Kidney and Bladder troubles? If so, here is good news: The very first dose of Cystex (a physician's prescription) usually goes right to work helping the Kidneys flush out excess acids and wastes which may have caused your trouble. So take Cystex exactly as directed and watch for quick help and a rapid increase in pep, more youthful feeling and joy of living. Cystex must surprise and delight you and satisfy completely or you simply return the empty package at your money back is guaranteed. Don't suffer another day without trying Cystex—only 35c. *Tear this out: take to your druggist; be sure to get guaranteed Cystex.*

Pay Violation Laid to Hynson Canning Firm

Baltimore, Sept. 20 (AP).—Federal Judge W. Calvin Chesnut signed an order today requiring the Hynson Canning Co., Hynson, Md., and two of its officials to show cause by October 10 why they should not be adjudged guilty of criminal contempt of court.

The order was signed following submission to the court of a "petition for prosecution" in the name of L. Metcalfe Walling, administrator of the wage and hour division of the United States Department of Labor.

The petition alleged that the Hynson Co. and its copartners, Leon C. Bulow and his wife, Mabel Bulow, had continued to pay employes at rates less than 30 cents per hour to produce canned products used in interstate commerce despite a permanent restraining order signed June 13, 1942.

The defendants also were accused of failing to keep records of wages, hours and conditions of labor in their Federalsburg plant and elsewhere.

Arlington Trade Group Will Meet Tonight

Alfred A. Hilton, president, has announced a special meeting of the board of directors of the Arlington Board of Trade will be held today at 8 p. m. in new headquarters. Committee appointments, zoning matters and development of a radio station will be among items to be discussed.

Flag Drive Opens

Winchester, Va., Sept. 20.—The Robert Y. Conrad Post No. 21, the American Legion, has opened a campaign to have every business place and residence display an American flag on V-E Day.

Va. Police Cases Climb to 541 Since June 1

Richmond, Va., Sept. 20 (AP).—Twelve infantile paralysis cases were reported to the Bureau of Communicable Diseases today, bringing Virginia's total since June 1 to 541.

New cases recorded by the bureau included three from Norfolk County, two from Prince William County and one each from Fairfax, King William, Stafford, Greensville, Rockingham and Roanoke Counties and one from the city of Roanoke.

The Norfolk patients were listed as a white male, 14, a Negro female, 7, and a white male, 4; Prince William County, white male, 25, and Negro male, 10; Fairfax, white male, 18; Greensville, white female, 1 year; Stafford, white male, 25; King William, white female, 1 year; Roanoke County, female, 14 (race not listed); Rockingham County, white female, 9, and the city of Roanoke, white female, 2.

State health officials renewed their warnings against any widespread belief that the poliomyelitis epidemic is ended. Predictions still remain that more than 600 cases will be reported for the year. However, they added, the heavy number of cases may continue to decline.

CORNS

Doctor's Fast Relief

Don't suffer. Use Dr. Scholl's Zino-pads on your corns. They stop painful shoe friction instantly; lift pressure, gently remove corns. Cost but a trifle. Sold everywhere.



Dr Scholl's Zino-pads





THIS SWIFT WAY...

When a cold makes your throat sore, drop 3 Bayer Aspirin tablets in 1/3 glass of water and gargle. You'll get relief amazingly fast. And for accompanying muscular aches, take 2 Bayer Aspirin with water. Relief begins promptly, for Bayer Aspirin starts disintegrating within 3 seconds. Once dissolved in your stomach, Bayer Aspirin is ready to go to work.



THIS SURE WAY...

Speed is important in the relief of pain—but so is *dependability*. Bayer was the world's *first* aspirin, and for over 40 years has been used in millions of normal cases without even a trace of unpleasant reaction. That's why genuine Bayer Aspirin is in more homes today than any other medicine. So be sure. Buy by *name*. Ask for *Bayer* Aspirin.

BAYER ASPIRIN GIVES YOU BOTH!

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BARNABY By Crockett Johnson



The Inside Story of

Merrill's Marauders In the Burma Jungle

By George Connery

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(Editor's Note: In the annals of the war there is no tale of desperate courage, of fighting against overwhelming odds, that excels the expedition of Brig. Gen. Frank D. Merrill and his little band of picked Americans into northern Burma—where for 100 days they fought their way through jungles, over mountains, in the face of constant Jap opposition, finally to reach and to capture their objective—the Myitkyina airfield. This authentic account appears in The Post exclusively.)

CHAPTER VIII

LAST May 13 troubles were piling up on Brig. Gen. Frank D. Merrill, deep in the Burma jungles and directing his three battalions of Marauders in their surprise drive on the all-weather airfield at Myitkyina.

He radioed Lieut. Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell, Allied commander in Burma, outlining the difficulties his three separated columns were having getting over the mountains and beating off the Japs. But he had an emergency plan: throw just one of the battalions at Myitkyina, and let the others join in the fight when they got there.

Then he said:

"This the only course I see for fulfilling the mission. Can stop this show up 'till noon tomorrow, when die will be cast, if you think it too much of a gamble. My personal opinion is that we have a fair chance and that we should try."

Two weeks before, following defeat of the Japs at Nhpum Ga, Stilwell had asked Merrill if he thought his Marauders could cross the mountains and take Myitkyina field. Merrill told his old friend and commander the battalions were in pretty tough shape, but that he thought they would get Myitkyina for him if he wanted it.

In both cases Stilwell said yes, go ahead.

When they started for Myitkyina the Marauders had hiked hundreds of miles through jungles, over mountains and across rivers. They had killed at least 2100 Japs, while suffering fewer than 300 fatalities themselves. They had blasted the enemy loose from several strongpoints and prepared the way for a broad advance of Chinese forces.

They Moved Through Mud, Over Slippery Trails

Merrill, returning to command after an illness, had sent out three columns for Myitkyina, with Col. Charles Hunter, Lieut. Col. George A. McGee and Col. Henry L. Kinnison, jr., in charge. Two Chinese infantry regiments were assisting them.

Trails were almost impassable, one force making only two miles the first day. Mud was ankle deep and paths so slippery mules fell over precipices. Messages came back that the march was "just short of impossible" and the trails "as slick as glass and difficult beyond belief."

At a place called Ritpong, American and Chinese forces got their first crack at a strong body of Japs, 130 of them. When the battle and cleanup were completed, a count showed all but four of the Japs dead.

It was Colonel Hunter, with his Marauders and Chinese, who first got within striking distance of Myitkyina. At 10:30 in the morning of April 17, four days after Merrill got his last go ahead signal from Stilwell, Hunter reported back that he was attacking the airfield.

Just one hour and 26 minutes later he was able to radio Merrill that the field had been taken, with installations in good shape.

Glider-borne engineers, lined up and waiting for "Cafeteria lunch," the code word that the field had fallen, were landing there in a few hours. They had the field ready for troop transports the same afternoon.

THE Marauders' big job was done, the way prepared for extension of the Ledo road, supply line to China and her armies. Now, too, cargo planes bound for India to China would be protected by fighter planes operating from Myitkyina airfield, and they could cross the mountains at 17,000 feet, not 23,000.

But the Japs weren't through in northern Burma. Myitkyina town still was in their hands, and its airfield would not be secure until the town also had been taken.

The framework of events was now ready for the ironic and almost incredible "Marauder incident."

Japanese pressure increased, and in the minds of some American officers it now wasn't a question of whether the town of Myitkyina was to be captured, but whether the priceless airfield itself could be held.

Merrill, again taken ill, had to leave the area. Flying out he stopped to see Stilwell before being evacuated to the Marauders' hospital in the rear.

Under pressure of gloomy reports from Myitkyina, Stilwell decided to reinforce Chinese and American troops there in the best way he could. Out from his headquarters went word that "all men fit for full field duty" must be rushed back to Myitkyina.

'All Men Fit to Walk' Order Made Them Boil Over

When the order reached areas where some Marauders were resting and on temporary duty, and where others were convalescing or hospitalized, it read: "All men fit to walk."

The Marauders boiled over. The explosion came not because the well ones objected to killing more Japs, but because none wanted to be "kicked around."

For 100 days they had lived like animals and fought like demons to accomplish what they had volunteered for. Their ranks were thin and they were tired. Citations, medals and long furloughs back home were what they expected, not orders to get up on their wobbly legs, board planes and fly back to Myitkyina for more fighting.

It was then many of them recalled the unauthorized promises either explicit or implied, made to them when they signed up for the mission.

Other grievances, festering for months and years, broke out into the open, magnified through special, concentrated resentment of this particular order.

THREE of them went in to see Merrill in the hospital.

"General," their spokesman announced, "we're going over the hill tonight. They can't pull this stuff on us. We know we'll be picked up and thrown in the guardhouse, but we're going anyway."

Merrill told them to think about it a little longer. If they went over the hill (deserted) they'd just make people think they were afraid to go back. He talked with them and argued with them.

He said:

"You fellows had better go out there and get a day. When the planes show up to take you back to Myitkyina you'd better be ready to go."

They agreed, finally and obeyed orders.

Elsewhere, also, Marauders were letting off steam. One group, supplied ammunition in preparation for the flight back to Myitkyina, took out their resentment on the area in general. They let fly a few rounds into the air, resulting in an air raid alarm. Sirens sounded and jeeps dashed around. That was a reaction, at least.

It took a week or 10 days for the affair to settle down.

The Message Was Dscovered to Have Been Garbled

Meanwhile, as soon as the "fit to walk" order arrived, Merrill and other officers checked back and discovered it had been garbled. But the damage had been done.

Actually, Merrill said later, it is doubtful if any Marauders unfit for full field duty got into action at Myitkyina. Some convalescent cases were put aboard planes and flown there, but the Marauders' own doctor looked them over on arrival. In one instance six were sent back immediately on the same plane.

"I'm afraid people in this country will get the wrong impression about this incident," Merrill said. "The whole thing was the fellows just got sore and indignant and I got indignant myself, damn indignant. There was no breakdown in their fighting morale. Why, if I had asked them to go out again, told them the situation was bad and that General Stilwell thought it was bad, they'd have got up out of bed and volunteered."

LATER, when Stilwell learned what had happened, this grizzled general, in command of a half-forgotten front, broke down and cried.

He wasn't thinking of Myitkyina, where things already were going his way.

He was thinking of Walawbum, of Shaduzup, of Nhpum Ga.

He was thinking of the rugged volunteers he saw march up the Ledo road and into the jungle, courageous and competent, and of what they accomplished in the 100 terrible days of Merrill's Marauders.

THE END

Dutch Officials On Way Here For Conferences

London, Sept. 20.—As a sequel to the Quebec conference, three leading Netherlands officials are on their way to Washington, where they will remain two or three weeks for conferences with Administration officials before proceeding to the Far East.

They are Admiral Conrad Helfrich, commander in chief of the Dutch forces in East Asia; Hubertus van Mook, minister of colonies, and Charles van der Plas, acting chief of administration for the Netherlands East Indies, now stationed at Brisbane.

Argentina Cartoon Films Lampoon Secretary Hull

Chicago Sun London Bureau

Montevideo, Uruguay, Sept. 19.—The anti-United States propaganda campaign in Argentina has been extended to the motion picture screen, with the support of President Farrell's government.

Argentina theaters are showing film shorts which attempt to convince the public that Secretary of State Cordell Hull is personally responsible for the bad relations between the United States and Argentina and that he does not represent the views of the American people who are alleged to be friendly.

L. Frank Co. Features

American Beauty



American Beauty, the color to underscore your dark loveliness, to compliment a blond prettiness . . . whatever your coloring, your type, American Beauty spells flattery for you. Basic or accessorized, it is a color of sharp, arresting accent to double dazzle your admirers . . . a startling, come-hither color to set your spirits soaring. L. Frank Co. features American Beauty, a color that's unquestionably tops . . . undeniably yours.

A. Black rayon crepe dress, peplum style with sequin trim . . . huge, emphatic side rose 22.95

B. Cardigan style suit in 100% wool gabardine. Self-trimmed stitched buttons 49.95

C. 6½-inch luxedo panels of sable blended squirrel, wonderful contrast with this color .....139.95 plus tax

D. An Original Alice Stewart rayon crepe blouse with stitched front, short sleeves. Sizes 32 to 38.....5.00

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Nelson B. Bell About the Showshops

'Since You Went Away' Is Dedicated to Niobe; A Few Vagrant Notes

IT COULD BE that "Since You Went Away," opening this morning on the screen at Loew's Palace Theater, is one of the great pictures of the year. It all depends on the point of view and one's personal appreciation of Producer David O. Selznick as a scenarist.

What Mr. Selznick has done in this subject—the longest that has come along since his memorably marathonic "Gone With the Wind"—is to utilize Margaret Buel Wilder's not too enlivening volume of letters from a distraught wife to her husband, gone into the military in a period of national crisis, as a mirror of his own sentimentalism, patriotic fervor and keen insight into the emotional turmoil of simple and recognizable people caught up in the maelstrom of war.

He made no essay at the complicated business of "plot," although in an episodic treatment of wartime reactions upon a wide range of characters he has achieved a remarkable comprehensive study of the nasty business of war in its most universal application.

"Since You Went Away" is more an examination of the human heart than it is an adventure in flamboyant dramaturgy.

As was remarked here yesterday, the outgrowth of Mr. Selznick's scrutiny of the average mind and heart is something in which Niobe would revel. I think we said it is a "10-handkerchief picture." At least that. It tugs at the easier and more available emotions with a tenacity that has not been matched on the screen in recent months. The ladies in the house will cry their eyes out. Their theoretically more impervious escorts will find themselves concerned over more than an occasional clutch in the throat on their own accounts.

Dignit yof Commonplace

The whole thing—despite the fact that it has been dragged out over only a fraction less than three hours of running time,—is almost unbelievably simple. Anne Hilton, wife of an advertising executive is left with two young daughters, not much of an income and pretty not much of an income and a prety pretentious home, when her husbando goes at it the hard way and wins himself a commission as captain in the Army.

Mrs. Hilton carries on with spartan spirit. Her daughters are not immune to the customary adolescent interests. To make ends meet, she takes an irascible, retired colonel into her home as a "paying guest." His grandson, whose corporal's stripes, after he has flunked out of West Point, become as imposing as his grandsire's eagles, ile movements of the narrative. is an important figure in the juven-

There is, too, an old rival of Captain Hilton's, who presents himself as an amiable sort of solace for Anne's loneliness. I applaud Mr. Selznick at this point. The affection between Lieut. Anthony Willett, USN, and the Hilton family, is one of the most wholesomely agreeable relationships the screen has found opportunity to celebrate within a reasonably elastic memory.

The length of the film is largely ameliorated by the variety of "action" the author-producer has managed to weave into his imaginative elaboration of Margaret Buell Wilder's slightly more static letters. There is nothing that occurs immediately to mind that Mr. Selznick has omitted from his contemplation of what it is that makes life worth living.

He Plus Ultra Cast

To the interpretation of all this placid but penetrating observation of the genus homo he had brought a cast that reduces criticism almost to the point of disarmament.

The three pivotal figures in the play—if that is what it is—are, of course, Anne Hilton and her daughters, Jane, the elder, and Bridget, amiably called "Brig" for short. These are played with what amounts to flawlessness by Claudette Colbert, Jennifer Jones and Shirley Temple. I find little to choose among them, since all are virtually perfect.

Monty Woolley contributes one of his testiest and most sympathetic performances—if you can do with a bit of a paradox—as Colonel Smollett, and Robert Walker is equally effective as his mischievous stood grandson, Corpl. William G., 2d. Joseph Cotten is completely right as the friend of the family.

It no doubt is an impertinent aside, but there is an eloquent testament to the skill of Jennifer Jones and the youthful Walker, husband and wife in private life, in the moving quality of their scenes together as the young lovers. Popular—or, better said, unpopular—report had it that they were on the verge of domestic dissolution when these scenes were made.

The supporting cast is an illustrious one, of uniform renown and competence. Foremost among them are Lionel Barrymore, Agnes Moorehead, Mme. Alla Nazimova, Hattie McDaniel, Lloyd Corrigan, Albert Basserman, Anne Gillis and numerous others.

John Cromwell directed with consummate skill.

Owing to the aforementioned length of the major feature, those attending the Palace today and later will be further diverted only by the new issue of the picturized "News of the Day." Even that could be omitted with no sense of entertainment loss. "Since You Went Away" is a complete experience in itself.

Hero Confesses Nervousness Over Bars and Wedidng Bells

Although he won the Bronze Star for fulfilling a dangerous mission in the South Pacific, Lt. Joseph G. Barbe, of Fort Belvoir said yesterday that his work overseas was "nothing" compared with facing his chief, Maj. Gen. Eugene Reybold, Chief of Engineers, at the graduation exercises of the 62nd Officers' Candidate class at Fort Belvoir, Va., and his getting married tonight.

"Brother, service in the States sure is tough," Lt. Babre said.

The tough part about it all was the fact that the United States Army Engineers presented him with his diploma as a second lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers. And the Government gave him the Bronze Star for his work as a member of Geodetic mission which was assigned to secure urgently needed mapping information on September 5, 1943, in the South Pacific Islands.

Despite Dangers

His citation stated: "Despite the dangers presented by enemy ground and air attack, by treacherous coral reefs and bad weather while traveling by native canoes, he and his comrades were successful in establishing base points which furnished the position and the scale of islands in the South Pacific area."

"Joe is a little nervous. We're getting married at 6 tonight," said pretty Miss Adaline Mae Ream of 1700 Abington dr., Alexandria.

Miss Ream is the daughter of Mrs. Evelyn Ream and is employed by Air Transport Command in Washington. Lieutenant Barbre is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Steve Barbra of New Roads, La. They will be married at New York Avenue Presbyterian Church. The Rev. George W. Burroughs will officiate.

Reasons for Nervousness

"Am I nervous," laughed Joe. "I'm scared staff," he concluded as he obligingly kised his pretty future bride for Sergt. Gilbert Sweeney, former "Stars and Stripes" photographer, who wears four stars on his Mediterranean campaign ribbon.

When Joe's brother officers, with their brand new gold bars shining lige a diamond solitaire, heard that he was becoming a benedict they lined up ina column of twos to "kiss the bride."

"Do you see what I mean?" Joe grinned woefully.

LEONARD LYONS

Gossip From Gotham

New York, Sept. 20.—A 13-year-old boy soon will be indicted for murder in this city. He'll be the youngest defendant in a murder case in the history of New York . . . Secretary Morgenthau will make a cross-country trip starting October 5, making at least five speeches . . . Orville H. Bullitt, brother of Bill Bullitt, has resigned from the OPA . . . After the White House showing of the movie "Wilson," Darryl Zanuck told the President that he would like to distribute the film to every available theater, but unfortunately only 180 prints could be made at this time. "That's old," replied the President. "I understand that there were 287 prints of 'Mrs. Miniver' "



DARRYL ZANUCK

In Henry Wallace's speech at Madison Square Garden the Vice President will tell the audience that he is speaking as a fellow who hasn't got a job, and then explain his reasoning as just an ordinary voter . . . Orson Welles' business manager has tabulated that if Orson accepted all the movie offers made him in the last 18 months, the total salaries would have been more than $4,100,000. Welles refused all these offers. He now is making a series of recordings on the Bible . . . The prize winning playwright who wrote "Winter Soldiers" will dramatize Howard Fast's new book, "Freedom Road."

The thousand members of the $1,000 Contributors Club, founded by Robert Hannegan to raise a million dollars for the Democratic National Committee, each will receive an autographed photo of the President . . . The Portuguese Ambassador will be going home soon, for further instruction . . . The police have been raiding second-hand book shops to confiscate old copies of magazines which feature true detective yarns. Another unfortunate part of this action is that the old statute under which the magazines are being seized requires that they be burned, in these days of paper-salvage campaigns . . . Leon Henderson expects to go to England sometime next month on an economic survey assignment.

The Armed Forces Radio Service will use six transmitters this year to shortwave the World Series. Mel Allen and Joe Hasel will cover the games for the Army, while Gillette's commercials are cut between innings. . . . The young daughter of Camille Chautemps, former Premier of France, will have a movie contract shortly. . . . Genevieve Tobin and her husband, Lieut. Col. William Kieghley, the movie director who has been overseas for more than a year, spent their first day's leave visiting Coney Island. . . . Lieut. Comdr. Robert Montgomery has one of his postwar plans set. He has a play, in which he will appear on Broadway at war's end.

The admiral who bossed the entire Italian navy met Capt. Powell M. Rhea, skipper of the history-making USS Nevada, and Comdr. Howard Yeager, its executive officer. "We had to surrender," the Italian admiral told them, "because you and the British have a little box called Radar. I still don't know how you make it work." . . . Richard Wright, author of "Native Son," will add a second volume to his autobiography, which will be a Book-of-the-Month. . . . Comdr. "Moon" Chapple, the submarine hero of Tokyo Bay, who holds two Navy Crosses and two Silver Stars, may come up for air soon, as head of a division of submarines.

The President's speech on Saturday will be a ringing reaffirmation of the New Deal, and will pledge that in the postwar years his administration will continue those New Deal programs which had to be postponed because of the war . . . The President of Ecuador is expected to arrive in Washington next week . . . A few days ago Louis Bromfield dined at the Brown Hotel in Louisville. Mrs. Barry Bingham watched the novelist eat a hearty dinner, then walked to his table and asked: "Are you getting enough to eat?" Bromfield replied: "Yes, thank you." Mrs. Bingham said: "That's what I thought." Mrs. Bingham is the wife of the owner of the Louisville Courier-Journal, which attacked Bromfield editorially last winter for predicting a famine by spring.

Argentina, with which our Government practically has severed all relations, has air cadets training in Corpus Christi . . . The Truman Committee will investigate contract-termination of war contracts after it completes its study of the disposal of surplus Government property . . . The New York Daily News, which for the first time is supporting a Republican Presidential candidate, nevertheless will publish its Battle Page, giving equal space to spokesmen for both sides . . . Federal employes may be given a holiday on V-Day.

Changes at Hospital

Charles H. Dabbs, administrator for Arlington Hospital, whose reignation became effective yesterday, announced that C. T. Foftus, comptroller of the hospital, will serve as administrator until the appointment of his successor.

New Suburban Hospital Begs For Patients

By Betty McDevitt

While every District hospital is jammed beyond capacity, Suburban Hospital, Bethesda's $750,000 wartime project, is hard-pressed to meet operating expenses, including the payroll after October 15, because of lack of patronage, it was learned yesterday.

Suburban, acclaimed a model hospital in the Metropolitan area, was built with funds appropriated by Congress under the Lanham Act, to relieve the patient overflow of northwest Washington and the Metropolitan area of Montgomery County.

Only 50 Per Cent Occupied

Occupancy has averaged only 50 per cent a day since it opened last December, but for the hospital to keep from going in the "red" the 103-bed capacity must have a daily occupancy of at least 70 patients a day, according to J. Dewey Lutes, superintendent. The capacity can be increased to serve 140 patients, he said.

"Big names" in the Washington medical profession, who live in Montgomery County but maintain offices in the District, were sought and obtained when the hospital's board of trustees selected a medical staff. This antagonized the community doctors, members pointed out. They felt slighted for not having a part in the hospital.

Of nearly 10 doctors with offices in the Bethesda area, about three regularly bring patients to the hospital, records show.

Men Who Control Policy

Members of the executive committee of the medical staff which controls the policy of the hospital are: Dr. Charles R. L. Halley, chairman; Dr. Edwin Stieglitz, Dr. Fred O. Fishback and Dr. Walter Boyd, all well known in the District.

Washington doctors, under the Maryland law, which is strictly enforced, must pay a reciprocity fee of $50 for a license to practice in a Maryland hospital, Dr. Halley pointed out. In order to obtain the license, besides paying the fee, they must fill in attach, a photograph, and make a personal appearance before the State Board of Licensure. "This is an inconvenience, and the majority of doctors won't bother to take the time for such procedure," Dr. Halley said.

"Doctors accustomed to having all their cases grouped in one or two Washington hospitals," added Dr. Halley, "find it difficult in these busy times to include Suburban in their daily rounds." Now trustees charge that the attending staff of 53 doctors take their cases to Washington hospitals because of "convenience."

Most of Grant Used

Nearly all of the $750,000 Government grant for maintenance and operation, in addition to provision for the land, building, equipment and furnishings, has been used. The funds, provided through the Federal Works Agency, were expected to meet the 1944 deficit. It was then the assumption that the hospital should be self-supporting or on "its own."

Fully staffed with 50 nurses, including a supervising staff, because many of them are wives of personnel at the nearby U. S. Navy Medican Center, the trustees may have to cut the number of employes to half, if occupancy does not rise. But to maintain a high standard, J. N. Morell, president of the Suburban Hospital Association, said "a full staff must be kept."

Daily average of occupancy for the last eight months has been as follows: January, 22; February, 32; March, 37; April, 51; May, 58; June, 59; July, 56 and August, 51.

Relatives of War Dead Give So Wounded Can Call Home

By Emily Towe

Several contributions in memory of men mowed down on foreign battlefields or lost at sea were received yesterday by the First Call Home Fund at the Washington Post from relatives desiring to make it possible for wounded veterans returning to this country call their loved ones at home.

In every case the donors said they knew it would please their dead if they could know that contributions in remembrance of their valor were enabling battle-scarred veterans hear voices of their dear ones.

Mrs. Margaret M. Evans of 1701 17th st. N. Arlington, wrote with her contribution of $5: "My husband was in the U. S. Coast Guard Reserve aboard a destroyer escort torpedoed in the North Atlantic last March. While he was on sea duty, I knew what it was to receive a call from him after he had been away for weeks, not knowing where he was or if he was safe. He has been missing in action since March and, I presume, went down with his ship. Realizing the thrill and happiness of such a call, I want to make this small contribution to another's happiness."

Was Former Teacher

Her husband, Lieut. A. Bliss Evans, jr., was a teacher at Eliot Junior High School before entering the Coast Guard Reserve two years ago.

Mrs. Loraine Thomsen of 2480 16th st. nw., and her husband, Jack H. Thomsen, a Government employe, sent a $10 contribution in memory of their brother-in-law who lost his life in a Navy plane enroute to Alaska.

Explaining that she preferred not giving his name, she said that "it seemed particularly fitting since he was interested enough in contacting wives and mothers of men whom he had met in the South Pacific to spend three Sundays caling long distance all over this part of the country to bring them news oftheir loved ones."

She added: "In one instance, he had seen both the son and husband of one Navy wife and he hastened to give her news from each of them. He had a small black book with names, numbers and some special messages the men wished delivered. Were he alive, I'm sure the First Cal Home Fund would meet with his aproval."

Tribute to Nephew

Capt. Charles P. Franchot, USNR, special assistant to the Judge Advocate General of the Navy, sent $10 to the fund as a tribute to two nephews—First Lieutfl Van Munson, of Olean, N. Y., antiaircraft artillery officer missing in action in Italy since July 29.; and Second Lieut. D. F. Hickok, USMC, wounded July 2 on Saipan

Additional names of donors were announced yesterday as follows:

Anonymous	4.00
Anonymous	2.00
Anonymous	5.00
Anonymous	2.00
Anonymous	1.00
Anonymous	5.00
Anonymous	5.00
Automotive Division, War Production Board	37.00
Macon E. Ayers	5.00
Maude B. Byrnes	10.00
Katheryn M. Campbell	5.00
Eleanor M. Chisholm	5.00
Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101	50.00
Congress Cafe	5.00
The Construction Division, Petroleum Am. of War	40.00
Employes of the War Department Postoffice, The Pentagon	10.00
Margaret M. Evans	5.00
Margaret F. Fanning	25.00
Capt. Charles P. Franchot	10.00
Amelia S. Goodman	5.00
Carrie Hart	5.00
Martha L. Joseph	2.00
Myrtle Kelly	1.00
Dante T. Kelter	10.00
R. G. Kimball	5.00
G. B. King	3.00
T. Kunstenaar	2.00
Ladies Auxiliary of Izak Walton League	10.00
Harriet L. Leath	10.00
Sarah Levy	10.00
J. L. Lewis	5.00
Ruth Lowenstein	5.00
Joan MacKay	2.00
Military and Civilian Members of the Stock Control Division, Washington Quartermaster Depot, Cameron, Va.	28.00
Timothy C. Mooney	25.00
Anna F. Moran	5.00
Frances A. Nicholas	10.00
Lelia M. Peachy	5.00
Plastics Branch Chemicals Bureau, WPB	30.15
Clarence E. Schuler	2.00
Dudley Selden	5.00
Balance to Date	$4,669.23

Arrivals From Overseas And 'Call' Needs Quicken

The rate of new arrivals from overseas battlefields has quickened in the Washington area during the past few days. More money is needed to pay for their first calls home after reaching this country. If you want to help in this project, send your contribution in to the First Call Home Fund at the Washington Post, 1337 E st. nw.

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A person who is operating on only a 70 to 75% healthy blood volume or a stomach digestive capacity of only 50 to 60% normal is severely handicapped.

So with ample stomach digestive juices PLUS RICH, RED-BLOOD you should enjoy that sense of well-being which denotes physical fitness . . . mental alertness!

If you are subject to poor digestion or suspect deficient red-blood as the cause of your trouble, yet have no organic complication or focal infection, SSS Tonic may be just what you need as it is especially designed (1) to promote the flow of VITAL DIGESTIVE JUICES in the stomach and (2) to build-up BLOOD STRENGTH when deficient.

Build Sturdy Health and Help America Win

Thousands and thousands of users have testified to the benefits SSS Tonic has brought to them and scientific research shows that it gets results—that's why so many say "SSS Tonic builds sturdy health—makes you feel like yourself again." At drug stores in 10 and 20 oz. sizes. S.S.S. Co.

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STERA-KLEEN! A good way to keep FALSE TEETH more natural-looking! Daily for 15 or 20 minutes or overnight, soak your plate in ½ glass of water with ½ teaspoonful of STERA-KLEEN. This helps to remove ugly mucin scum, food or tobacco stains. Dentures remain clean . . . fresh tasting. Use STERA-KLEEN regularly and enjoy its cleansing aid to keep your FALSE TEETH as natural-looking as the day you got them. 30¢ at any drug store.

DR. SHERWIN'S Stera-Kleen

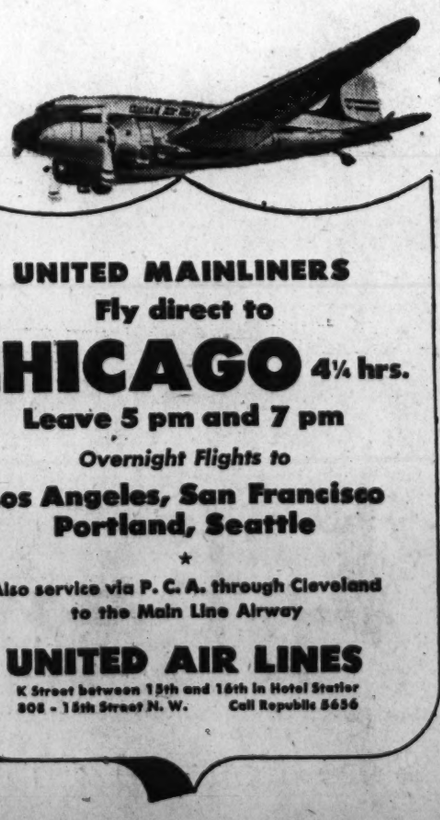
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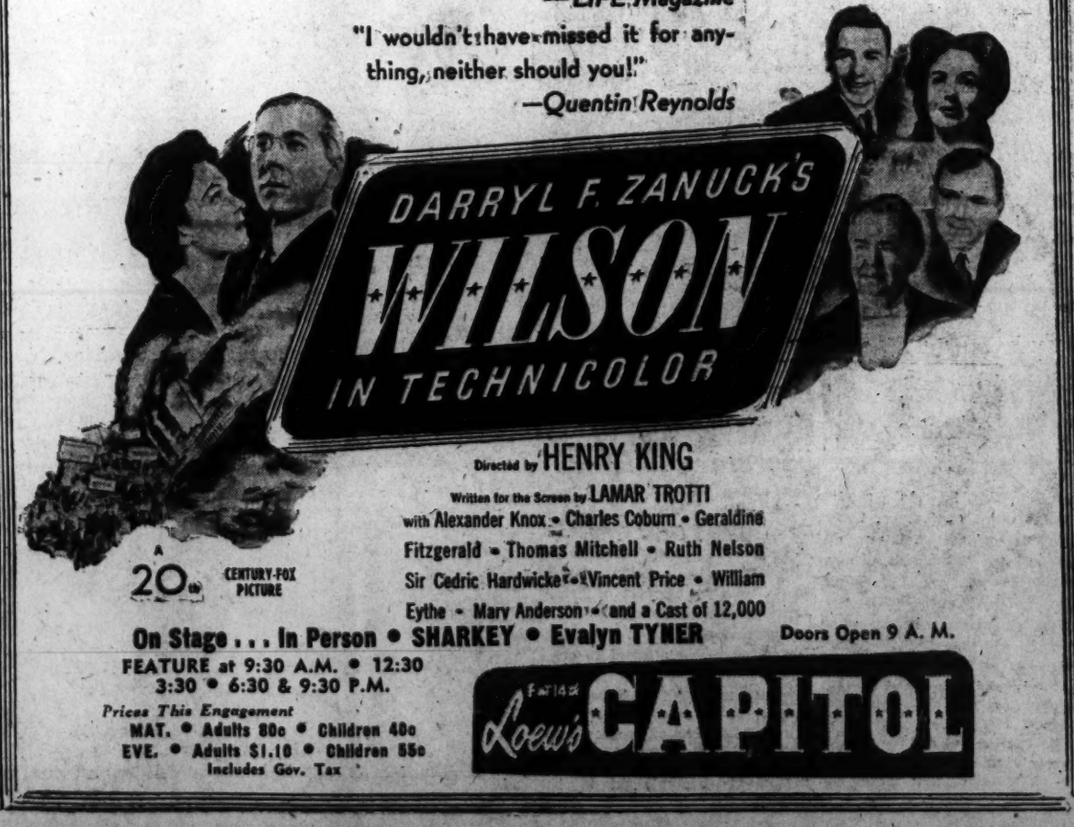
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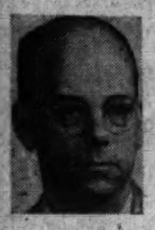
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The Federal Diary

Commission Proposes Federal Pay Reforms

By Jerry Kluttz

The groundwork for reforms in the Federal service which would put more money into the pocket of the Government worker was laid yesterday by the Civil Service Commission in a report to Congress. The commission suggested, in short, that Uncle Sam get in step with the advanced labor policies of industry. It asked: (1) full overtime pay; that work in excess of 40 hours a week be paid at one and a half times the regular rate; (2) that holiday work be paid for at one and a half times the regular rate, and (3) that a 10 per cent differential be paid for night work. White-collar workers do not enjoy these benefits, but the Government does extend some of them to its per diem people.



KLUTTZ

Specifically, however, the commission recommended these reforms for only a small group of employes in the Bureau of Customs in response to a joint request from the House Ways and Means Committee and the Senate Finance Committee. But the report has its implications. The past record of the commission shows that it is for uniform treatment of all Federal workers, and it must be presumed that it now favors full overtime, holiday pay, and a night differential for all workers for Uncle Sam. In fact, when overtime pay legislation was being considered the commission urged that white-collar employes be given full overtime pay, the same rate that was, and is, paid to the 1,500,000 Government people whose salaries are fixed by wage boards. Holiday pay has been up for discussion before the commission's labor-management committee.

A uniform differential for night work has been an objective of the commission for years. Night workers now get nothing extra to 15 per cent. For example, a Navy Yard worker here gets 6-cents-an-hour premium for night work. It's 15 per cent at the Government Printing Office and the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. Incidentally, a fourth recommendation concerned Sunday work. The commission suggested that no additional rate be paid for Sunday work, but that an employe whose regular tour of duty includes Sunday be given some other day off. This is the usual practice. In making the recommendations, the commission undoubtedly had its eye on a few months hence when the entire wage question in Government will come up in Congress for restudy. White-collar workers in Government will face an intolerable situation on their low base salaries if the Little Steel formula is broken—industrial employes being given another raise in base pay—and if they lose overtime pay by the cutting back of working hours. And the employe doesn't have to be reminded that the cost of living is at a wartime high.

POILITICS: In his speech in Pittsburgh Saturday night, INnterior Secretary Ickes is thinking about suggesting John L. Lewis as Dewey's choice for Labor Secretary. It can be argued that Lewis is the only bigtime labor leader who has come out for Dewey, and the GOP Candidate says he'll put a top labor man in the job. And in his speech tomorrow night, the President will stress labor's gains under the New Deal and his plans for jobs after the war . . . Senator Thomas of Oklahoma believes that eac hmember of Congress should be given funds to hire two additional employes to handle veterans' affairs . . . Edward Rhetts, recently mustered out of the Navy, has been appointed first assistant to Herbert Wechsler, chief of Justice's War Division. Wechsler also has appointed Harry Jones as chief of the Alien Property Litigation Unit, and Lawrence Knapp as chief of the Alien Property Litigation Unit, and Lawrence Knapp as chief of the foreign agents registration section.

Donald Duck — By Walt Disney



Quincey Adams, chief of Commerce's small business unit, has uit to enter a small business for himself . . . Agriculture's victory gardens will stage a fall harvest show in the patio on October 2 and 3. Undersecretary Grover Hill, an enthusiastic gardener, is promoting it . . . Federal employes can get full information on State registration, and absentee voting laws at the Nonpartisan Registration Center, 1212 18th st. nw. The phone is National 4759 . . . Navy Yard awards: Darnel Talbert, an instrument maker, has been paid $350 for valuable suggestions. Awards of $200 and more went to: Charles Strother, a machinist; Gale Burton, and Ralph Thompson. At the Naval Research Laboratory, a $100 award went to Robert J. Colson. Smaller amounts were paid to Lloyd Lohr, Frank Andrews, William Foreman, Lois Verney, and Robert Maiden.

The postwar program of the United States Federal Workers which will be presented soon to Budget Director Harold Smith calls for: a central register of all vacancies at the Civil Service Commission, and posting of vacancies in individual agencies; that no vacancies be filled from outside an agency except on referral and approval of Civil Service; interviews of employes to be fired; central reemployment of all separated employes; 60 days notice of termination; special provisions to protect employment gains of Negroes; to place more emphasis on senority and less on efficiency ratings of employes to be fired; a reduced work week, and unemployment insurance.

Alexandria Boy Awaits Hearing In Auto Thefts

A 14-year-old Alexandria boy who has admitted stealing eight automobiles from used car lots and homes has been remanded to the custody of his parents pending a hearing Saturday in Alexandria Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court, Detective Lieut. Russell A. Hawes reported yesterday.

The juvenile and a 13-year-old boy involved with him in the thefts had a mania for stealing automobile keys and using them to complete the thefts later on, Hawes said, adding that the older admits breaking into the office of a used car lot and taking all of the keys which gave him access to the vehicles. Alexandria police have found all the cars.

Youth Hurt on Bike Taken to Bethesda

Arlington Hospital announced yesterday the condition of Thomas Ratcliffe, 15, injured in a bicycle accident August "7 and who had been unconscious for nearly three weeks, had improved sufficiently for him to be transferred to the Bethesda Naval Hospital for further treatment. His father is a sergeant in the USMC.

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DIONNE 'QUINTS' promptly relieve coughing of CHEST COLDS WITH MUSTEROLE

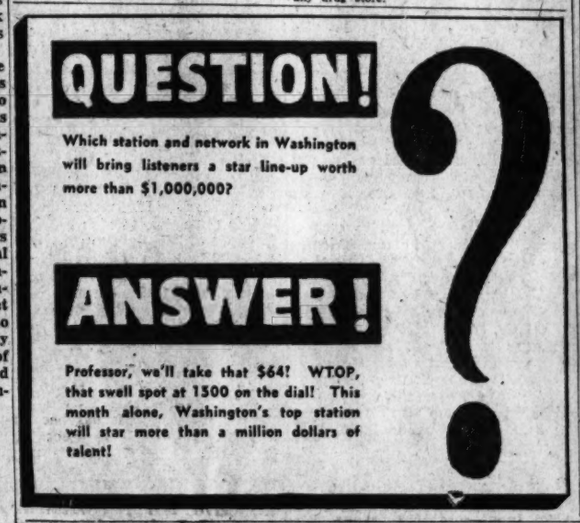
Washington Student Heads School Paper

Cadet Alan DeYoung, son of Mrs. Helen K. DeYoung, 1629 Columbia rd., at Waynesboro, Pa., has been appointed editor in chief of "Taps," the school's annual.

Business manager for "Taps" is to be Cadet William Gosnell, son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence W. Gosnell, 4819 Indian Lane. Washingtonians also received appointments to manage the school's newspaper —"C. Q." Editor in chief will be Cadet Charles J. Farrington, jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Farrington, 6601 14th st. Business manager will be Cadet John S. Gibson, jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Gibson, 2700 Que st.

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Closing War Days May Be Hard, Reybold Warn

"This war cannot be considered won until our troops are in Berlin and Tokyo," declared Maj. Gen. Eugene Reybold, chief of engineers addressing the Sixty-second Officers Candidate Regiment graduating class at exercises held at Fort Belvoir yesterday.



REYBOLD

"Despite the magnificent successes of our armies in France, now at the gateways to Germany, the road to Berlin can still prove long and hard for many good men," General Reybold added.

He told the newly commissioned second lieutenants and their guests that "the legions of destruction are in retreat." Pointing out that the war is far from over, General Reybold said:

"Driven from more than one million square miles of territory they had seized, the panic-stricken hordes of Hitler are losing their coherence as armies and units of armies. However, the German are regrauping their forces on shorter lines. They are now fighting on battlefields long in preparation for just such an emergency."

"Hitler may, or may not, be able to prolong the war in Europe," General Reybold stated.

Declaring that the outcome of the war in Europe "will not alter the fact that Japan still holds a strategic position which will be difficult to overcome," General Reybold pointed out that the Japanese hold an advantage in the Pacific theater "either with, or without Germany in the war."

FWA Approves Grant For Newport News Jail

Richmond, Va., Sept. 20 (AP).—A grant of $13,700 for construction of an addition to the Newport News jail and department of public safety building has been approved by the Federal Works Agency, C. L. Vickers, FWA regional director, said today.

The additional grant will be used with an increase of $31,965 in the city's appropriation, making a total of $45,665 increase in construction funds.

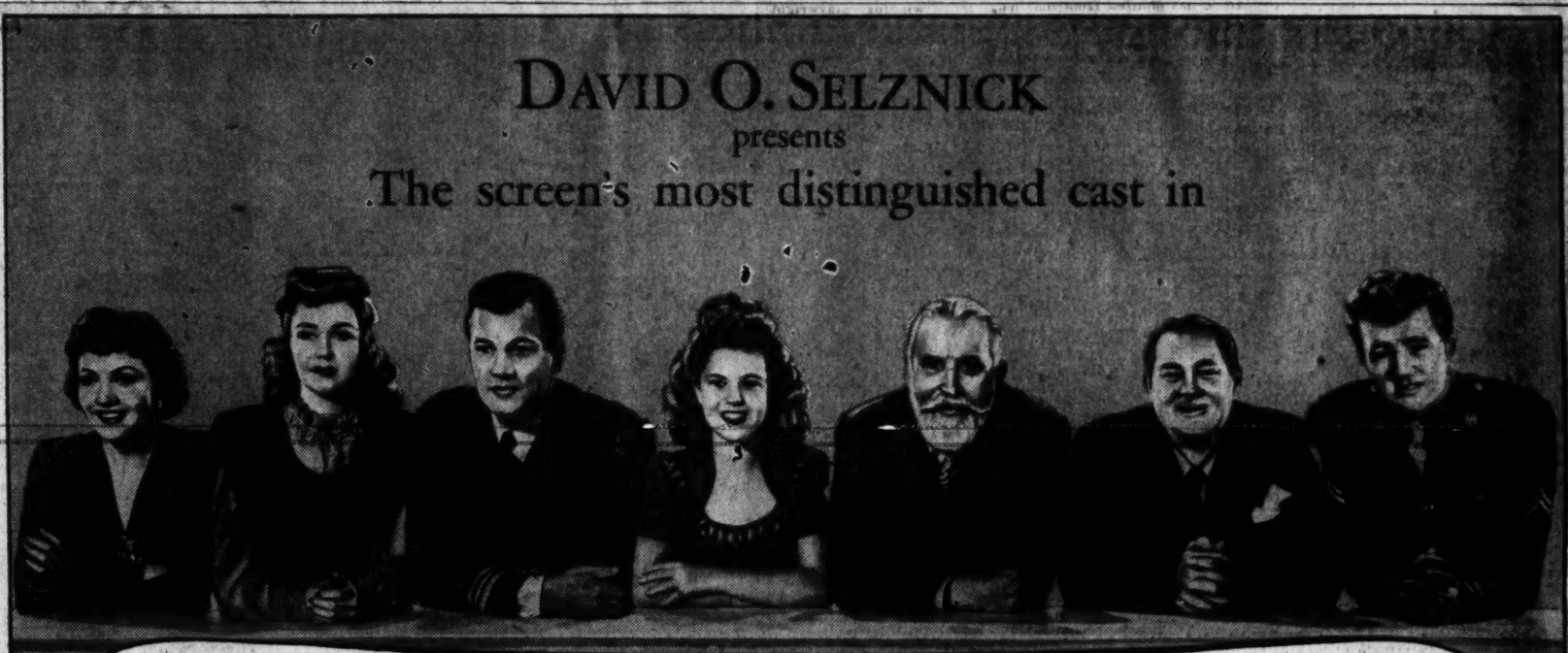
The National Inventors Council reports that robot planes were invented in the United States as long ago as the last war, and in 1927 and 1928 Charles Kettering of General Motors Research Corp. and Lawrence B. Sperry of Sperry Gyroscope Co. were granted robot plane patents.

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Did Stomach Ulcer Pains Make Jack Spratt Eat No Fat?
modern day "Jack Spratts" who eat no fat because of distress of stomach or ulcer pains, indigestion, gas pains, heartburn, burning sensation, bloat and other conditions caused by excess acid should try udga. Get a 25c box of udga tablets from your druggist. First dose must convince or return box to us and get double your money back.

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Daily and Sunday	Sunday Only	Daily Only
One week ...$ .30	One week ...$ .10	One week ...$ .20
One month.. 1.30	One month.. .45	One month.. .85

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Daily and Sunday	Sunday Only	Daily Only
One year...$12.00	One year....$5.25	One year...$7.00
Six months.. 6.50	Six months.. 2.75	Six months.. 4.00
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Daily and Sunday	Sunday Only	Daily Only
One year...$12.75	One year....$6.00	One year....$7.50
Six months.. 7.00	Six months.. 3.00	Six months.. 4.25
One month.. 1.30	One month.. .55	One month.. .85

Rates to Foreign Countries not listed will be furnished upon request.

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TELEPHONE NATIONAL 4200.

Thursday, September 21, 1944

Sightseeing For Soldiers

Some months ago we gave attention on this page to Mr. Maury Maverick's plan for turning the Capitol and its grounds into a center of attraction on Sundays for servicemen and their friends. Since then most of Mr. Maverick's plan has been adopted, even to his idea of concerts by military bands. The whole thing has been a tremendous success, and the vicinity of the Capitol, which until recently wore a somewhat funereal aspect on Sundays and holidays, is now filled with great crowds of sightseers and other visitors, and has an almost carnival appearance.

This success has encouraged Mr. Maverick to elaborate his plan. He now proposes a general system of organized tours for service men and women to places of historical or cultural interest in various parts of the country, but particularly here in Washington. This, he thinks, might offer a better knowledge of America and Americanism than merely studying American history out of books. He believes that if all the young men and women now in service were, before being mustered out, given the opportunity that exists here in Washington to observe democratic government in action, they would be more disposed than ever to uphold the principles of constitutional democracy when they return to civil life.

Meantime Mr. Maverick has written to the service newspapers proposing that the American soldiers now in France should, before returning, be given an opportunity to see all the famous buildings and places there which formerly attracted tens of thousands of American tourists each year. But, of course, if this is possible in France, it should also be possible in Italy. Mr. Maverick, indeed, would like to see the thing put on a world-wide basis, believing that a knowledge thus acquired of the history and genius of other peoples would "help to stimulate an interest in international relations" and thus "increase their determination to prevent wars in the future."

The plan is certainly ambitious, and, if attempted on the scale on which Mr. Maverick appears to envisage it, might offer a good many difficulties, for example, transportation, which, here as well as abroad, is likely to be under a considerable strain for some time after the war. But, in general, the idea is an excellent one, and, as far as it can be shown to be practicable, we are all for it.

Bigotry By Mail

There can be no reasonable quarrel with the purpose of Congressman Lynch's bill to prevent use of the United States mails for incitement of racial hatred. The bill is aimed at a real and serious evil. Anonymous and irresponsible persons have spewed out a flood of noxious stuff assailing minority groups on racial and religious grounds. It is galling to think that their vicious activities are facilitated by an agency of the Government itself. Nevertheless, we have grave misgivings, as we said when the Lynch bill was first introduced, about the nature of the remedy which has been proposed.

Mr. Lynch's bill, H. R. 2328, would provide criminal penalties for anyone who knowingly deposits in the mail any material containing "defamatory and false statements which tend to expose persons characterized by race or religion to hatred, contempt, ridicule, etc." These terms would impose an intolerable responsibility upon the Postmaster General, who would have to define them and determine what pieces of literature came within their definition. The responsibility, we think, would be intolerable to him and intolerable to a public accustomed to the widest latitude in the exercise of its right of free speech. There is nothing fantastic, it seems to us, in the objection raised by the American Civil Liberties Union that "any discussion of race or religion by anybody might well be interpreted to arouse hatred or ridicule." Reactions to any sort of criticism are very largely subjective.

We have had ample warning lately of the dangers inherent in the delegation of broad censorship powers to the Postmaster General. There is no doubt that, in finding the magazine Esquire unfit for second-class mailing privileges, he acted with complete sincerity. And since this was so, the courts upheld him. The effect of his decision, however, was to impose his own literary taste upon the public. We think he should not be empowered to do this, nor even to shield the public from the poison of propagandists However laudable his intentions, no individual's wisdom is equall to such an undertaking.

Perhaps the Lynch bill can be amended so that the determination of guilt under its provisions would be made by a court of law. This would be a great deal more satisfactory, although the ambiguity of its terms would make judicial decisions extremely difficult. Our own conviction, in any case, is that the best antidotes to bigotry are exposure, education and the cultivation of tolerance. And to make these effective, freedom of expression must be zealously guarded.

Crisis In China

It could have been only direct necessity that led the American forces in China to destroy and abandon the air base at Kweilin, the last base that had been left to General Chennault's Fourteenth Air Force from which it would effectively harass Japanese shipping in the Formosa Strait and Japanese installations at such places as Hongkong and Hanoi. Apparently there was no alternative. The Chinese have fought valiantly to stem the enemy thrust south along the Hankow-Canton railroad, an advance that threatens to cut Free China in two and provide the enemy with a land route extending all the way from Manchuria to Indo-China and on south. But, despite Chinese efforts, particularly at Hengyang, the Japanese advance continues to the point where it is evident that Kweilin is doomed.

The developing military picture in China bears out the thesis which General Stilwell advanced many months ago that an air force can only operate where its bases are secured by adequate ground forces. He was arguing against the contention advanced by General Chennault that if enough planes were sent to China, the Japanese could be driven out. Chennault, of course, never did get the planes he wanted, not only because there haven't been enough planes to go around, but also because, given the fantastically inadequate supply situation, it has been impossible for the United States effectively to maintain a very large air force in China. Even a large and well-supplied air force, however, based in China could only operate if there were a military force equal to the task of beating off enemy attacks. This the Chinese, who are deplorably deficient in materiel, training and leadership, could not put in the field, as General Stilwell well knew.

The only comfort to be derived from the grim situation in China today is that the Japanese waited as long as they did before beginning their present advance. For in the meantime the balance of power in the Pacific has swung markedly against them, and Japanese victories in China have been more than offset by the setbacks the enemy has received in the central and south Pacific and northern Burma. To be sure, the Japanese may win time as a result of their efforts on the mainland, but they cannot change the current of events, which on the whole is flowing strongly against them.

So far as China's military situation is concerned, there is nothing in it that cannot be cured by time and the greater effort that the Allies will be able to make after the defeat of Germany. What is essential in the meantime is an overhauling of the Chinese structure of government with the view of broadening its base. It is no secret that Vice President Wallace on his recent visit to China strongly urged the Chinese leaders to carry out such a program of reform. Doubtless General Hurley is making similar representations. And something already has been done. The removal by the Chungking regime of the Governor of Sinkiang, an individual responsible for some egregious errors in policy, the relaxation of the drastic Chinese censorship both on outgoing dispatches and on the Chinese press, and the renewed efforts to come to terms with the Chinese Communist regime at Yenan—these are indicative of political improvement.

But much more has to be done in the same general direction before friends of China can find comfort in political China. From the Allies, too, action is needed. Every effort must be made by China's allies, and particularly the United States, to step up the flow of materiel and supplies to China so that as soon as possible the weaknesses which made possible the present Japanese advance can be corrected. The situation in China is admittedly critical, but it is not yet fatal.

Lynch Law

The brutal lynching in Rome of Donato Carreta, former vice director of the Regina Coeli Prison, is a grim reminder of the foul legacy which 20 years of fascism's organized anarchy have bequeathed to the Italian people. What has happened in Italy may well happen all over Europe unless preventive measures are taken. Lawlessness breeds lawlessness. For 20 years Mussolini and his Fascist bullies obeyed only their atavistic whims. Men and women were arrested, imprisoned, executed, deprived of their liberties and their property merely on the say-so of the dictator and his henchmen. Those singled out for such treatment were helpless. There were no courts to which they could take their grievances, no parliament which could hold the dictator to account, no press which could air the abuses and denounce them. Inevitably, therefore, a vast amount of bitterness was engendered which sooner or later was bound to seek an outlet.

Of course, no government can tolerate mob violence, however great the provocation leading to its expression. Part of the trouble in Italy is that the government is largely a government by courtesy, with the Allied military authorities having a residual police power. The problem is further complicated by the fact that the task of bringing criminal Fascists to book has been slow, a circumstance which may have nurtured the belief in the bruised minds of the injured and bereaved people of Italy that those criminals might get off with light penalties. Mob rule has thus been promoted.

Two important points are underlined by the Rome tragedy. The first is that the task of maintaining security in the occupied countries must not be allowed to fall between two stools—between the local authorities and the army of occupation. The second is that those responsible for the terrible crimes committed by the Nazis, the Fascists and their counterparts in various countries must be brought to justice as early as possible. The French were wise enough to realize this. There is probably a direct relationship between the trial and execution at Algiers of Pierre Pucheu and other collaborationists and the absence of mob violence in liberated France.

Prelude To Chaos

There are rumors of rioting in Berlin. Perhaps these are unfounded; it is just as well, in any case, to be skeptical about them. But in due time, we may be sure, civil disorder will occur in the Reich, will feed upon itself and develop into a general breakdown of authority and result at last in a chaos of which the inevitable denouement is collapse. For this is the way that authoritarian governments fall; they can neither yield, nor change, nor bend, but must be broken. This is their fatal weakness. Because they are neither responsive nor responsible to public opinion, they can hold its favor only with success; in failure, they can only attempt to smother the resentment until, expanding under pressure, it bursts and overwhelms them.

If there has been disorder in Berlin during this past week, no doubt it has readily been put down. But resentment is curiously contagious, the more so when overt expression is denied to it. And when it is compounded by despair, it becomes explosive. No matter what Dr. Goebbels may tell them, despair must now be nibbling at the minds of all Germans. The hammering of Allied armies at their walls is now audible throughout the land. They know that blood now shed to defend the Reich is blood poured away and wasted. It cannot change the outcome. Their secret weapon has already been tried—to no avail. Civilians have been warned by General Eisenhower to evacuate the Ruhr and the Rhineland. As they throng toward the center of Germany, they will give poignant emphasis to the knowledge that the Luftwaffe and the Wehrmacht have become powerless to ward off Allied air assaults.

How long the German people will continue to serve the fanaticism of their leaders in a futile struggle is difficult to determine. How long beyond this the iron rule of Himmler's Gestapo will be able to keep them docile is a matter of conjecture. But it may reasonably be predicted that the longer their resentment is kept smoldering in suppression, the more violent will be the outburst when it comes. Judging from the ease with which the alleged plot of the German generals was nipped in the bud, the Nazis may well be able to prevent any organized rebellion against their rule. Arson is one thing; vigilance may forestall it. Spontaneous combustion is something very different; it may start here or there or, when the conditions are ripe, in a score of places all at once. And once started, it is already past control. It is from such chaos, not from repentant Nazis or generals, that unconditional surrender will come.

Arnhem

Last night's communique, "Heavy Fighting Near Arnhem," brings to mind an earlier battle there, where the most perfect example of the genus "English gentleman" ever produced, received his death wound. Sir Philip Sidney, whose immortal chivalry on the field was epitomized by the cup of cold water he gave a common soldier who needed it, as he insisted, more than he, was as exquisite in his humor as in his compassion: his last poem, the charming *La Cuisse Rompue*—The Broken Thigh—makes light of the agonizing wound he had received in the fighting. This wound rapidly became putrid and caused his death, after excruciating tortures, during which his only thought was for the discomfort he occasioned those who nursed him. The sky-borne warriors of today who fight at Arnhem are fighting on soil hallowed by one who was as perfect a lover as he was "gentil knight." Sidney's verses to Stella (Penelope Devereux) form the greatest sonnet sequence in English ever written to a girl (the only two sequences that might challenge Sidney's—Shakespeare's and Elizabeth Browning's *Sonnets From the Portuguese*—were both written to men). His last poem to his love—the valedictory *Splendide rerum valedico nugis*—"magnificently I take leave of all transitory things"—is a model of Christian courage and calm. Today, at Arnhem, there are many of his successors in valor and in faith who are taking magnificent leave of all transitory things: these soldiers of today are no mean followers of a perfect example of human behavior.

AUTUMN CONQUEST

One leaf gleams goldly in the close-knit shade
And the wood, whose trees in summer seemed as one,
Darkly united, leagued against the sun,
Quivers in shadows, suddenly betrayed.
It is as though some traitor from within
Under his diabolic guise of friend
Secretly worked till he attained his end
And found a way of letting sunlight in.

And all the woodland lies awake, aware
Of what far-reaching mischief has been done,
Waiting till time inexorably bare
The ending of the conquest just begun
That in one leaf, already can behold
A whole green world transmuted into gold.

ETHEL BARNETT de VITO

Washington Calling

By Marquis Childs

Postwar Employment

NEW YORK.—Office-seekers throughout the land are busy promising jobs for all. It's a nice, catchy slogan, but the politicians who do the promising may run into a little difficulty when they are called upon to deliver.

I talked the other day with a man who is looking behind the political slogans to try to find out just how it will be done. Paul G. Hoffman, president of the Studebaker Corp. and chairman of the Committee for Economic Development, has some idea of how big an undertaking it is—jobs for all.

That's why he's spending so much time helping to organize industry around the country to produce a lot more than was ever produced before in peacetime. It's going to take a national income of 140 billion dollars if we achieve what we talk about so glibly—"full employment."

The men responsible for the Committee for Economic Development, which is now organized in 2000 localities, are using imagination, energy, creativity to get going on a bigger scale than ever before when war production stops. It's a hopeful sign to find such a group going full speed ahead.

HOFFMAN HAS a way of facing realities. Those who talk easily of "full employment" go on to say that if private enterprise doesn't provide the jobs, then Government will. But where and how, Hoffman wants to know.

Look, he says, in 1940 the total of all Government employment was 6,300,000, and made-work in WPA was included in that total. The total peacetime employment in Government adds up to about 3,300,000 if you leave out the made-work projects. On useful public works that have been blueprinted up to the present time—this includes highways, local projects, everything—far less than two million men could be employed in 1946. The total is probably nearer one million.

It sounds odd to have a successful businessman say that one thing the Federal Government could have done was to advance millions to State and local governments to chart additional public works. Politics got in the way in this political year, of course.

However you look at them, the figures are startling. Apart from, say, 3,500,000 regular Government jobs, only two million at the outside could be put to work at useful projects. If private enterprise doesn't come through with bigger payrolls than ever before in our peacetime history, then the alternative for millions would seem to be some form of leaf-raking.

Hoffman never admits that alternative. Working with the advice and counsel of the national CED office, hundreds of communities have organized for expansion, with industry, labor and government in many instances working in earnest cooperation. In Philadelphia, the plan is extraordinarily thorough and complete. In certain communities—Milwaukee and Beaumont, Tex., are examples—imagination and hard work have gone into plans that promise a great deal for the future of those cities.

NOW AND THEN Hoffman and his associates have come up against complacent or disgruntled businessmen who have sneered at this talk of expansion. In one community in particular, firm disciples of Adam Smith would hear none of this loose talk. Like old Adam Smith, they believed that the free market was the handiwork of God, and anything you did about it in any way was heresy.

"Look," Hoffman said in the course of an indignant speech, "Adam Smith is dead, and you people don't know it."

Postwar plans for the Studebaker plant at South Bend, Ind., call for production of 1000 cars a day, twice as many as were made in 1940. The estimate is for 15,000 employes, which compares with 8,000 when the plant was turned over to war work.

There is an alive quality in Hoffman's face as he talks about CED. Of course, expansion won't happen by itself. Government must help prepare the way, which is the reason for CED's drastic tax revision program. But Adam Smith, as Hoffman said, is dead, and his ghost cannot restore a free and infinitely expanding market.

Enduring Peace

The methods we use in dispensing justice in regards to the defeated enemy will decide in a great part whether we will have a repetition of this war in another decade.

However, our own sincerity is in question when we use such phrases as guilt of people meaning the German, Japanese or the Italian, for in using such phrases we are only aping the pseudo-scientific racism of the Nazi-Fascists. There is no scientific basis for the premise of a good or bad race of people. This war is being fought to destroy a political philosophy—fascism, not people as such, wherever it may exist, for we have come to realize that fascism means war.

RICHARD STEIN.

Washington, Sept. 5.

Russian Policy

By Barnet Nover

Seeking Security On Two Levels

THE TERMS of the Russo-Finnish armistice signed in Moscow on September 19, together with the terms of the armistice recently concluded with Romania, throw a revealing light on certain basic trends in Russian foreign policy.

Both Finland and Romania were active participants in Hitler's war on the Soviet Union. Finnish troops fought the Russians as did the Romanians. Both Finland and Romania rendered considerable economic assistance to the Third Reich and both provided Germany with bases from which to attack the Allies.

But on balance Romania's contribution to Germany's war effort was very much greater, relatively and absolutely, than was Finland's.

Yet the armistice terms which Russia has imposed on Romania are relatively lenient; those imposed on Finland relatively harsh.

ROMANIA is required to retrocede Bessarabia and Bukovina to Russia and pay an indemnity of 300 million dollars.

However, the promise is being held out to her that she will be compensated for the loss of territory to Russia by the acquisition of territory at present held by Hungary, namely all or a portion of the Transylvania region which Hitler had forced Romania to cede to Hungary in 1940.

To that end the Romanian army is not being disarmed but is being encouraged to wage war on the Magyars, which they are not at all loath to do.

Finland, on the other hand, is being compelled to give up not only the territory she lost at the end of the Russo-Finnish War of 1939-40 but also the Port of Petsamo which she had previously been allowed to retain.

Furthermore, Finland is to give Russia a 50-year lease of the Porkkala headland, just southwest of Helsinki and a still undisclosed land and sea area nearby. As compensation for this lease the Russians have apparently agreed to relinquish their earlier demand for the Hango naval base.

The reparations which Finland is being called upon to pay Russia—300 million dollars—while half the sum which the Russians insisted upon in the earlier peace negotiations—is precisely that which Romania, a richer and more populous country, is being called upon to pay.

IT WOULD be a complete misunderstanding of Russian policy to assume that the leniency which the Russian government is displays out of any Russian love for Romania any more than the harshness of the terms imposed on Finland merely reflects Russian bitterness toward that country.

The motives behind the terms of both the Romanian and the Finnish agreements are not primarily punitive but practical. The driving force in each case is not revenge for past indignities but security against future attack. This latter end the Russians are pursuing with cold-blooded determination and cynicism.

IT IS EVIDENT that the Russian leaders regard Romania if not as the pivot of their future Balkan policy at least as their bastion against a new German Drang Nach Osten.

By holding out to Romania the hope of regaining at least part of the lost Transylvanian areas the Russians hope to bring Romania permanently into the Russian camp.

The Russian attitude toward Finland is basically different. Finland's strategic importance, so far as Russia's security is concerned, arises out of the fact that her borders come close to Leningrad while her northern flank lies along the sea route to Murmansk and Archangel.

Russian policy, towards Finland is basically motivated, therefore, by the determination to prevent Finland from ever again serving as a base for a German attack on the Soviet Union and on the Arctic supply route.

IN BOTH INSTANCES the determining force behind Russian policy is the belief that Germany will make a third try for domination when and if circumstances make it possible.

The Russians are not assuming that Germany's defeat this time will forever end the German menace, no more than did her defeat in 1918.

To hold Germany down will, they realize, require the combined efforts of the present Grand Alliance. There is every reason to believe that Russia wants that alliance kept in being and even strengthened, if it can be strengthened, through the addition of a world peace organization.

But they do not propose to put all their security eggs in one basket. They are determined to secure their borders as best they can themselves as reinsurance against possible dissensions that may develop among the Big Three and possible weaknesses that may develop in the future league. They are seeking security not on one level but on two.

Letters To The Editor

Communications must carry writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. Letters should be held to not more than 200 words. They are subject to condensation.

Education For Peace

It is disturbing to the feelings of many that so few Americans have deeply sensed the horrors of war. To me the Lublin story of atrocious massacre of enslaved peoples by the Nazis is almost devastating to sanity. No animal in the kingdom of beasts shows such depravity. No savage peoples have shown more bestiality in war.

The incontrovertible proof of planned murder and disposal of carcasses of innocent children, women and old men staggers imagination. The planned killings included the lure of the thousands to a place where they were supposed to work. Here they were herded into rooms, stripped of their possessions, which were labeled and salvaged for the German war aims. Then under guise of delousing or baths they were forced naked into rooms and gassed to death. Their bodies were passed on to the crematories and their ashes used for fertilizers.

Somehow Americans have been too much unimpressed by the terrible nature of this race war of the German Nazis. The worst lynchings in America pale into nothingness when thought of in comparison with the bloody doings of Hitler's agents. We have been spared by merciful Providence the bombing of our cities. No robot engines have destroyed our communities. Even the casualty lists have been published so as not to affect morale. The death or wounding of a boy in far-off lands is a terrible tragedy only to the family, and the sorrows occasioned by local burials are spared. Communities are affected little. Americans have lived a prosperous life. More people have had more money and more luxuries than in time of peace. Our prejudices are still with us. Even the acts of conservation, bond buying and blood giving have been sugar-coated. Until some less shallow-minded spoke we were contemplating an armistice day or week, accompanied by the glamour and trappings of the aftermath of a football game or bull fight.

The writer suggests that beginning at least with junior high school, children should be taught the price we pay for human intolerance and government predicated upon the philosophy of superior racism. The story of Nazi inhumanity should be made available. Lublin and other atrocity areas might be used as companion texts to "Mein Kampf." Unless something is done to educate the common man our politicians and statesmen will have a hard time supporting a world court, a national police force, the dissolution of Germany for at least a generation or any other measures to insure against World War III and the destruction of our American homes, communities and peoples.

E. B. HENDERSON.

Austria's Stake

The venerable Secretary of the United States Department of State has called upon the people of Austria, inhabitants of the Danube Valley and the Alps, central Europe, to arise.

Purpose of the desired revolution is freedom, of course.

However, we are allowed to ask: "Freedom from what?" Freedom from Nazi tyranny is a very negative aim, while the people of that unfortunate Austria which was created at St. Germain after the disolution of the old empire still are afraid of the return of those terrible times of never-ending foreign loans, granted under humiliating terms.

Let us not forget the situation before the "Anschluss," before that horrible day of Hitler's entrance into Vienna, when the foreign diplomats, among them the United States Minister, left, virtually recognizing the first step toward universal conquest and world-nazification! One good third of Austria's population already had embraced nazism, one third found itself neutral and one third opposed, but the latter third certainly was not able to do much in a state which had become a Catholic-Fascistic dictatorship after the February 1934 "putsch" resembling Franco's state, though considerably more lenient and more constitutional.

In spite of frightful revenge, Germany did two important things for her newly acquired Ostmark: She thoroughly industrialized the country and gave her her own big market. Thus millions of former socialistic workers were won for Hitler and reluctantly became new Nazis.

Of course, Austria would like to rid herself from oppression, but somewhat more must be offered to the people of Austria than the people of the State Department are offering. Austria's people never will arise to rid themselves from present-day's big economic unit—hellish it may be—to become the starving country of the era 1919-1938.

On the other hand, the dealings of the people of the State Department with the Fascists and just-about-Nazis of Italy and France are not very inspiring for the freedom-loving people of any oppressed nation.

Nazi prisoners have a wonderful time in this country: No reeducation or propaganda is allowed in the prisoner camps, their national socialism is carefully preserved, and they themselves execute non-Nazis by "suiciding" them. After the war they will go back to Europe and contribute more difficulties to the friends of freedom and of the American people.

Frightfully efficient is Dr. Goebbels' words: "Enjoy the war—peace will be terrible!"

DR. ROBERT RIE.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 15.

United Belgium

Exiles Return

ON THE eighth of this month several hundred Belgian officials and refugees stood in Eaton Square, London, cheering a small group of men who were stepping into automobiles ready to take them to an airfield: after four years of exile the Belgian Government was flying back to its liberated capital.

The Prime Minister, asked for a statement by the press, said simply: "This is the happiest day of my life." Other members of the party wept. In an hour and a half they would reach the goal they had been longing for for four painful years. The wall of cement and steel between their country and Great Britain had crumbled: they were going to be home in an hour and a half.

They must have been silent when the motors slowed down and the planes, with that unique exhilarating feeling of gliding, winged earthward. Silent with gladness and unspeakable joy, silent also with the consciousness of having done their arduous, exhausting duty to the full. One of them had lost two of his young boys in a train accident; one of them had lost two of his sons in combat, the third one fighting on. All of them had been separated from their families and friends. One of them had left his wife and ten children in the hands of the enemy. All had had reason to fear that the Germans would take revenge on their wives and children for whatever they might do or say in London. And besides there was the human angle: four years of separation alter people.

THESE MEN were politicians. Many people have come to use this term in a depreciatory sense. They are wrong. Of course when the politician corresponds to his caricature, he is a despicable character, but so is the butcher, the lawyer or the grocer, if we think of them in the terms the cartoonist uses to stress the abuses of these professions. There are good and bad politicians.

Politics is a profession like any other; it has a technique and a number of handicaps. Like any other profession, it deforms the man who is devoted to it: the glassblower overexerts his lungs; sometimes the politician does as much to his mind. But more than anybody else the politician, in difficult times, has a chance to achieve greatness.

History alone will determine whether these men were great or whether their smallnesses outdid their latent greatness, but it is already certain that all of them had that permanent quality of patient endurance which made them deserving servants of the national community.

In 1940 the two houses of parliament had charged them to pursue the war to a victorious end. They had known dark and somber days; they may have doubted, but they never failed. Burying their differences of opinion, smoothing over the more angular aspects of their characters, which the war had a tendency to increase, they lived in harmony and they cooperated perfectly for four years.

They were a fair sampling of the Belgian population: typical Walloons like the Prime Minister, Pierlot, born in a small village of the Ardennes Forest; like the Minister of Information, Delfosse, a native of valiant Liege; typical Flemings, like Mr. De Schryver, Minister of the Interior, born in Ghent, the most personal and stubborn Flemish city of Flanders; like Mr. De Vleechauwer, the Minister of Colonies, a husky representative of Flemish peasantry; like Mr. Balthasar, a fighting Socialist deputy from Ghent, and finally there were two natives of Brussels, who are neither fish nor flesh, but a mixture of both—Mr. Spaak, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Mr. Gutt, the Minister of Finance, who have in common that art of living typical of Brussels which both Flemings and Walloons, hampered by their romantic temperaments, acquire only with difficulty.

NONE OF THEM is a demigod; none of them thinks he is. They were human beings all the time and, fighting against terrible odds, they put up in London a governmental administration that was cohesive and efficient. For four years these men represented Belgium in the free world.

When they arrived in Brussels they were cheered by the people, and every Belgian knows that before cheering a minister, a Belgian thinks it over at least twice! They took energetic measures from the beginning, dismissing all collaborationist officials, rebuilding the administrative structure of the nation. They proclaimed their determination to rebuild the country, to insist on the liberation of King Leopold, and to pursue the war.

After a few days in the liberated capital, while fighting is still going on in parts of the country, they already know that the Belgians are more united than ever and they have the feeling that their long and painful labors have been recompensed by a welcome that expressed warmth and gratitude.

(Reprinted From News From Belgium.)

Today and Tomorrow

By Walter Lippmann

Problems Of A German Settlement

THE PROBLEMS of the German settlement beyond the first phase of a military occupation—particularly, what is to be the enduring political order of the German nation, what is to be its social economy — cannot be resolved at this time. He who thinks, for example, that he can draw lines on a map for the partition of Germany and then order Germany partitioned, is indulging his own fantasies. He could just as well order the cook to unscramble yesterday's scrambled eggs.



LIPPMANN

Whether Germany should and can be partitioned is an unanswerable question until we know what the Germans are like who will rise to leadership after the destruction of the Nazi regime. We cannot know this until as a result of the purge of the Nazis, perhaps of a German rebellion against their masters, and of Allied government leading to the restoration of local and provincial self-government, we find out what Germans the Germans will follow. It may be that these postwar Germans will wish to break up the German Reich. It may be that they will wish to decentralize it. If what we are looking for is a lasting solution, we must not for a moment imagine that it can be achieved without a very large measure of German consent and participation.

THE CRUCIAL NEED at this time is that we should think systematically, which means above all to realize that these problems can be decided rightly only if they are decided in the right order. First things come first, and before second things, because the second things will be different depending on how we have dealt with the first things. Thus we can think about dinner but we had better not order it until we know how we feel when we have eaten and digested our lunch. Whether Germany is to be partitioned cannot and should not be decided until German self-government has been restored up to the level of the historic German states—such as Bavaria, Baden, Wurttemberg.

Partition is a confusing word for the thing that Mr. Sumner Welles and others are advocating. To partition a country has always meant—as in the case of Poland in the Eighteenth Century—to divide it up and then to annex the parts to its neighbors. But nobody dreams of annexing all the separated parts of Germany. What is really meant by "partition" is the dissolution of the German national state by the secession of the old German states which have become incorporated in the Reich.

NOW SECESSION, without annexation to anyone else, would leave several independent German states. Mr. Welles thinks there should be three. Others think there should be more than three. But the great question is how are these "partitioned" German states to stay partitioned? If they like independence and cherish it, that is one thing. But if they resent the partition and long to reunite, then the attempt of the Allies to enforce partition becomes like the attempt to unscramble yesterday's scrambled eggs.

For this reason we must not, I believe, waste time arguing fiercely about whether we think Germany should be divided up. We must fix our attention on the necessary and prior problem of administering the military government of Germany in such a way as to promote the appearance by democratic processes of trustworthy Germans. Only when that has been done can we know what we are talking about when we consider the German political settlement.

NOR HAVE WE yet got to the bridge we shall have to cross in settling the economic position of Germany. We, that is to say the Allies, cannot make the long-range decisions until we have decided what economic measures are necessary to prevent the revival of German military power. This problem is now being discussed in all the Allied capitals, and opinion ranges widely between two poles. There are those who propose the destruction of German industrial power on the theory that only if the Germans cannot rearm can we make sure they will not rearm. At the opposite pole there are those who believe that a flourishing German economy should be restored, and that German rearmament should be prevented not by economic measures but by military force. Between these two poles of theory there are many proposals which lean one way or the other.

My own view is that the more objectively the problem is examined, the greater will be the tendency towards the second view —that is to say towards regarding the prevention of rearmament as calling primarily for military measures, and only incidentally for economic. In such a view we would forbid the making of any weapons and the training of any men in military formations, and we would destroy or remove any installation or tool exclusively designed for war. We would reserve the right to be the judges of what is a violation of this rule and to back up this prohibition by drastic penalties quickly applied. But just because civilian industry can be converted to war purposes, we would not attempt to destroy German civilian industry.

THE REASON for not destroying German civilian industry is that it is impossible to reduce the German people to an agricultural level. They would die of famine, or rather long before they died of famina, they would become a sullen festering mass of desperate human beings that no one could deal with.

The whole theory of destroying the German war potential by destroying German industry is a confusion of cause and effect. It assumes that people are warlike because they can make weapons, whereas in fact they make weapons because they wish to be or have to be warlike. We had in 1941 the greatest war potential in the world and we were just about as unwarlike as a big nation can be. The Japanese have a small war potential, but they are a warrior nation.

Therefore our target in Germany should not be her civilian industries, but her military system—that is to say the finished products for use in battle—weapons, an officers' corps, trained troops, planning staffs, mobilization plans and records, intelligence services. That is easier than trying to stop automobiles because they can transport troops or clothing factories because they can make uniforms.

THIS DOES NOT mean or imply that German civilian industry should not be controlled. Control and destruction are two quite different policies. German industry must be controlled, not so much to prevent war, but for the purpose of making it serve the reconstruction of Europe.

How this is to be done cannot, however, be settled until the three big powers call France and the leading European nations into their councils.

Off the Record

By Ed Reed



"Tucker wants to get a head start—he heard that after the war everybody would be flying!"

America At War

By Selden Menefee

Joe Doakes On The Peace

WITH THE GERMANS advancing backward toward the Rhine, the Quebec conference completed and the Dumbarton Oaks meetings "progressing favorably," this is a good time to take another look at American opinion on postwar foreign policy.

A series of recent polls by the National Opinion Research Center at Denver University casts much new light on this whole question. They reveal that while Americans are optimistic about the war—a majority expects the European phase of it to be over by the end of the year—they are woefully ill-prepared for the problems of the peace.

True, 7 out of 10 favor joining a world league of nations to outlaw war. They will O. K. whatever comes out of Dumbarton Oaks, and probably would be willing to go much farther than the Big Four will recommend. A year ago, for example, the NORC found that 76 out of every 100 thought that "a world union should have power to make laws regarding international problems," and of those 76 no less than 68 definitely favored "some kind of a military police force to make all countries obey those laws."

While 87 per cent thought that we should have a larger Army, Navy and Air Force after the war than before, nevertheless 70 per cent said they would be willing to have a union of nations determine the size of America's armed forces along with those of other countries. And opinions in this general field have changed little in the last year.

Confusion is shown, however, in our opinions on how the enemy should be treated after the war. The latest polls indicate that our allies may have some grounds for fearing that Americans will be susceptible to propaganda for a "soft" peace. The blitzes and the buzzbombs never reached us, and in the flush of victory we may be overgenerous with the warmakers.

NORC interviewers put this question to a cross-section of some 2500 adult Americans throughout the country: "If you had your say, how would we treat the people who live in Germany after this war?"

THE ANSWERS were hard to classify; many of them overlapped, falling in two categories. But two out of every three Americans advocated lenient treatment for the German people (though not for their Nazi leaders), active assistance, or a re-education program.

Four out of every 10 recommended strict supervision of economical and political life in Germany during a probationary period, isolation and policing of the Reich, and/or complete disarmament. Only 1 in 10 came forth with more severe measures, such as punitive action, torture, or "extermination." (In Great Britain, 6 persons out of 10 favor punitive action such as the Russians have already taken.)

Two Americans out of three would like to see the United States Government help Germany get her peacetime industries going again after the war. More than half believe that in the long run, the United States would benefit from such a policy because of its positive effect on international peace and prosperity. And 7 out of 10 think that the German people might surrender sooner if they were convinced that we would help them get back to a peacetime economy.

Only a minority seems to be aware of the dangers inherent in this plan unless it is accompanied by close control over a long period of time by Allied police forces, to prevent misuse of such help.

Similarly, a Gallup Poll last month showed that while two Americans out of three said we should supervise the education and training of German youth after this war, the average citizen thought it would be necessary to keep our forces in Germany for two or three years only, in order "to maintain peace and order after the war."

The public is most inconsistent of all on the reparations question. An NORC poll released this month shows that 62 per cent of us think "we should try to make the people of Germany pay us either in money or goods for our cost of this war." But only 30 per cent think that "the people in Germany will be able to pay us either in money or goods for our cost of this war within 25 years after the war is over."

THE REMAINDER of those who think we should try to collect at least some reparations are pessimistic about our actual chances of doing so, on the theory that you can't get blood out of a turnip. Only 1 person in 20 advocates the use of force to collect—that is, forced labor, military occupation, or outright war. One in 10 thinks we should take over German industry if necessary to insure payment.

Fewer people would seek reparations if certain preliminary steps are taken to punish Germany for her aggression. To the question, "If Germany is made to give up all the land she has taken since 1930, and if Hitler and the other Nazi leaders are punished, should we try to make the German people pay for our cost of this war, or not?" a bare plurality—48 per cent—said "yes."

Public Opinion Polls

A Forum

So many questions are asked about the organization of public opinion polls, especially since the presidential campaign started, that we are publishing a series of extracts from Dr. George Gallup's new book, "A Guide To Public Opinion Polls."—Editor's Note.

"Cannot the results be thrown off base because of prejudiced or biased interviewers? How do you know that interviewers who feel particularly strongly about some question do not select persons who have the same prejudice?"

It is to be expected that some interviewers will have strong convictions on many issues. The problem is to get such interviewers to maintain an attitude of strict impartiality, but more important is the setting up of an interviewing situation in which any such bias has the least chance of operating.

If the interviewer were permitted to discuss at length with respondents, the questions on his ballot, this bias on the part of the interviewer would almost certainly be revealed, and possibly would influence to some degree the answer given by the person interviewed. If the interviewer is not permitted this opportunity, but is required to read questions from a printed ballot exactly as they are printed, without discussion or explanation, the possibility of biasing the respondent's answers is virtually eliminated.

But even with this precaution it is still important on occasion to know whether, as a matter of fact, the interviewer has biased the results. The work of any one interviewer can be compared with the work of any other interviewers, given similar assignments in similar or in neighboring communities. Any interviewer whose results differ widely from those of interviewers working in similar communities would obviously be suspect.

Much can be learned about interviewer bias by checking the views of interviewers themselves. Thus, if interviewers with Democratic leanings find too high a proportion of persons who favor Democratic candidates, or interviewers with Republican leanings find too high a ratio favoring Republican candidates, their results are also suspect. This same type of analysis of possible interviewer bias can be conducted on any controversial point.

In his analysis, Cantril found that interviewer bias usually tends to cancel out, so that the over-all results are not affected significantly.

Although this factor, on analysis, does not appear to be of great importance, it does need more thorough study, as Cantril points out. It is a problem which better selection and training of interviewers can undoubtedly overcome.

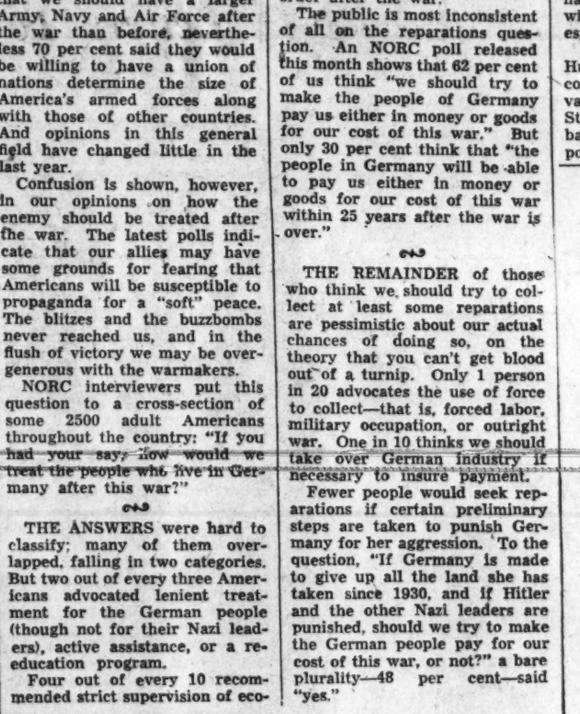
Paris' Food Supply Now 50% of Normal

Paris, Sept. 20 (AP).—Three weeks after liberation, Paris is getting only half its normal food supply and Parisians are living on less than half the calories they need, Food Minister Paul Giaccobi said today.

The diet and health situation is so critical that 9 out of 10 wounded Frenchmen are dying, compared with a ratio of o. 1 out of 10 German wounded, he told a press conference.

Grin and Bear It

By Lichty



"Senator Snort's getting awfully conceited about the fact that he's on as big a network as some of the professional comedians!"

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

WAR DEPARTMENT and State Department officials are still quaking in their boots after President Roosevelt blew up last month over their failure to achieve any clear plan for civil administration in Germany.

With the armistice due any time, joint British and American army units spent most of the summer writing and rewriting a handbook to place before civil administrators to be assigned to Germany. The fourth draft of this handbook arrived here from London late in August for comment from the War, State, and Treasury Departments. It turned out to be a completely negative set of instructions, with no clear and workable recommendations concerning labor problems, food problems, industrial problems.

And there was absolutely no instruction for the handling of Nazis in key posts. Civil administrators studying the book were given no reason to believe that the British and American Governments even desired to oust Nazis from important posts in Germany.

The galley proofs came in with instructions that recommended changes should be cabled back to London in about twenty-four hours.

In disgust, Treasury Secretary Henry Morgenthau and Harry White, director of the Treasury's monetary research division, took the proofs to the White House, tossed them on the President's desk and asked him to look them over.

The President, already peeved because he had not been consulted about the appointment of Robert Murphy as political adviser to General Eisenhower, read through six pages of the handbook, then threw it down indignantly.

"Feed the Germans!" he said. "I'll give them three bowls of soup a day, with nothing in them. Control inflation! Let them have all the inflation they want. I should worry Control industry. There's not going to be any industry in Germany to control."

Blistering Letter To Stimson

HE TURNED to Morgenthau and demanded that, within two days, Morgenthau, Secretary of War Stimson and Secretary of State Hull prepare for him a detailed plan for the civil administration of Germany. Then he wrote Stimson a two-page letter, blistering the proposed handbook.

So irked was he that he dispensed with the usual "Dear Henry" salutation, heading his letter instead "To the Secretary of War." First sentence was, "This is a very bad job." There followed long quotes from the handbook galley proofs, passages which FDR picked at random as especially weak or stupid.

Copies of this letter went to Hull and Morgenthau. Hull's copy was routed out through the various offices concerned in the State Department, finally getting back with penciled notations opposite the various quotations. State Department officials were unable to understand, it seems, what was wrong with the draft and wrote in the margin such comments as "What's wrong with this?" or "This looks okay to me."

FDR's demand for a definite policy on Germany was made on Thursday afternoon, August 31. The deadline was the next Saturday, and resulted in a flurry of memos and a good deal of overtime work at the State Department.

No final plan was reached, but enough was put together for the President to put before the full Cabinet for discussion the next week. By the time he left for Quebec, he himself had some very clear ideas on this policy, even though it was not yet fully formulated.

One beneficial result of the President's anger was the dumping into State Department wastebaskets of half a dozen directives being prepared to outline civil administration in Japan after the war. These were just as insipid as the handbook for German administration.

Capital Chaff

THE ARMY QUARTERMASTER is now considering banishment of its concentrated food tablets given GI's as emergency rations, particularly dextrose tablets. Writes one GI: "We can give the French almost anything but they won't accept those dextrose tablets. From foxhole to foxhole, discarded dextrose tablets fairly litter the earth. We have been hungry enough to munch on the boxes but never the tablets." . . .

United States District Judge "Jefty" O'Connor of Los Angeles has urged that we preserve the official records of Nazi-Jap atrocities, lest the next generation forget. The original documents from the war guilt trials should be preserved in the Congressional Library for future students, urges Judge O'Connor.

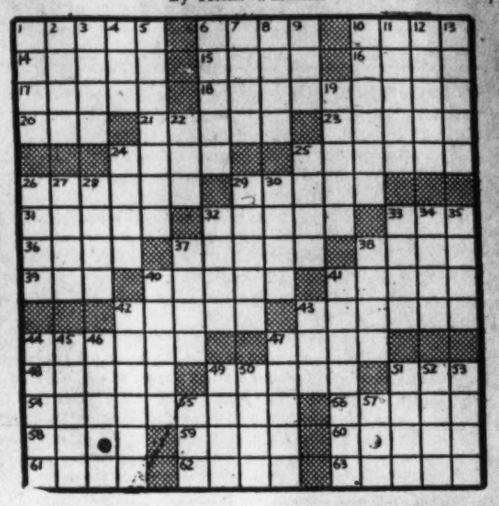
Democratic Congressmen are fuming over the fact that, while the Rotary, Kiwanis and other socalled nonpolitical clubs are warning their speakers not to talk politics, Miss Vivien ("Tax-Me-Not") Kellems has been speaking to various of these clubs, spreading violent anti-Roosevelt propaganda. . . Before the Los Angeles Rotary clubs recently, the vivacious Vivien launched her sharpest barb at Attorney-General Francis Biddle. Apparently she didn't know that that it was Biddle who overruled his subordinates regarding prosecution of Miss Kellums for communicating with a Nazi agent in Argentina.

Canine "Short Snorter"

GENERAL MARK CLARK recently has his cocker spaniel "Pal" sent to him in an airplane across the Atlantic. As a result, officers at Clark's headquarters in Italy decided that "Pal" should be a member of the Short Snorters Club, to join which one must cross the Atlantic by plane. So they presented "Pal" with a little leather bill case attached to his collar and containing a Snorter dollar bill. In one hour's time, "Pal" came back with 14 signatures on his membership bill.

Daily Cross Word Puzzle

By Helen Whitman



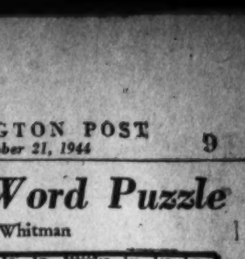
ACROSS.

1 Plant insect
6 Disparage
10 Arrived
14 Adorn
15 To trust
16 Alpine goat
17 Ravage
18 Destroy
20 Affirmative
21 Sources
23 Estimator
24 Lock
25 Retiring
26 Declaims
29 Where Gandhi was incarcerated
31 Heavy rope
32 Seaport in Nigeria
33 Serpent
36 Seed covering
37 Stiffened
38 Cry of the bacchanals
39 To soak
40 Unfasten
41 Broil
42 Tearful
43 Carnivorous quadruped
44 Seem
47 Forces down
48 Bobbins
49 Sudden attack
51 Spread to dry
54 Milky herb
56 Edict
58 "——— Homo"
59 Poker term
60 Tropical climbing plant
61 Indigence
62 Italian actress
63 Ambassador Davies' daughte

DOWN.

1 City in India
2 Implore
3 Possess
4 Frosting
5 Perceive
6 Ruminant
7 Dominoes
8 Tall tree of Java
9 Revolutionary
10 Cricket
11 Moderate
12 Apportions
13 Bring into action
19 Smooths
22 Worm
24 Cabinet member
25 Disposition
26 Deface
27 Cut away
28 Death notice
29 Spring flower
30 Molding
32 Complete electric circuit
33 Bird: Lat.
34 Flatfish
35 Parchment roll
37 South African Dutch
38 Epochs
40 To let
41 Small bud
42 Consolidated
43 Combat
44 Forest in "As You Like It"
45 Repose
46 Coins of trifle value
47 Wife of a rajah
49 Aborigine of northern Japan
50 Shares
51 Dutch language of South Africa
52 Hireling
53 Chief officer of a cathedral
55 Boy
57 Kipling charact

YESTERDAY'S ANSWER.



Odd Jap Souvenir Is Captured by Arlington Man

Among the war souvenirs of Sergt. Lunquest Robertson of Arlington, is a Jap combination field telephone and telegraph set which he obtained during a routine reconnaissance of Jap positions at Zista Village, New Georgia. Robertson is an intelligence sergeant in division headquarters of the Twenty-fifth Infantry in the South Pacific.

Sergeant Robertson is the husband of Mrs. Anne Patricia Robertson of 3504 N. 22d st., and the son of Mr. and Mrs. Lee B. Robertson, 4803 N. Washington blvd., Arlington, and entered the Army in March, 1942, and has been overseas since June, 1942.

$214,244 Bid Low On New U. of Va. 4 Nurses' Home

University of Virginia authorities will ask Gov. Colgate Darden and the Federal Works Agency to award the contract for construction of an addition to McKim Hall, nurses home at University Hospital, To Graham Brothers of Richmond, who today submitted the low bid of $214,244.

The addition of five story T-shaped building, will provide living accommodations for approximately 120 student nurses enrolled in the United States Cadet Nurses Corps, as well as for a house mother and five instructors.

The Federal Works Agency is contributing $147,500 toward the cost of the project from Lanham Act funds, while the total cost, including equipping the home, has been estimated at $295,000.

TONIGHT at 9:15

Congressman Jerry Voorhis of California, and Congressman Calvin D. Johnson of Illinois, discuss

Allied Policy In Occupied Germany

Heard Locally Saturday WWDC, 9:15 P. M.

INTERVIEWED BY

Richard Eaton

PROMINENT NEWS ANALYST

wmca NEW YORK HEARD IN WASHINGTON OVER WWDC

Important Announcement:

FRENCH VOGUE PREPARES FOR ACTION

In 1940, when the Germans invaded Paris, they closed the offices of French Vogue. Dr. Goebbels planned to supplant Vogue with the German magazine, *Die Dame*, and announced that the center of European fashion would be switched from Paris to Berlin. It was soon apparent that neither of these plans would ever be successful. Paris continued to create the most distinguished fashions in Europe, and *Die Dame* was never able to meet the standards set by Vogue.

When Vogue's Paris office was forced to close, the staff of the fashion magazine dispersed. Some of its members were sent to concentration camps. For four long years, French Vogue was silenced.

Now that the great couture city is free again, Vogue has already taken steps to re-assemble its Paris staff. Fashion drawings and photographs are being rushed by clipper to Vogue's New York office. Important French fashion information will appear in an early issue of American Vogue.

VOGUE A CONDÉ NAST PUBLICATION

Trout Wins 25th as Tigers Whip Yanks, 8-2

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★

Best Reward Wins by Photo at Laurel

This Morning

—With Shirley Povich

ST. Louis, Sept. 20.—No matter who wins the American League Pennant, that team will go into the World Series as the long-shot against the National League's Cardinals, often referred as "The only big league team in the big leagues this season."



POVICH

As of this morning, the Cardinals needed only one more victory to clinch the National League Pennant. They had lost eight of their last nine games, yet there was no alarm whatsoever that the cards would lose the pennant. So completely had they dominated the league with their team of pre-war calibre that they were still 13½ games in front.

Let's inspect these Cardinals, who made a laughable race of it in the National League with a lead that reached 17 games at one point in late August. The war has virtually passed 'em by. In only one position, second base, is it a different team from the club that won the 1943 pennant. They're the fastest club in the majors and Manager Billy Southworth has availabale for the World Series four starting pitchers with an aggregate record of 67 wins against 26 losses.

Emil Verban at second base is the only newcomer with a regular job on the Cardinals. He's a better fielder than Lou Klein, who lost to the Army, though not as robust a hitter. He's one of the two slow men on the Cardinals, but he's a slick double play partner of shortstop Marty Marion. The Tigers used to own him.

Johnny Hopp, the center fielder, was a utility man last year after he lost the first base job to Ray Sanders. Hopp couldn't hit in 1943, but this year he's a tremendous guy with his .333 average. In his first four years with the Cards he hit ten homers. He's hit ten this season. In the best tradition of Cardinal outfielders, he's a streak on the bases.

Stan Musial, the right fielder, is the dynamic guy in the batting order with his .348 average. His fielding has improved since they moved him from left to right field. In one year, he made the jump from a Class D league pitcher to a big league outfielder. He took to outfielding after hurting his shoulder at Daytona in 1940. He's the Cardinals' best hitter since Chick Hafey.

Walker Cooper, the catcher, bats fourth. He's the latest of a long line of good Cardinal catchers—Bob O'Farrell, Jimmy Wilson, Bill Delancey, and Mickey Owen. Came up from the Cards' Columbus farm in '40, a year after his pitching brother, Mort. He hits .320, catches like an artist and terrifies base runners.

Ray Sanders, the first baseman, was given a 4-F card because of a heart murmur. He's tall and an ideal target for infield throws. He hits around .300 and like most of the Cardinals he's fast on the bases.

Whitey Kurowski, the third baseman, is the guy who beat Red Ruffing in that last World Series game of 1942 with his Yankee home run. He's a pull hitter, strictly, because of a crooked left arm which is missing a large section of bone, the result of a boyhood disease. He's a good third baseman and a big runs-batted-in man, despite his .280 average.

Danny Litwhiler, the left fielder, isn't quite in the style of the Cardinals, who got him from the Phils in a trade. He's slow, doesn't throw well, and doesn't cover much ground. He always slides head first to protect his creaky legs. But he has hit 11 homers.

Marty Marion is Mr. Shortstop. So called because he represents everything a shortstop should be. There may never have been a better one. He's tall and skinny, with an amazing pair of meat-hooks and spidery-like action as he makes all the plays. His batting average is only .265 but there isn't a better clutch hitter on the club.

Mort Cooper, Max Lanier, Ted Wilks, and Harry Brecheen. They're the big four of the pitching staff. Lanier and Brecheen are left-handers. Lanier won ten in a row at one stage. Hasn't won any of his last six starts but has lost some tough ones. His last victory was a one-hitter. Big Cooper is a sure-shot to pitch the series opener. Wilks is the rookie sensation, with his 16 wins and 3 defeats. He's a curve baller mostly. Harry (The Cat) Brecheen has won 13 and lost 5. He's a control guy with a sneaky curve. Southworth's pitching worries have been nil all season.

On the Line

—With CONSIDINE

New York, Sept. 20.—A vision of pro football teams flying 3000 miles across the country to play a league game, and the prospect of stadium grabbing, price wars and dizzy player salaries arise out of receipt of the news that there will be three big league pro loops operating after the war.



CONSIDINE

Until the boys come marching home, or until the day when airplane seats go only to those with the fattest briefcases, the National Football League will be the only big league. It will continue to function as it has for years, with well-knit, well-established teams extending from Chicago to New York, and Green Bay, Wisc., to Washington.

The two new loops are the All-America and the Trans-America. All-America has let franchises to sportsmen in Chicago, New York, Baltimore, Buffalo, Cleveland, Los Angeles and San Francisco, and is fondly eyeing Detroit, Philadelphia and Boston.

Trans-America, headed by Chick Meehan, who turned New York University into an outstanding team and then had himself and his ball club deflated by the college heads, will operate "when war conditions permit" in New York, Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Miami, Dallas, Houston and Los Angeles.

"We don't plan any 'war' on the National League," George Gross, attorney for the Trans-America League, told us today. "Mr. Meehan has spoken to Elmer Layden, president of the National League, and Mr. Layden agrees with him that there is plenty of room in which pro football can expand."

Apparently the Trans-America group plans to ignore the challenge of All-America.

Trans-America, as well as All-America, will adopt the sensible plan of the National League, which does not attempt to get college stars to quit their alma mammies and join pro ranks.

But Trans-America, according to Gross, hopes to go even farther. It will not approach any gridmen now in uniform, will not take a college player until his class graduates, even though the bloke drops out of school for flunking his freshman archery and needlecraft.

Trans-America will try something else. It won't draft college graduates, as the National does. It will give its clubs their sectional rights to dicker to college graduates. It hopes to populate the Dallas and Houston teams, for instance, with stars from the Southwestern Conference, its Los Angeles team with outstanding Pacific Coast and Rocky Mountain players, the Miami club with boys from that State and the case-hardened Southeastern and Southern Conferences, and let the Eastern Clubs battle it out for the rest.

The new league hopes to use airplanes almost exclusively, and has approached three companies, one of them American Airlines. The backing is good—the husband of a Ruppert heir in New York, J. Basil McGuire; John B. Kelly, Philadelphia politician and former Olympic oarsman in Philadelphia; Carmen d'Augustino, rich wine merchant, and Harry Joe Brown, movie director, in Los Angeles; George Schepps, Dallas baseball club owner; Louis R. Perini, C. J. Maney and Guido Rugo, owners of the Boston Braves, etc., etc.

"We aren't going about this in a half-hearted manner," Gross said.

Inevitably, there will be a scramble for stadiums—preferably ones with covered stands. The National League has a tight lock on the best ones in New York, Washington, Boston, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Chicago, Green Bay and Detroit.

There will be equally furious grabs for the available talent. The colleges turn out a tremendous number of football players each normal peacetime year. But the pro league can function only with the cream of them. With three rich leagues bidding for their services you can bet your last buck that salaries and signing bonuses will boom magnificently. It is possible that there may be a $50,000-a-year football player before the bubble breaks. If it does. Sammy Baugh of the Washington Redskins is the highest paid man in the National League today. He makes about $15,000 a season.

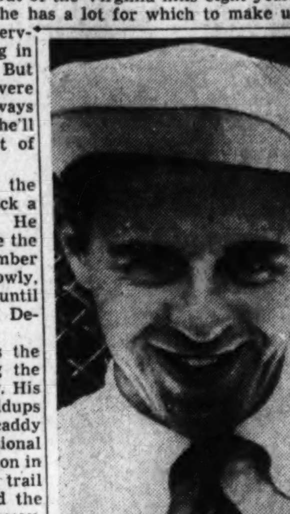
The Sports Patrol

Warning to Pros: Sam Snead Preparing for Golf 'Comeback'

By Oscar Fraley

New York, Sept. 20 (U.P.).—Samuel Jackson Snead, fresh out of the Navy, is planning tonight to return to competitive golf on the winter circuit with intentions of living up to predictions based on his faultless form when he first strode out of the Virginia hills eight years ago.

Slammin' Sammy feels that he has a lot for which to make up. A injury forced him out of the service and now, at 32, he's resting in his Hot Springs, Va., home. But the back ailment isn't severe enough to keep him off the fairways and Snead is confident that he'll soon be able to give the best of them a run for the money.



SAM SNEAD

The hill-billy clouter with the sloping shoulders has come back a changed and determined man. He hopes to be able to demonstrate the new Snead as early as November but, if his touch returns slowly, will delay his second debut until the Miami Open is staged in December.

Sambo, you'll remember, is the lad who came close to being the greatest failure i ngolf history. His was one of the greatest buildups in the annals of the sport. A caddy at 15, he became a professional early and first attracted attention in 1937 when he hit the winter trail and on his first swing copped the Oakland, Crosby, St. Paul, Nassau, and Miami Opens and finished second to Ralph Guldahl in the National Open.

Reams Were Written

Reas were written of the newcomer. His faultless swing. His tremendous distance off the tees. His accuracy. His coolness.

Yet, until the last tournament before he went into the Navy, Slammin' Sammy never could win the big ones—the Open or the PGA.

Always they evaded him, even in the years he was the leading money winner or when he won the Vardon Award for having the best tournament record. He came so close once it almost ruined his game. That was in the 1939 National Open at Philadelphia, with Craig Wood, Denny Shute, and Byron Nelson already finished in a three-way tie and Sammy needing but a par five on the last hole to win or a bogie six to tie. That was the day of his terrific eight. And it put him behind the eight-ball, for they said then that Sammy Snead couldn't take pressure.

Five years in a row he reached the finals in one or the other—and he always blew 'em. Then came May of 1942 and the PGA at Atlantic City—and Sam's call to the colors but weeks away.

And once again Sammy reached the finals. This time his opponent was Corpl. Jim Turnesa, playing on furlough. And the little corporal was tough. He had eliinated big Byron Nelson the previous day in a sudden death playoff and the gallery was rooting for the plodding, determined soldier.

Needed All His Moxie

Snead needed all his moxie that day. The crowd was hostile in its rooting for Turnesa and when they reached the twenty-fourth tee Slammin' Sammy was two down. Right there he lifted himself by his bootstraps and back into the match, with a curling 12-foot putt that left him one down and on the twenty-seventh he squared it up. Finally Snead went one up and added another before they reached the short thirty-fifth hole.

Turnesa dropped one on the green and Snead drove over. Then, the hill-billy they said couldn't take it, lined up his 60-foot chip shot and the ball dropped in the cup with a sound like a bucket falling in a well. He batted Turnesa's ball away for a half and—after a five-year search—Snead walked oq the course with the PGA crown.

Almost 2½ years have passed since Sammy took his only big one and then walked out of golf. But now he's back and it'll be nice if Sambo can pick up where he left off—and finally live up to those eight-year-old press notices.

Amateur Champions Parade In Tomorrow Night's Show

Washington's first Amateur Boxing Carnival of Champions will be Veterans of Foreign Wars feature a 10-bout benefit show that will featured at Griffith Stadium tomorrow night at 8:30 o'clock when the jointly benefit the VFW Welfare Fund and District Amateur Boxing and Equipment Fund.

A parade of 13 amateur chamuions will be included in a field that wil show all sizes, shapes and styles of boxers. District, Baltimore, Eastern and Midwestern champions are to perform, and whirlwind action is assured from start to finish.

The spotlight will be trained on Frank Sweeney and Joe Gannon, Washington's National AAU championsat 160 and 147 pounds, respectively.

Sweeney Meets Borne

Sweeney, the Merrick Club's miracle boy who has swept the District Golden Gloves and District and National AAU. championships despite the fact that he has been boxing only for nine months, comes back in a return bout against Detroit's Billy Borne, Michigan's amateur middleweight champion.

Borne won a close decision over Sweeney in Detroit, his onl defeat in 16 amateur bouts. Sweney, who otherwise has numbered 11 knockouts among 15 victories, immediately sought a return bout. Sweeney is a terrific two-fisted puncher.

Gannon, wha has added a potent left hok since last appearing here, engages a newcomer in Melvin Espey, former Penn State welterweight champion. Espey is pinch hitting for Mike Grim, the Midwestern menace who has found it necessary to stnad by his War job in Media, Ohio.

Espey Strong, Rugged

Espey is described as a strong, rugged fellow with a punch. He also is said to have the competitive fury and confidence necessary to demand Gannon's best.

Joe Gannon won five Junior Golden Gloves titles before turnin gto the seniors. He says he has been boxing since his sixth birthday, and has had over 150 bouts. Since wining National AAU honors in Boston, he has knocked out opponents both in Cleveland and New Orleans.

Other bouts on tomorrow night's program offer: 112 pounds—Johnny Arduini vs. Charles Habron. 126 pounds—Gilly Smithson vs. Herbie Jones and Harry Ismer vs. Lloyd Habron. 135 pounds—Bernie Bary vs. Frank Muche, Harry Parusi vs. Charles Rockenberg and Dave Staples vs. Joe Poodles. 147 pounds—Jimmy Balderson vs. Charles Dobson, another event is being closed.

Tickets are on sale at VFW Headquarters, 1319 K st.nw., day and night, and at Griffith Stadium.

Pirates Beat Dodgers, 2-1, On Elliott's Hit

Brooklyn, Sept. 20 (AP).—The Pittsburgh Pirates delayed the St. Louis Cardinals' pennant clinching today, beating the Brooklyn Dodgers, 2 to 1.

Bob Elliott, returning to the regular lineup after a layoff due to an injury, drove in both Pirate runs, sending home Jim Russell with a double in the second inning and scoring Pete Coscarart in the seventh with a single. Elliott is now only four RBI's shp of the century mark, which he achieved last year.

Pittsburgh	AB	H	O	A
C'carart,2b	3	1	2	7
Russell,lf	5	2	3	1
Barrett,cf	4	0	1	0
Elliott,3b	5	2	1	2
Coleman,rf	3	1	3	0
Dahlgren,1b	3	1	14	1
Gustine,ss	2	0	1	3
Lopez,c	2	0	2	0
St'cevich,p	4	0	0	4
Totals	31	7	27	18

Brooklyn	AB	H	O	A
Miksis,3b	4	2	1	2
Owen,c	3	1	5	0
Galan,lf	4	2	1	0
Walker,rf	4	0	2	0
Durrett,cf	2	0	6	0
Schultz,1b	4	1	6	1
§Koch	0	0	0	0
Brown,ss	2	0	3	1
‡Rosen	1	0	0	0
Basinski,2b	2	0	2	4
Wells,p	2	0	0	0
*Aderholt	1	0	0	0
†Bolling	1	0	0	0
Stanky,2b	0	0	1	1
Webber,p	0	0	0	1
Totals	30	6	27	10

(Durrett was awarded first base in fourth on catcher's interference.)
*Batted for Basinski in seventh.
†Batted for Wells in seventh.
‡Batted for Brown in ninth.
§Ran for Schultz in ninth.

Pittsburgh	0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0—2
Brooklyn	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1

Runs—Coscarart, Russell, Miksis. Errors—Lopez, Miksis, Brown. Runs batted in—Elliott (2), Galan. Two-base hits—Coleman, Elliott. Stolen bases—Miksis, Coscarart. Sacrifices—Owen, Brown, Gustine. Double plays—Schultz to Owen; Basinski to Brown to Schultz; Miksis to Schultz; Russell to Coscarart to Dahlgren. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 6; Pittsburgh, 11. Base on balls—Strincevich, 1; Wells, 7; Webber, 1. Strikeouts—Strincevich, 2; Wells, 3; Webber, 1. Hits—Wells, 6 in 7; Webber, 1 in 2. Passed ball—Lopez. Losing pitcher—Wells.

Maxwell Field Gridders Have 8-Game Schedule

Montgmoery, Ala., Sept. 20 (AP). Maxwell Field's football marauders have arranged four additional contests with service teams and now boast an eight-game schedule.

The new bookings, which include return tilts with the Kingston, N. C., Marines and the Bainbridge, Md., Naval Station, are:

Kingston Marines at Kingston, November 11 or 12; Third Air Force at Tampa, November 18; Miami Navy at Miami, November 25; Bainbridge Navy at Bainbridge, December 2.

Phillies, 3; Reds, 2

First Game

Cincinnati	000 000 011—2	7	0
Philadelphia	000 200 01x—3	7	2

Heusser and Mueller; Schanz and Finley.

Max Wexler's Entry Noses Piccadilly

By Walter Haight
A Staff Correspondent

Laurel, Md., Sept. 20.—Max Wexxler's Best Reward and Mrs. Donald Woodward's Piccadilly battled to a nose photo decision today and Best Reward was declared the winner. The pair fought it out in the Franklin Purse, best offering on the mid-week program. A half length off the fight for the main money came H. L. Straus' New Moon to be third. A field of eight competed in the sprint of 6 furlongs.

Apprentice Ken Scawthorn rode his third winner of the day aboard Best Reward and hustled the 5-year-old, the three-quarters in time of 113 2-5 over a slow track. Best Reward was the favorite with a crowd of 7500 and paid a $4.20 mutuel.

Piccadilly set the early pace with Best Reward rated close up with New Mon third. The pair bunched up coming into the stretch and in the final drive New Mon tired slightly and Piccadilly and Best Reward fought it out right to the wire.

Scawthorn rode his first winner of the day aborad J. B. Lindsay's Granlag, a $7.70 shot in the second race. Granlag put the finishing touches on a $20.20 payoff on the 5 and 8 combination in the daily double. Scawthorn also piloted William Hitt's Milkstone to victory in thefifth event, the 2-year-old paying $6.50.

Tribe Rallies To Beat Bosox, 11-10, in 13th

Cleveland, Sept. 20 (AP).—The Cleveland Indians pushed across two runs in the thirteenth inning to edge out the Boston Red Sox, 11 to 10, today before an estimated 500 fans.

Both teams used four hurlers Jim Bagby receiving credit for the win and Yank Terry being charged with the loss. The Tribe collected 19 hits to the Sox's 15.

The Sox garnered one run in their half of the thirteenth, to lead 10 to 9. Manager Lou Boudreau's players came back with a pair of tallies, however, to take the game. The Clevelanders were ahead, 9 to 7, going into the ninth, but Boston's three singles and a double sent the game into overtime.

Boston	AB	H	O	A
Lake,ss	5	1	3	9
M'kovich,cf	6	2	6	0
Fox,rf	7	1	2	0
R.Joh'son,lf	6	3	4	0
McBride,lf	0	0	0	0
Tabor,3b	7	4	1	3
Finney,1b	6	2	13	2
Conroy,c	1	1	0	0
Partee,c	4	0	2	0
Newsome 2b	5	0	6	3
D'isewerd,p	1	1	0	0
H'usmann,p	0	0	0	1
*Bowman	1	0	0	0
Terry,p	3	0	1	0
Barrett,p	0	0	0	0
Totals	52	15	†38	18

Cleveland	AB	H	O	A
Hoag,cf	6	1	6	0
†Heath	1	0	0	0
Rocco,1b	6	2	12	2
C'llenbine,rf	6	2	3	0
Boudreau,ss	6	2	3	4
Seerey,lf	5	2	6	0
Keltner,3b	7	2	0	6
Rosar,c	0	0	1	0
Schluler,c	2	0	0	0
Susce,c	3	1	3	1
Mack,2b	6	4	3	2
Harder,p	0	0	0	1
‡Gromek	1	1	0	0
Poat,p	0	0	0	0
§Hockett	1	1	0	0
Heving,p	2	0	0	0
Bagby,p	2	0	2	1
Totals	54	19	39	17

*Batted for Hausmann in sixth.
†Two out when winning run scored.
‡Batted for Harder in second.
§Batted for Poat in third.
‖Batted for Hoag in thirteenth.

Boston	0 6 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 1—10
Cleveland	0 2 5 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—11

Runs—Lake, Metkovich, R. Johnson (2), Tabor (2), Finney, Conroy, Newsome, Dreisewerd, Rocco (2), Cullenbine (2), Boudreau Seerey (2), Keltner (2), Susce, Mack. Errors—Keltner, Lake (2), Tabor. Runs batted in—Newsome, Dreisewerd (2), Metkovich, Keltner (4), Gromek, Lake, Seerey, Mack, Hockett, Boudreau (2), Heving, Fox (2), Tabor, Finney. Two-base hits—Seerey, Keltner (2), Metkovich, Tabor (2), Mack, Cullenbine, Boudreau. Stolen base—Rocco. Sacrifices—Lake, Susce. Double plays—Boudreau to Mack Finney to Lake to Finney, Lake to Finney, Mack to Rocco. Left on bases—Boston, 11; Cleveland, 11. Base on balls—Terry, 5; Harder, 1; Poat, 3; Bagby, 3. Strikeouts—Hausmann, 1; Harder, 1; Heving, 3. Hits—Dreisewerd, 8 in 2 (none out in third); Hausmann, 7 in 3; Terry, 4 in 7⅓; Barrett, 0 in ⅓; Harder 5 in 2; Poat, 2 in 1; Heving, 4 in 5⅓; Bagby, 4 in 4⅔. Wild pitch—Terry. Passed ball—Rosar. Winning pitcher—Bagby. Losing pitcher—Terry. Umpires—Stewart, Hubbard and Jones. Time—3:08.

Navy Concentrates On Pass, Kicking; Scott Stands Out

Annapolis, Md., Sept. 20 (AP).—Navy's galaxy of backfield operators settled down to steady passing and kicking drills today in preparation for the opening game of the 1944 season of the Middie gridiron, scheduled for September 30, against North Carolina Preflight.

Head Coach Comdr. Oscar(Swede) Hagberg listed Ralph Ellsworth, Bob Jenkins, Hal Hamberg, and Bruce Smith and his top flingers, adding that he wlso was watching closely the passin of newcomer Clyde Scott of Smackover, Ark.

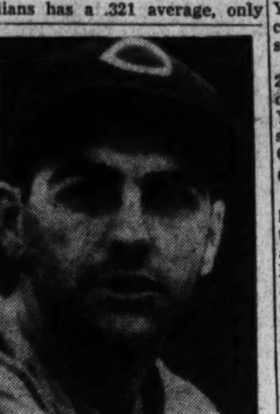
Scott, 175-pound speed specialist from Bullis Preparatory School, is a member of the plebe class at the Naval Avademy.

Jack Hansen, end candidate at Navy, dropped out of the line long enough to polish his educated toe in the punting department. Hansen is the leading punter on the squad, Hagberg said.

Boudreau Making Strong Bid For A. L. Batting Champion

Cleveland, Sept. 20 (AP).—This ball club snapped like a wornout rubber band when the pennant chase warmed up but Lou Boudreau is keeping his own record hot by making a strong bid for the American League batting championship.

The 27-year-old manager of the Indians has a .321 average, only seven points off the .328 pace set by Pete Fox, Boston Red Sox hitter, despite the cares of handling a fifth place team that came apart just when it appeared to be a shoo-in for the pennant.



LOU BOUDREAU

Boudreau will have to hit at a break-neck gait to finish ahead, but at worst he will better his best year's average in the Major Leagues, a .295, made in 1940 before he became manager of the Indians.

The Boston Red Sox now have 13 more games to play, allowing Fox one more game than Boudreau in which to add to his average.

The Cleveland shortstop and his teammate, Ken Keltner, top American League batters in doubles with a 38 apiece.

In yesterday's Boston-Cleveland game Boudreau made three hits off as many pitchers—batting in two runs and scoring two others. He added three points to his average while Fox nicked pitcher Steve Gromek for two hits.

Bob Johnson of Boston also ranks ahead of Boudreau in batting, but slipped a point to .325 yesterday, when he got only one hit in four chances. Bobby Doerr's batting average remains at .325 where it stood when he recently was inducted into the Armed Forces

Stormy Weather Ahead:

Notre Dame to Need 'Luck Of Irish' on Grid This Fall

By Jerry Liska

Notre Dame, Ind., Sept. 21 (AP).—It's hard telling just how much thunder Notre Dame's youthful and almost star-less Irish will shake down from the football skies this fall.

Acting Coach Edward C. McKeever predicts with logic-spiced pessimism that the loss of 24 lettermen from last year's national championship squad means the Irish will drop "lots of games" in their rugged 10-contest campaign which opens at Pittsburgh a week from Saturday.

"We're grene, but willing to learn and give our best while we are learning," commented McKeever, who was Irish backfield coach before Frank Leahy entered the Navy last May.

Kelly Key Man

Gone are Johnny Lujack, Creighton Miller, Julius Rykovich, Johnny Yonakor, Jim White and other bulwarks of the 1943 powerhouse that won nine and lost only to Great Lakes in a thrilling finale.

Yet McKeever admits the quarterbacking of Notre Dame's attack will be in capable hands; that Bob Kelly, who wrested the right half spot from Rykovich late last fall, is due for a great, if abbreviated season; and that George Sullivan may inherit White's all-America mantle at tackle.

Notre Dame's success apparently wil hinge upon the rapidity with which a half-dozen potential freshmen starters absorb seasoning. Bellwether of this yearling flock is 17-year-old Joe Casparella of Vandergrift, Pa., heralded 6-foot, 3-inch quarterback whose passing is compared with that of Angelo Bertilli and Lujack.

After meeting Pittsburgh, Tulane, Dartwouth, Wisconsin and Illinois, McKeever expects to lose Halfbacks Kelly, Chick Maggioli and George Terlep, all 1943 squad members, and V-12 trainees, expected to receive late October transfers.

Line Averages 200

Kelly and Maggioli or Terlep probably will start at the halves against Pitt. The fullback post may go to Elmer Angsman, 1943 squad member, or Freshman Navy Trainee Rudy Krall, both 190 pounders.

The Irish line will be inexperienced but plenty solid, averaging more than 200 pounds. It will be bulwarked by Sullivan and Johnny Adams, 6-foot, 7-inch letterman, at the tackles and—if he recovers from operations on both knees—Guard Pat Filley, first Irish captain to be reelected in 25 years.

The schedule: September 30, Pittsburgh at Pittsburgh; October 7, Tulane, here; October 14, Dartmouth at Boston; October 21, Wisconsin, here; October 28, Illinois at Champaign; November 4, Navy at Baltimore; November 11, Army at New York; November 18, Northwestern, here; November 25, Georgia Tech at Atlanta; December 2, Great Lakes, here.

Chatham FieldSchedules Two More Grid Games

Savannah, Ga., Sept. 20 (AP). Football games wiht the University of Pittsburgh and the Charleston (S. C.) Coast Guard Station were announced today by Chatham Field, U. S. Army Air Forces Training Base.

The Fliers will meet the Coast Guard at Charleston October 8 and Pittsburgh at Savannah October 28. Chatham Field defeated Newberry, 12-7, in its opening game last weekend.

Major League Standings

American League

	W.	L.	Pct.	GB.	TP.
DETROIT	80	62	.563	..	12
*ST. LOUIS	78	64	.549	2	12
NEW YORK	76	66	.535	4	12
BOSTON	74	68	.521	6	12
Cleveland	68	75	.476	12½	12
*PHILADELPHIA	67	76	.469	13½	11
*CHICAGO	65	77	.458	15	12
*WASHINGTON	61	81	.430	19	12

*Does not include night game.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS
Detroit, 8; New York, 2.
Cleveland, 11; Boston, 10; 13 innings.
WASHINGTON at St. Louis, night.
Philadelphia at Chicago, night.

TODAY'S GAMES
New York at Detroit.
Boston at Cleveland.
WASHINGTON at St. Louis (night).
(Only games scheduled.)

National League

	W.	L.	Pct.	GB.
ST. LOUIS	96	45	.681	..
PITTSBURGH	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cincinnati	79	61	.534	16½
CHICAGO	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
NEW YORK	63	77	.450	[illegible]
BOSTON	58	82	.414	[illegible]
Philadelphia	58	81	.417	37
BROOKLYN	58	84	.408	38½

*Does not include night game.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS
Pittsburgh, 2; Brooklyn, 1.
Chicago at New York, rain.
St. Louis at Boston, rain.
Philadelphia, 3; Cincinnati, 2 (twilight, second game night).

TODAY'S GAMES
Chicago at New York.
St. Louis at Boston.
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn (2).
Cincinnati at Philadelphia (2) (twilight-night).

Umps Included:

Big League Stars to Tour Battle Fronts

By Jack Hand

New York, Sept. 20 (AP).—Five troupes of major league baseball stars will head overseas shortly after the World Series to entertain soldiers in front line battle areas under the auspices of the USO Camp Shows. The tours will be sponsored by the Army Special Services Division in cooperation with the American and National Leagues.

Eleven active players and six managers, including Mel Ott, playing pilot of the New York Giants, will be included on the roster of volunteers who will visit the five theaters of war on tour lasting from two to three months.

Five Writers to Make Trip

Four former players, two umpires and five baseball writres also have agreed to make the overseas jaunt for entertainment purposes.

Leo Durocher of the Dodgers, Freddy Fitzsimmons of the Phillies, Frankie Frisch of the Pirates, Luke Sewell of the Browns, Steve O'Neill of the Tigers and Ott will give the GI's the inside on the master minding that goes on behind the big league scenes.

Dixie Walker of Brooklyn, who appears to be headed for the National League batting title, will head a delegation of senior circuit performers that includes Billy Jurges and Joe Medwick of New York, Rip Sewell of Pittsburgh and Bucky Walters of Cincinnati.

A Yankee contingent of Nick Etten, Johnny Lindell and Tuck Stainback heads the American League group. Others are Don Gutteridge of St. Louis and Joe Kuhel and Dutch Leonard of Washington.

Carl Hubbell, veteran Giant ace now head of the club's minor league organization, will make the trip with Vernon "Lefty" Gomez, ex-Yankee star; Bing Miller, coach of the Chicago White Sox, and Harry Heilmann, former Detroit Tiger.

Umpires Reardon, Summers Go

Beans Reardon of the National League and Bill Summers of the American represent the umpires, and John Carmichael of Chicago, Tom Meany and Arthur Patterson of New York, Jack Melaney of Boston and J. Roy Stockton of St. Louis are the touring scribes. It is emphasized that the players will not necessarily play ball but will entertain the troops with story telling, answering questions and autographing baseballs in shows to be conducted by the writers. Films of the 1944 World Series will be shown with a running commentary by the players.

Commissioner K. M. Landis, President Ford Frick of the National and President Will Harridge of the American have worked on the program several months in close cooperation with Lieut. Col. Henry W. (Esky) Clark, chief of the Athletic Branch of the Special Services Division.

Hagg Defeats Heino

Stockholm, Sweden, Sept. 20 (U.P.). Gunder Hagg of Sweden defeated Viljo Heino of Finland in a special two-mile race before a capacity crowd of Stockholm Stadium tonight in the fast time of 8:51.2. The time was 4.8 seconds off the world record which Hagg established June 25.

Dizzy Holds Champions to Seven Hits

Detroit, Sept. 20 (AP).—Hammering out a dozen hits, all but one of them figuring in the scoring, the Detroit Tigers today handed the New York Yankees their fifth straight loss, 8 to 2, to shove the Yanks four games off the American League pace and virtually smother New York pennant hopes.

Paul (Dizzy) Trout, scoring his 25th pitching victory against a dozen defeats, scattered seven Yankee hits in chalking up his sixth straight verdict over the Champions this season.

Crosetti Belts Homer

Frank Crosetti belted his fifth homer into the left field stands in the seventh inning with Nick Etten aboard for New York's only runs. Etten had opened the inning with a single and it was the only time during the game that the Yanks had more than one base runner in an inning.

Dick Wakefield led off the Tiger second with an inside the park homer, his ninth circuit swat this year. The blow was one of but two the Tigers got off Rookie Mel Queen in the first four innings but two big frames subsequently provided the lop-sided margin.

Singles by Roger Cramer, Mike Higgins, Rudy York and Wakefield accounted for two Tiger runs in the fifth, enough to win behind Trout.

Queen weakened in the eighth as the first five Tiger batters reached first safely—four on hits and one on Crosetti's error—and all scored as 10 men came to bat before Right-hander Floyd Bevens came in to retire the last man.

29,988 See Game

Four of New York's seven hits off Trout went for extra bases but Dizzy was never in real trouble—Detroit was leading, 3-0, when Crosetti connected for his homer—the fifth this year off Trout, who has pitched more than 320 innings.

By losing today, New York dropped its fourteenth of 21 games with the Tigers and suffered its ninth loss in 10 appearances in Briggs Stadium, where the season's largest week-day crowd—29,988—watched the Tigers surge steadily nearer their first pennant in four years.

New York	AB	H	O	A
St'weiss,2b	4	1	2	2
Metheny,rf	4	1	0	0
Martin,lf	4	0	6	0
Lindell,cf	4	1	4	0
Etten, 1b	4	2	5	1
Crosetti,ss	4	1	4	1
Grimes,3b	3	0	1	1
Garbark,c	3	0	2	0
Queen,p	3	1	0	0
Bevens,p	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	7	24	5

Detroit	AB	H	O	A
Cramer,cf	5	1	2	0
Mayo,2b	4	0	0	2
Higgins,3b	3	2	1	6
York,1b	5	2	12	0
Wakefield,lf	5	3	1	0
Outlaw,rf	3	2	2	0
Swift,c	3	1	6	0
Hoover,ss	4	0	3	4
Trout,p	4	1	0	2
Totals	36	12	27	14

New York	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—2
Detroit	0 1 0 0 2 0 0 5 x—8

Runs—Etten, Crosetti, Cramer, Higgins, Wakefield (2), Outlaw, Swift, Hoover, Trout. Error—Crosetti. Runs batted in—Crosetti (2), Wakefield (2), Higgins (3), Swift, Trout, York. Two-base hits—Lindell, Queen, Metheny. Home runs—Crosetti, Wakefield. Sacrifice—Swift. Double play—Mayo to Hoover to York. Left on bases—New York, 4; Detroit, 9. Base on balls—Queen, 4. Strikeouts—Queen, 1; Trout, 4. Hits—Queen, 11 in 7⅔; Bevens, 1 in ⅓. Losing pitcher—Queen. Umpires—Summers, Rue, Berry and McGowan. Time, 1:44.

North End Stable To Stage Year's Final Show Oct. 29

North End Stable, which each season gives a series of horse shows, yesterday set Sunday, October 29, as the date for its final offering this ye ar on the hilltop on East-West hwy. near Silver Spring, Md.

Largest show ever given at North End, it will begin at 9:30 a. m. with junior outings and will have three championships, for conformation hunters, working hunters and open jumpers.

Horse classes, beginning at 1:30 p. m., are for hunter hacks, open working hunters, warm-up jumpers, green hunters, touch-and-oat, ladies' working, jumper stake, handy working, hunter stake, knock-down-and-oat, Corinthian working hunters, and open hunters.

Commodores Make Change in Line-up

Bainbridge, Md., Sept. 20. (AP).—Coach Joe Maniaci of the Bainbridge Naval Training Center Commodores, faced with the possibility of going up against Camp Lee September 30 without two first string guards, shifted his lineup today in an effort to improve matters.

With regular guards Joe Petro and Garrard Ramsey nursing injuries, Lieut. (j. g.) Maniaci shifted Johnny Badaczewski, ex-Western reserve lineman, from tackle to guard.

Schmidt's Body Returned Home

Spokane, Wash., Sept. 20. (AP).—The body of Francis Schmidt, form University of Idaho football coac hwho died last night after a long illness, will be sent tonight to Arkansas City, Kans., for funeral services and burial.

Schmidt, who attended high school and the University in Kansas, is a former resident of Arkansas City. The body is to arrive there late Friday.

Phils Acquire 2 Players From Wilmington Club

Philadelphia, Sept. 20 (AP).—The Phillies have acquired Catcher Joseph Antolick and Pitcher Charles Ripple from their Wilmington (Del.) Interstate League farm club and both will be in uniform for the Phillies-Cincinnati game here tonight, the club announced today.

Antolick, 26, a native of Catasauqua, Pa., began his career with Bradford in the Pony League. Ripple, 22, whose home is in Whiteville, N. C., has won 15 and lost 16 for Wilmington this year.

Elkridge Wins Steeplechase At Belmont

Belmont Park, Sept. 20 (AP).—Elkridge, the 1942 cross-country champion, was hailed as the best of the jumpers for this season to date when he easily captured the Broad Hollow Steeplechase Handicap here today, thus remaining unbeaten in four 1944 starts through the field.

Kent Miller's 6-year-old gelded son of Mate—Best By Test romped off with the $4175 first money with four lengths to spare.

Bill Coffman, owned by Mrs. S. C. Clark, jr., was an easy second, 15 lengths better than Miss Ella Widener's Iron Shot. Invader, Bridlespur, and Cottesmore, the latter making his '44 debut, completed the field as named.

M. A. Cushman's Rouge Dragon, which had been assigned equal topweight with Elkridge at 161 pounds, declined the issue, thus simplifying the victor's task. Bill Coffman carried 140 pounds, and Iron Shot 160.

Elkridge, well handled by J. S. Harrison, was a $4.60 choice with a crowd of 17,132. He covered the trip of about 2 miles in 3:53 3-5.

Va. Hunters Show Will Start Oct. 23

Charlottesville, Va., Sept. 19.—Col. Henry B. Goodloe of this city, secretary o fthe Virginia Fox Hunters Association, announced today that the annual field trials and bench show of the association would be held during the week of October 22 at South Hill, Mecklenburg County.

The field trials will get under way on the farm of Ed Gordon, 10 miles from South Hill, on the morning of Monday, October 23, and will conclude on Friday. The bench show will be held one night during the week ,and the annual business meeting on Thursday night, October 26, will be followed by a ball.

Because of the war, no field trials were held in 1942 and 1943. The 1941 trials were also held at South Hill, and were largely attended.

Among the trophies offered by the association this year are the Causey Cup, Chas. Drewry Cup, Association Cup, Middleburg Hunt Plate, Farmington Plate, Old Dominion Plate, Nick Page Bowl, Keswick Plate, Montpelier Plate, Warrenton Plate, Orange County Plate, Deep Run Plate, Virginia Derby Cup, Keys Trophy, Buck Langhorne Trophy, and HGA Bowl. Bench show trophies are offered by O. C. Rolfe and the city of Suffolk.

Present officers of the association are: R. Goodloe Saunders, president, Afton; James C. Causey, vice president, Suffolk; Dr. Foy Vann, treasurer, Norfolk; and Col. Henry B. Goodloe, secretary, Charlottesville.

The board of directors is composed of W. H. Horn, Roanoke; John C. Stewart, Keswick; C. Y. Gordon, South Hill; Sam P. Goodlow, Afton; D. C. Sands, Middleburg; L. S. Sitton, Richmond; M. D. Hart, Ashland; Dr. J. Frasia Jones, Richmond; the Rev. H. N. Soyars, Rice; Fred A. Gross, Vinton; J. H. Thompson, Vinton; C. D. Andrews, Suffolk; E. W. Cowles, Teane; and E. W. Gordon, South Hill.

Laurel Entries

By the Associated Press

1—¾; $1500; madien 2-year-olds; climng.
Miss Neddie ....115 | Tacaro Identy 112
Briaresque ....105 | Buzncuzn 110
Cherna ....113 | Another Bell 118
Bob O'Sullivan ....113 | *Mid Knight 113
Kingcella ....110 | Jean Slam 110
Tie Me ....105 | Omashane 115
Mystery Book ....113 | Tawny 110
Skip Bid ....110 | Post Boy 113

2—¾; $2000; 2-year-olds; Chic Straw.
Cy Bart ....111 | Santa Candida 113
Coverdale ....111 | Valdina Peer 116
Fireworks ....116 | Challador 112
Reply Brief ....116 | Burning Twig 116
Infinite Girl ....108 | Whetstone 113
Reply Paid ....116 | Our Boss 116
Margus ....113 | †Chicle Clown 116
Mister Chat ....116 | †Director 111
†M. B. Goff entry.

3—1 1/16; $1500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Grand Venture ....107 | Baby Boy 114
Manadroit ....116 | Scarcanter 116
Flying John ....109 | Alfghangrier 116
Maroc ....114 | Wickcliffe Gal 108
Lost and Found ....116 | Bearcat 109
Cuth ....114 | Hazel W. 106

4—¾; $2000; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Fairy Trace ....110 | Johnnie J. 113
Indian Sun ....113 | Maecase 110
Senate ....113 | Fairly Fly 110
Lord Vatout 108

5—¾; $2500; 3-year-olds up.
Prissy Miss ....106 | Red Wonder 104
Carmus ....112 | Hornbeam 120
Army Belle ....105 | Edemgee 108
Overlin 110

6—1-70; $3000; 3-year-olds up.
Cannikin ....107 | Legend Bearer 114
Blue Sash ....109 | Baby Darling 109
Cushlamacree ....114 | Blue Line 104

7—1-70; $2500; 3-year-olds; class E.
Jons ....115 | Clansman 113
Sandy Trail ....112 | Black Object 104
Elcan ....112 | Nita Jean 104
Question Miss 109

8—1 1/16; $2000; 4-year-olds up.
Conrad Mann ....116 | War Art 116
Key Ring ....104 | Saxon Paul 118
Gino T. ....112 | Elmo Grier 114
Wesley A. ....113 | Satin Cap 118
Patron Saint 114

LAUREL SELECTIONS (Slow)
1—Buzncuzn, Tawny, Briaresque.
2—Director, Coverdale, Challador.
3—Scarcanter, Lost and Found, Alfghangrier.
4—Johnnie J., Fairy Trace, Lord Vatout.
5—Red Wonder, Hornbeam, Edemgee.
6—BABY DARLING, Blue Sash, Blue Line.
7—Clansman, Sandy Trail, Black Object.
8—Conrad Mann, Patron Saint, War Art.
Louisville Times (AP).

Post Consensus

AT LAUREL
1—Briaresque, Buzncuzn, Tacaro Identy.
2—Coverdale, Burning Twig, Reply Brief.
3—Wickcliffe Gal, Scarcanter, Alfhangrier.
4—Fairy Trace, Mae Case, Indian Sun.
5—Edemgee, Red Wonder, Prissy Miss.
6—BLUE LINE, Baby Darling, Blue Sash.
7—Clansman, Black Object, Question Miss.
8—Saxon Paul, Saboteur, Patron Saint.

AT BELMONT
1—Valetta, Bidema, Tickle Me.
2—Pollenator, Tell Me More, Grand Party.
3—Mateson, Fieldfare, Forest Ranger.
4—Boiling On, Sunday Supper, Fledgling.
5—Sir Alfred, Blue Nose, Blue Whistler.
6—ALFORAY, Harvard Square, Skin Deep.
7—Sirlette, Resplendence, She Dast.
8—Good Ante, Calatan, U. S. Salute.

AT HAWTHORNE
1—Edgar B., Fogarel, Summer Night.
2—Duolc, Migration, Rusty Gold.
3—Lady Kentucky, Cross Bayou, Corina Lark.
4—Whose, Chance Game, Juke Box.
5—Huri Hom Hari, Bolo Babe, Head Flight.
6—Sirius, Marriage, Bolus.
7—Anonymous, Air Warden, Rekrab.
8—EARLY 'N SMART, Big Me, Gainer.

Laurel Racing Charts

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1944—By WALTER HAIGHT.
Weather Cloudy. Track Slow.

FIRST RACE—Five ad one-half furlongs. Purse, $2000. For maiden 2-year-old fillies. Start good. Off at 1:47. Winner, W. L. Brann. Value, $1300. Time, 1:09.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
GALLORETTE	(Dodson)	115	4	3	1^{2}	1^{2}	1^{3}	$1^{1½}$	$1.30
CHRONOFLITE	(Schmidl)	115	10	1	$3^{1½}$	$5^{1½}$	3^{nk}	2^{2}	3.70
FOUR QUEENS	(Scocca)	115	6	2	3^{nk}	$3^{½}$	2^{nk}	$3^{1½}$	17.30
FAIRY TIME	(Knapp)	115	5	5	$4^{1½}$	2^{2}	4^{2}	4^{nk}	4.95
SUN FLY	(Bowers)	110	7	7	6^{2}	6^{2}	5^{2}	5^{2}	42.40
PREPOSSESSING	(J. Gilbert)	115	3	10	9^{2}	$8^{1½}$	7^{nk}	$6^{½}$	13.55
FIRE EATER	(Kirkland)	115	11	6	7^{2}	$7^{½}$	8^{2}	7^{2}	8.50
RELHEUB KAY	(Scawthorn)	110	2	4	2^{1}	4^{nk}	6^{2}	8^{2}	50.25
HERA	(Jemas)	115	1	8	$8^{½}$	9^{2}	9^{2}	9^{2}	34.50
BRIDLE BAR	(Root)	115	9	9	10^{4}	10^{2}	10^{8}	10^{2}	213.25
UNQUITABLE	(C. Kirk)	115	8	11	11	11	11	11	178.10

GALLORETTE, $4.60, $2.80, $2.70; CHRONOFLITE, $4.00, $3.30; FOUR QUEENS, $4.90.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $1500; claiming. For 3-year-olds up. Start good. Off at 2:16½. Winner, J. B. Lindsay. Value, $975. Time, 1:15⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
GRANLAG	(Scawthorn)	114	9	3	$3^{½}$	2^{2}	2^{1}	1^{nk}	$2.85
SEA PILOT	(Bowers)	116	3	1	1^{1}	$1^{1½}$	1^{2}	2^{2}	†1.75
GALLANT MOWLEE	(Snellings)	114	4	6	6^{1}	4^{1}	4^{2}	3^{1}	†
GUN BEARER	(Root)	119	2	5	2^{hd}	$3^{½}$	3^{2}	4^{2}	6.20
WALTER HAIGHT	(Scocca)	119	1	8	11^{2}	8^{hd}	6^{1}	5^{2}	30.60
FLEETEST	(J. C. Gilbert)	106	7	7	5^{1}	5^{2}	$5^{½}$	6^{2}	6.60
NICK	(Campbell)	115	6	11	9^{1}	$10^{½}$	7^{2}	7^{2}	96.75
COMINCH	(C. Kirk)	115	11	10	10^{1}	11^{2}	11^{2}	8^{1}	119.30
STYX	(McCoy)	115	12	4	7^{2}	9^{1}	9^{2}	9^{4}	21.00
SHERRIE LEE	(Basile)	111	10	9	8^{2}	7^{1}	10^{2}	10^{2}	254.90
SEMPER EGO	(Scott)	119	8	2	4^{1}	6^{hd}	8^{hd}	11^{2}	8.85
BARK	(Cook)	116	5	12	12	12	12	12	47.20

†E. A. Nicodemus and Mrs. C. A. Lyon entry.
GRANLAG, $7.20, $3.10, $3.20; SEA PILOT (entry), $3.10, $3.30; GALLANT MOWLEE (entry), $3.30.

DAILY DOUBLE, GALLORETTE AND GRANLAG, PAID $20.20.

THIRD RACE—One mile and 70 yards. Purse, $1500; claiming. For 4-year-olds up. Start good. Off at 2:47. Winner, C. R. Fleishman. Value, $975. Time, 1:51⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
MISRULE	(Young)	114	1	1	5^{2}	5^{1}	1^{4}	1^{4}	1^{2}	$1.70
GUERRILLA	(Shmidl)	116	5	8	$7^{½}$	7^{1}	$3^{½}$	$2^{½}$	2^{hd}	3.00
CAROLINA BELL	(Root)	113	3	9	9	9^{2}	$6^{½}$	$4^{½}$	$3^{1½}$	32.35
DIZZY HEIGHTS	(Bowers)	109	6	7	2^{nk}	$2^{½}$	2^{2}	3^{1}	4^{4}	12.10
DINNA CARE	(J. C. Gilbert)	106	12	5	4^{1}	$6^{½}$	5^{2}	6^{2}	$5^{½}$	....
OLD DOCTOR	(Breen)	114	8	11	8^{nk}	8^{2}	4^{1}	5^{1}	6^{2}	194.05
JOHN'S TEDDY	(Borsell)	109	11	10	$10^{½}$	11^{2}	11^{2}	7^{2}	7^{2}	48.50
ALSACE	(Basile)	114	9	3	11^{2}	10^{nk}	10^{2}	$8^{½}$	8^{2}	462.25
WINTIME	(Mora)	113	2	12	12	12	12	10^{2}	$9^{½}$	244.40
DAINTY FORD	(Scott)	113	10	6	$3^{1½}$	1^{hd}	7^{1}	9^{1}	10^{2}	38.95
PRELAN	(Dodson)	114	4	2	1^{2}	4^{nk}	8^{hd}	11^{2}	11^{2}	115.15
MAD BUNNY	(Vassar)	111	7	4	$6^{½}$	3^{1}	$9^{½}$	12	12	6.30

MISRULE, $5.40, $3.40, $3.00; GUERRILLA, $3.70, $3.30; CAROLINA BELL, $8.80.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2000; allowances. For 3-year-olds up. Start good. Off at 3:17½. Winner, W. L. Brann. Value, $1300. Time, 1:15⅖.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
DECLARED	(Snellings)	106	11	3	$2^{½}$	1^{2}	1^{2}	1^{2}	$1.25
MARCH CHICK	(Bowers)	109	6	7	6^{1}	2^{nk}	3^{1}	2^{nk}	35.90
DANCING ARCHIE	(Root)	118	10	2	1^{nk}	3^{2}	2^{nk}	$3^{1½}$	17.85
ASTRAL	(Dodson)	118	9	9	8^{2}	$6^{½}$	5^{4}	4^{2}	4.70
MISS BUCKLE	(Kirkland)	110	5	8	7^{4}	5^{1}	4^{hd}	5^{2}	28.75
HISTORY	(R. Wright)	115	4	5	$5^{½}$	4^{1}	6^{1}	6^{2}	104.75
VOYAGEUR	(J. C. Gilbert)	108	8	1	3^{hd}	8^{2}	7^{1}	7^{1}	34.50
SPIRIT LEVEL	(J. Gilbert)	114	1	4	$4^{½}$	7^{2}	8^{1}	8^{1}	3.15
GREY FLARES	(Breen)	114	12	11	11^{4}	9^{hd}	$9^{½}$	9^{2}	9.50
SCOTCH BONNET	(Schmidl)	112	3	10	$10^{½}$	$10^{½}$	10^{2}	10^{4}	177.75
GRATIS	(Rudert)	110	2	12	12	12	11^{2}	11^{4}	654.50
MR. TOY	(McCoy)	111	7	8	9^{1}	11^{2}	12	12	153.50

DECLARED, $4.50, $3.10, $2.80; MARCH CHICK, $19.50, $11.10; DANCING ARCHIE, $7.00.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2500; allowances. For 2-year-olds. Start good. Off at 3:48. Winner, William F. Hitt. Value, $1625. Time, 1:15⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
MILKSTONE	(Sawthorn)	114	8	6	$4^{½}$	3^{hd}	3^{2}	$1^{½}$	$2.25
HAPPY BUCKIE	(Root)	116	2	1	$1^{½}$	2^{nk}	1^{nk}	$2^{½}$	17.75
HINDU KUSH	(Kirkland)	119	7	8	8	$6^{½}$	5^{2}	3^{2}	2.10
MANADRU	(C. Kirk)	114	5	2	3^{1}	4^{1}	$2^{½}$	4^{2}	‡12.15
EDDIEOW	(Dodson)	119	4	3	2^{2}	1^{1}	$4^{½}$	5^{4}	†2.10
LEYSTAN	(J. Gilbert)	119	1	4	5^{1}	7^{2}	6^{2}	6^{2}	†
PICTORADOR	(McCoy)	111	3	7	7^{nk}	5^{nk}	7^{2}	7^{2}	‡
GINOKUM	(Bowers)	109	6	5	6^{2}	8	8	8	25.90

†Miss J. W. Stanley and W. W. Vaughn entry.
‡W. L. Brann entry.
MILKSTONE, $6.50, $3.60, $3.10; HAPPY BUCKIE, $11.00, $5.90; HINDU KUSH, $4.10.

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $3000; allowances. For 3-year-olds up. Start good. Off at 4:18. Winner, M. Wexler. Value, $3250. Time, 1:13⅖.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
BEST REWARD	(Sawthorn)	115	6	3	2^{1}	2^{nk}	1^{hd}	1^{ns}	$1.10
PICCADILLY	(Bowers)	109	2	1	1^{1}	$1^{½}$	2^{nk}	$2^{½}$	9.05
NEW MOON	(Snellings)	115	8	2	$3^{1½}$	3^{4}	3^{2}	3^{2}	8.00
SOME CHANCE	(J. C. Gilbert)	109	3	6	6^{2}	$4^{½}$	4^{2}	4^{2}	2.50
GRANT RICE	(Wall)	115	5	4	$4^{½}$	5^{4}	5^{2}	5^{4}	19.20
LAYAWAY	(J. Gilbert)	114	4	8	7^{1}	7^{4}	6^{2}	6^{4}	11.90
MAR D'ESPRIT	(Mora)	108	1	7	5^{1}	6^{2}	7^{2}	7^{1}	51.05
ASSAILANT	(Young)	110½	7	5	8	8	8	8	404.45

BEST REWARD, $4.20, $2.90, $2.40; PICCADILLY, $6.10, $3.60; NEW MOON, $3.80.

SEVENTH RACE—One mile and 70 yards. Purse, $2500; claiming. For 4-year-olds up. Start good. Off at 4:46½. Winner, C. E. Nelson. Value, $1625. Time, 1:48⅕.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
RODIN	(Young)	112	4	6	4^{2}	$3^{½}$	2^{hd}	2^{nk}	$1^{½}$	$6.05
BROWN SAXON	(J. C. Gilbert)	113	3	1	1^{1}	1^{1}	1^{1}	$1^{½}$	2^{2}	4.40
TOP REWARD	(Cook)	112	6	4	6^{1}	6^{2}	6^{4}	6^{2}	3^{1}	7.05
SAROS	(Root)	112	7	2	3^{2}	2^{1}	3^{2}	3^{4}	4^{2}	3.25
HARD CRACKER	(Dodson)	118	1	5	$2^{½}$	4^{4}	4^{2}	4^{2}	5^{1}	1.95
ALFRED STUART	(Scawthorn)	113	5	3	5^{1}	5^{1}	5^{2}	$5^{½}$	6^{2}	23.20
OMAHA MIKE	(J. Gilbert)	114	2	7	7	7	7	7	7	19.00

RODIN, $14.10, $8.70, $6.90; BROWN SAXON, $6.20, $4.60; TOP REWARD, $5.00.

EIGHTH RACE—One mile and 70 yards. Purse, $1500; claiming. For 4-year-olds up. Start good. Off at 5:17½. Winner, George E. Harris. Value, $975. Time, 1:50.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
LADY DIVINE	(Bowers)	109	4	6	7^{hd}	7^{2}	4^{nk}	3^{4}	$1^{½}$	†$9.65
DOROTHY POMP	(Scawthorn)	108	6	1	$2^{1½}$	1^{nk}	2^{2}	$2^{½}$	2^{2}	1.95
CONQUER	(J. Gilbert)	118	12	7	$5^{½}$	$2^{½}$	1^{1}	1^{nk}	3^{2}	2.20
CHARGE	(E. Smith)	116	10	12	$8^{½}$	$5^{1½}$	6^{2}	4^{2}	$4^{½}$	8.55
DUST OFF	(Cook)	116	2	2	$1^{½}$	3^{1}	3^{hd}	5^{1}	5^{nk}	176.60
BLITZETTE	(Vassar)	115	1	10	3^{nk}	8^{2}	$7^{½}$	7^{2}	6^{2}	104.90
RISANDA	(Basile)	111	5	11	11^{1}	10^{hd}	10^{2}	8^{2}	7^{4}	4.85
CANTO GALLO	(J. C. Gilbert)	109	8	9	6^{2}	$4^{½}$	5^{1}	$6^{½}$	8^{1}	†
FREE BOY	(R. Wright)	114	11	4	9^{1}	$9^{½}$	$9^{½}$	$9^{½}$	9^{2}	434.90
WILLOW RUN	(Dodson)	116	9	3	$4^{½}$	$6^{½}$	8^{2}	10^{2}	10^{4}	13.20
SWIRLALONG	(Borsell)	111	3	8	10^{1}	11^{2}	11^{2}	11^{2}	11^{2}	268.85
BROOMORIA	(Snellings)	108	7	5	12	12	12	12	12	228.40

†G. E. Harris and W. R. Hardesty entry.
LADY DIVINE (entry), $21.30, $6.90, $3.50; DOROTHY POMP, $3.40, $2.60; CONQUER, $2.70.

Hawthorne Entries

By the Associated Press

1—6½; $1500; 2-year-olds; claiming.
Miss Gazer ....112 | Looks Easy 105
Owen C. ....104 | Fogarel 115
Ansted ....111 | Xategos 108
Bengo Mama ....106 | Summer Night 105
Edgar B. ....110 | Robin's Pet 108
Funrow ....105 | Country Butter 100
Mid Tack ....115 | Special Pet 107
Valdale ....111 | Rotamal 111
Charlie's Pick ....103 | Rockwood Gino 105

2—6½; $1500; 3-year-olds up; claiming.
Uncle Bud ....108 | Valdina Nymph 110
Migration ....116 | Duolc 105
Havana Lad ....116 | Brown Mask 121
Midkapi ....108 | Lactose 116
Linger Along ....113 | Fetching's Bar 108
Lillian Roth ....105 | Rusty Gold 118
Private Howie 112

3—¾; $1500; 2-year-old fillies; all'ances.
Lady Kentucky ....118 | Cross Bayou 118
Corina Lark ....118 | Lucky Arrow 113
Disbet ....113 | Mia Maria 113
Controversy 118

4—1 1/16; $1800; 3-year-olds up; grade E.
Mixer ....112 | Whose 118
Juke Box ....112 | †Saraphara 101
Rush Act ....112 | Chief Bud 112
†Chance Game ....101 | Baying 106
†Mrs. John Marsch entry.

5—¾; $1800; 3-year-olds up; grade E.
Lady Liberty ....112 | King Epithet 120
Whiteford Luck ....110 | Gal Ann 117
Mercury ....106 | Hasty Kiss 117
Huri Hom Hari ....112 | Sameron 114
Nod ....115 | Bolo Babe 112
Captain Fury ....106 | Head Flight 107

6—¾; $2000; 3-year-olds up; allowances.
Legislator ....109 | †Bushwhacker 114
Bolus ....111 | Marriage 120
†Take Away ....106 | Sirius 106
Happy Issue 106
†Nehring and Wise entry.

7—1-70; $1500; 3-year-olds up; allowances.
Rekrab ....114 | Hill's Palm 108
Azizi ....105 | Anonymous 119
Black Time ....108 | Wayriel 108
Air Warden ....108 | Gooseberry 113
†Tex Hygro ....110 | Pony Express 114
Five A. M. ....114 | Maihigh 114
Eva Webre ....111 | Gullah 98
†Gremlin ....115 | Lady Flares 110
†Mrs. A. M. Creech entry.

8—1⅛; $1500; 3-year-olds up; claiming.
Big Me ....109 | Whiscendent 106
Gainer ....104 | All Steele 112
Scotch Bread ....112 | Maw 109
Three Sands ....112 | Greville 112
Early 'n' Smart ....109 | Mischief Afoot 117
Bolivar ....104 | Perplex 109

HAWTHORNE SELECTIONS (Fast)
1—Fogarel, Edgar B., Valdale.
2—Brown Mask, Duolc, Midkapi.
3—Controversy, Disbet, Cross Bayou.
4—SARAPHARA, Whose, Mixer.
5—Bolo Babe, Huri Hom Hari, King Epithet.
6—Sirius, Marriage, Legislator.
7—Pony Express, Air Warden, Azizi.
Louisville Times (AP).

Results

1—6½; $1500; 3-year-olds up; claiming.
Random Breeze, 113 (Brooks) 96.40 35.20 16.20
Black Mark, 109 (Campbell) .. 4.80 3.60
Esreviau, 108 (Keagle) 7.20
Mano O'Mine, Free Miss, Florizan Ace, Halsey, Liberator, Minedda, Total, Wobble Pump, Erasal also ran. Time, 1:22 3-5.

2—¾; $1500; 2-year-olds; allowance.
James, 115 (Brooks) 26.80 7.40 4.60
Winter Song, 110 (Fischer) 2.80 2.40
Nostalgia, 115 (Smith) 4.00
Patricia, Last Waltz, Meadow Lark, Blood Bank, Glorious Star, Kentucky Rose, Contrary Mary also ran. Time, 1:15.

DAILY DOUBLE PAID $992.

3—¾; $1500; 3 and 4 year olds; allow.
Roman Red, 109 (Bodiou) .. 26.60 15.00 7.20
Michigan Chevy, 109 (Brooks) .. 11.00 6.60
*Never Alone, 105 (Carr) 9.80
*Belo Gert, 106 (Freeman) 3.00
†Maggie Jane, Troop Train, Silver Toy, ‡Black Shot, Midwesterner, †Yormont, Dark Ship, Soldier's Cap also ran. Time, 1:14 4-5.
†Mrs. V. E. Smith entry.
‡M. Lowenstein entry.
*Dead heat for third position.

4—6½; $1800; 3-year-olds up; claiming.
Vinum, 116 (Martin) 20.60 8.80 6.40
Owasso, 118 (F.A.Smith) 4.80 3.20
Don Devite, 110 (Fischer) 4.00
Nancy Fly, Dot's Key, Epola, Amalka, Dodge City, The Finest also ran. Time, 1:21 2-5.

5—¾; $1500; 2-year-olds; allowances.
†Golden Count, 104 (Martin) 12.00 4.60 3.40
Hollyman, 104 (Campbell) 12.40 7.40
Colonel Lee, 115 (Skoronski) 6.60
Rolling Bar, †Valdina Streak, Port Chester, Blue Skimmer, Expediter also ran. Time, 1:15.

6—¾; $1800; 3-year-olds up; allowances.
Final Glory, 115 (Martin) .. 6.60 4.40 2.60
Full Cry, 11 (Skoronski) 8.20 4.60
Civil Liberty, 104 (Nichols) 3.40
Ruditaurus, Missy Miss, Bob's Dream, Volcano also ran. Time, 1:13 3-5.

7—1 1/16; $1800; 3-year-olds up; allowances.
Hasty Message, 111 (Calvin) 10.00 5.60 4.40
Mighty Lucky, 110 (Fischer) 7.60 5.60
Powdered Milk, 109 (Campbell) 7.80
Cerberus, Ste. Frances, Twixt, Impenetrable, H. M. S. Hood, Sunny Jack, Maejames also ran. Time, 1:48 4-5.

8—1 1/16; $1500; 3-year-olds up; claiming.
Obisbo, 116 (Fischer) 6.80 3.60 3.00
Bright Reich, 100 (Nichols) 4.60 3.60
Paladin, 113 (Martin) 3.60
Kimmy, Three Sands, Marchari, More Stings also ran. Time, 1:50.

Bill Bennings

AT LAUREL
1—Bob O'Sullivan, Mid Knight, Briaresque.
2—Reply Paid, Our Boss, Burning Twig.
3—Alfhangrier, Scarcanter, Hazel W.
4—Fairy Trace, Indian Sun, Johnnie J.
5—Overlin, Hornbeam, Edemgee.
6—LEGEND BEARER, Blue Line, Cushlamacree.
7—Black Object, Clansman, Jons.
8—Saboteur, Patron Saint, Elmo Grier.

Belmont Entries

By the Associated Press

1—5½; $2500; maiden 2-year-old fillies.
Valetta ....115 | ‡Night Strike 108
Star Song ....108 | Acquisitive 118
†My Bessie ....118 | Lady Apple 113
†Bidema ....108 | Aunt Patsy 113
Queen Blue ....113 | Lost Control 118
Needlecase ....118 | Marsh Tackle 110
Wire Briar ....118 | Marjoray 113
Alarush ....118 | Sea Aide 110
African Star ....101 | §Wherrie 113
Intercede ....113 | §High Romance 108
†Tickle Me ....118 | Sister T. A. 118
Which Cup ....113 | Karen Q. 113
†Warbern Stable entry.
‡W. H. Lipscomb entry.
§B. Rittenberg and M. Block entry.

2—⅞; $2000; 3-year-olds up; claiming.
Lilson ....119 | Tell Me More 114
†Michigan Smart ....106 | Alatomo 116
Pollenator ....114 | Wapan 114
Endman ....109 | Albuldo 109
Third Rail ....114 | Rural Rhythm 106
King's Gambit ....119 | Scotch Trap 119
Grand Party ....119 | Note 114
La Joconde ....111 | Peach Cobbler 106
Reformatory ....109 | †Hay Burner 106
Show Town 114
†Boone Hall Stable entry.

3—About 1½ m.; $2500; 3-year-olds up.
Mateson ....147 | Careless Knight 144
We Three ....130 | Abidale 131
†Forest Ranger ....150 | †Similar 140
‡Fieldfare ....151 | Greenwich Time 131
‡Atom Smasher 140
†M. Seldt entry.
‡W. S. Sprague and H. L. Straus entry.

4—¾; $3000; 3-year-old fillies; class D.
Thread O' Gold ....108 | Paddle 113
Peppy Miss ....108 | Smart Sheila 113
Raw Recruit ....108 | Boiling On 113
Still Blue ....108 | Fire Sticky 113
Sunday Supper ....113 | Nap 113
Fledgling 113

5—1½; $3500; 3-year-olds up; class D.
Spoon Bread ....110 | Perfect Rhyme 102
†Sir Alfred ....113 | Blue Nose 117
Blue Whistler ....120 | †Moon Maiden 122
†Mrs. E. D. Jacobs and I. Bieber entry.

6—¾; $3500; 3-year-olds up; class C.
Bill Sickle ....115 | Skin Deep 112
Alloray ....122 | Harvard Square 117
Jack S. L. ....120 | Le Havre 112

7—1 1/16; $3500; 3-year-olds up; class D.
Bingo Bridget ....117 | Briarhone 102
Resplendence ....113 | Green Apples 109
Free Air ....115 | Sirlette 109
Light of Morn ....116 | Sticky Kitty 118
She Dast ....100 | Directory 106
Sea Frolic 117

8—1⅛; $2500; 3-year-olds up; claiming.
Foe O' Woe ....111 | Devil's Crag 116
†Sonnet Key ....109 | U. S. Salute 104
†War Reward ....111 | Oakford 116
Good Ante ....104 | Pilate's Heart 114
Mumble Peg ....106 | Calatan 116
†J. S. Kroese and I. Gushen entry.

BELMONT PARK SELECTIONS (Fast)
1—Alarush, Valetta, Acquisitive.
2—La Joconde, Third Rail, King's Gambit.
3—No selections.
4—Boiling On, Thread O'Gold, Nap.
5—MOON MAIDEN, Blue Nose, Spoon Bread.
6—Jack S. L., Alloray, Le Havre.
7—Sirlette, Sticky Kitty, Light of Morn.
8—Sonnet Key, Devil's Crag, Pilate's Heart.
Louisville Times (AP).

Results

1—6½; $2500; 2-year-olds; claiming.
Scotch Plains, 108 (Permane) 9.30 4.70 3.70
*Epicure, 111 (Arcaro) 4.50 3.80
*Up Front, 116 (McCreary) 3.50 3.80
Motie Brand, Insolate, Pheecia, Melody Lass, Houlgate, Navy Dance, Tetrol, Santa's Vixen, Sunredgra also ran. Time, 1:17⅗.
*Dead heat for second position.

2—1 mi.; $3000; maidens 3-year-olds up.
Westminster, 113 (Longden) 6.10 4.50 3.30
Pennypacker, 120 (Grohs) 9.90 6.40
Gay Legend, 120 (Westrope) 11.40
*Cal's Will, Agrarist, *Gallascene, *Little Sammie, Chansian, Adaptable, Ute, Oran, Palace Guard, Devil's Guide, Rear Guard also ran. Time, 1:38⅗.
*Field.

DAILY DOUBLE PAID $31.70.

3—¾; $3000; 3-year-olds; allowances.
Saugaro, 116 (McCreary) .. 21.60 11.30 6.10
Extra Base, 120 (Mehrtens) 7.00 4.80
Dustman, 120 (Arcaro) 2.80
Lou-Bre, Respire, Lyonstown, Romanock, Flying Wasp, Kuota, Magellan, Abignonia, Plucky Boy also ran. Time, 1:11.

4—5½; $3000; maidens 2-year-olds.
Unwise, 115 (May) 24.60 13.50 8.30
La Grande, 115 (Arcaro) 4.00 3.00
‡Bold Impulse, 115 (Strange) 3.80
Admiral Lady, †Jim's Jeanie, *Sibsis, Dolly Varden, Miss Palooka, Sea Floe, Simetrica, *Espoolta, †Happy Forecast, Chaste Lady, *Gaylo, ‡Timore, Lady Pilot also ran. Time, 1:04⅘.
*Field.
†M. Block and Twin Oak Farm entry.
‡J. Graf and Paragon Stable entry.

5—About 2 m.; $5000 added; 3-year-olds up.
Elkridge, 161 (Harrison) 4.60 2.70 2.40
Bill Coffman, 140 (Roberts) 2.80 2.40
Iron Shot, 160 (Brown) 2.70
†Bridlespur, Invader, †Cottesmore also ran. Time, 3:53⅗.
†G. H. Bostwick entry.

6—1 mi.; $4000 added; 3-year-olds up.
Stronghold, 112 (Permane) .. 18.80 5.30 3.30
Omission, 120 (Strange) 2.80 2.70
Porter's Cap, 114 (Jones) 3.60
Great Rush, The Sultan also ran. Time, 1:37⅖.

7—¾; $3000 added; 3-year-olds up; h'cap.
Colchis, 122 (Permane) 7.80 4.30 2.70
Trace Heart, 114 (Jones) 10.10 4.70
Blustering, 109 (D. Meade) 3.10
Mighty Master, Fag, Juldoewee, Bardia, Shrimole, Blueberry Pie also ran. Time, 1:11⅘.

8—1 1/16; $2000; 3-year-olds up; claiming.
Rescue K., 111 (Mills) 7.00 4.40 3.30
Gino Rex, 111 (Longden) 5.90 4.30
Veris, 111 (Westrope) 5.70
Roman Governor, Powerhouse, Happy Guess, Ballotant, Lumiere also ran. Time, 1:51⅘.

WSVA

550 Kilocycles.
THURSDAY
MORNING.

6:00 Rev. Malden.
6:15 Barnyard Time.
6:30 Band Stand.
6:45 News; Markets.
7:00 Sleepy.
7:15 Trading Post.
7:30 News
7:45 Plough Boys.
8:00 Mac Wiseman.
8:15 Smiles.
8:30 Kitchen Frolic.
9:30 Smiley Sutter.
9:45 News.
10:00 Music.
10:15 Government Show.
10:30 Two Pianos.
10:45 Woman's Page.
11:00 News.
11:15 Reed Organ
11:30 Campfire Roundup.

AFTERNOON.

12:00 Purple Sage Trio.
12:15 Farmers.
12:30 News.
12:45 Markets
1:00 Food for Victory.
1:15 Campfire Roundup.
2:00 News
2:15 Town Crier.
2:30 Smiley Sutter.
2:45 Buddy Starcher.
3:00 Johnson Boys.
3:15 Hymn Time.
3:30 News
3:45 World Feature.
4:00 The Goldbergs.
4:15 Life Can Be Beautiful.
4:30 Ma Perkins.
4:45 News.
5:00 Story Lady.
5:15 Jimmy Allen.
5:30 Evening Melodies.
5:45 News.
6:00 Service Program.
6:15 Dance Time.
6:45 News.
7:00 Sign Off.

SHENANDOAH VALLEY BROADCASTING CORPORATION.
Harrisonburg, Va.

WFMD

930 Kilocycles.
THURSDAY
MORNING.

7:05 News; Sunrise Salute.
7:15 Cordwood.
7:30 Sunrise Salute.
8:00 News of the World
8:15—Singin' Ed McCurdy.
8:30 Coffee Club
8:45 Morning Devotions.
9:15 Sing Along.
9:45 This Life Is Mine.
10:00 News; Music.
10:15 Town Crier.
10:30 Changing World.
10:45 Red Cross
11:00—Gospel Songs.
11:15 Farm Tips and Tunes.
11:30 Bright Horizon.
11:45 Gulfspray Presents.

AFTERNOON.

12:00 News.
12:15 Big Sister.
12:30 Helen Trent.
12:45 Our Gal Sunday.
1:00 Old Familiar Hymns.
1:30 Rusty Sings.
1:45 Richard Himber Orchestra.
2:00 Dixie Rogers.
2:15 Lean Back and Listen.
2:30 Victory Marches.
2:45 Let's Dance.
3:00 Mary Marlin.
3:15 Music of Belgium.
3:30 Bob Trout. News.
3:45 High Places
4:00 The Rev. A. J. Tillman.
4:30 Raymond Scott Show.
5:00 Fun With Dunn.
5:30 Three Sisters.
5:45 Wilderness Road.

EVENING.

6:00 News.
6:15 Calling Pan America.
6:45 Dinner Music.
7:15 Emil Cote Choristers.
7:45 Jungle Jim.
8:00—Musical Varieties.
8:15 V Young Orchestra.
8:30 Something for the Girls.
9:00 Major Bowes.
9:30 Broadway Bandwagon.
10:00 The First Line.
10:30 Senator Harry Truman.
10:45 Voice of the Army.
11:00 World News Analysis.
11:15 Joan Brooks, Songs.
11:30 Viva America.
12:00 News.

MONOCACY BROADCASTING CO.
Frederick, Md.

WJEJ

1240 Kilocycles.
THURSDAY
MORNING.

7:00 Early Bird.
8:00 News.
8:05 Early Bird.
8:45 Family Altar.
9:00 Organ Melodies.
9:30 Man with a Band.
10:00 News, B. Repaid.
10:15 Morning Devotions.
10:30 Shady Valley Folks.
11:00 Arthur Gaeth.
11:15 Saddle Pals.
11:45 Health Talk.
11:50 News Parade.

AFTERNOON.

12:15 Music Mixers.
12:30 U. S. Navy Band.
1:00 Ray Dady.
1:15 Jack Berch.
1:30 Lunch With Lopez.
1:45 Woman's Jury.
2:00 Cedric Foster.
2:15 Saddle Pals.
2:30 Open House.
2:45 Jane Cowl.
3:00 Morton Downey.
3:15 Palmer House Orch.
3:30 The Smoothies.
3:45 Time Was.
4:05 Romantic Cycle.
4:15 Johnson Family.
4:30 Full Speed Ahead.
5:00 Bandstand.
5:15 Interlude.
5:30 Tom Mix.
5:45 Superman

EVENING.

6:00 News; Sports
6:15 City Hillbillies.
6:30 Candlelight and Silver.
7:00 Fulton Lewis, Jr.
7:15 Organ Melodies.
7:30 Confidentially Yours.
7:45 Adrian Rollini.
8:00 F. Singiser.
8:15 Nick Carter.
8:30 Prevue.
9:00 Gabriel Heatter
9:15 Easy Rhythm.
9:30 Starlight Serenade.
10:00 Henry Gladstone.
10:15 Front Page Drama.
10:30 Army Air Forces.
11:00 Band Stand; Sports.
11:20 Sign Off.

MUTUAL—HAGERSTODN. MD.

WCHV

1450 Kilocycles.
THURSDAY
MORNING.

7:00 Musical Clock.
7:25 News.
7:30 Musical Clock.
7:55 News.
8:00 Martin Agronsky.
8:15 Morning Melodies.
8:30 News.
8:45 Lucky Lady.
9:00 Breakfast Club.
10:00 My True Story.
10:30 Kay Armen.
10:45 Listening Post.
11:00 Breakfast at Sardi's.
11:30 News Summary.
11:45 Cliff Edwards.

AFTERNOON.

12:00 Glamour Manor.
12:35 Devotions
12:45 Town Crier.
1:00 News; Baukhage.
1:15 Music of the Masters.
1:45 Jerry Wayne.
2:00 Kiernan-News.
2:15 The Mystery Chef.
2:30 Ladies Be Seated.
3:00 Morton Downey
3:15 Star Time.
3:30 Appointment With Life.
4:00 Waltz Time.
4:30 Time Views News.
4:45 Hap Harrigan.
5:00 Terry and the Pirates.
5:15 Dick Tracy.
5:30 Jack Armstrong.
5:45 Rhythm Roundup.

EVENING.

6:00 News; Music.
6:15 Texas Rangers.
6:30 News; Music.
6:45 Henry J. Taylor.
7:00 Musical Mysteries.
7:30 Just Music.
8:00 Paul Neilson.
8:15 Lum and Abner.
8:30 America's Town Meeting.
9:30 Spotlight Bands.
10:00 Raymond Gram Swing.
10:15 George Hicks, News.
10:30 Step or Go.
11:00 Music You Want.
11:30 Soldiers With Wings.
12:00 Sign Off

VIRGINIA BROADCASTING CO.
Charlottesville, Va.

WINC

1400 Kilocycles.
THURSDAY
MORNING.

7:30 Morning Clock.
8:00 War Journal.
8:15 Records.
8:30 News.
8:45 Morning Devotions.
9:00 Breakfast Club.
10:00 True Story.
10:30 Martinsburg Wheel.
10:45 Listening Post.
11:00 Breakfast at Sardi's.
11:30 News.

AFTERNOON.

12:00 Music.
12:30 Farm and Home.
1:00 Baukhage.
1:15 Radio Bible School.
1:45 Little Jack Little.
2:00 News.
2:15 Mystery Chef.
2:30 Ladies, Be Seated.
3:00 Morton Downey.
3:15 Star Time.
3:30 Appointment With Life.
4:00 Blue Frolics.
4:15 The Rev. Harry James.
4:30 News.
4:45 Sea Hound.
5:00 Terry and Pirates.
5:15 Dick Tracy.
5:30 Jack Armstrong.
5:45 Captain Midnight.

EVENING.

6:00 Hit Tune.
6:15 That's My Name.
6:30 Evening Reveries.
6:45 Henry Taylor, News.
7:00 Blondie.
7:15 Modern Romances.
7:30 Concert Hall.
8:00 News.
8:15 Lum and Abner.
8:30 Town Meeting.
9:30 Spotlight Band.
10:00 Raymond Gram Swing.
10:15 Tony Dalton.

WINCHTSTER, VA.

WFVA

1300 Kilocycles.
THURSDAY
MORNING.

7:45 Music.
8:00 Martin Agronsky.
8:15 Your Life Today.
8:30 News Summary.
8:45 Hombert Family.
9:00 Breakfast Club.
10:00 True Story
10:30 Kay Armen.
10:45 Listening Post.
11:00 Breakfast at Sardi's.
11:30 Gil Martyn, News.
11:45 Gossip for Girls.

AFTERNOON.

12:00 Hit Band of the Day.
12:15 Luncheon Dancing.
12:30 Farm and Home Hour.
1:00 Baukage, News.
1:15 Lum 'n' Abner.
1:30 Concert Hall.
2:00 News, Kiernan.
2:15 Hollywood Show.
2:30 Ladies Be Seated.
2:45 Money Man.
3:00 Morton Downey.
3:15 Hollywood Star Time.
3:30 Vogue Show.
4:00 Ethel and Albert.
4:15 Don Norman Show.
4:30 Time Views the News.
4:45 Hop Harrigan.
5:00 Terry and the Pirates.
5:15 Dick Tracey.
5:30 Jack Armstrong.
5:45 Sea Hound.

EVENING.

6:00 Melody Time.
6:15 Dinner Music.
6:45 Henry J. Taylor.
7:00 O. W. I.
7:15 TWVA-CIO
7:30 Twilight Reveries.
7:45 Sundown Serenade.

FREDERICKSBURG BROADCASTING CORPORATION.

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Mary Haworth's Mail

Wac Officer, 23, Faces Ardent Bridegroom's Return From Abroad, Knowing She Can't Bear To Live With Him Again; How Solve Problem?

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I am 23 and an officer in the WACs. Last winter I married an Army officer, who was most persistent and determined to have me before he went overseas. Shortly after our wedding I realized that I was not in love with him; but the circumstances of war parted us so quickly that I had no time to make an issue of it. And in his absence I have been trying to tell myself that everything would work out all right.

Now, however, I am informed that he is coming home; and although I have not written him any love letters, it is plain he still thinks he pulled a fast one, and that I've accepted the situation. I haven't and I can't. I shall tell him the truth as soon as I see him, in case he won't admit it to himself. But I think it would be better to clear out of the situation before it gets any worse.

We lived together two weeks before he went overseas. Is there any possibility of getting an annulment? Or should I consult a lawyer about divorce? B. D.

Scant Grounds For Annulment

DEAR B. D.: If you are determined to set aside the marriage, you will need legal counsel and representation in any case. Only a lawyer could say whether annulment proceedings are warranted; and he would want to dig out background information and study it carefully, with that possibility in mind, before giving an opinion. Offhand, I would say the chances are slim,—since there are scant ground for annulment, as applied to persons of adult age. Matrimonial incapacity (the legal term for inability to consummate the union) is one. Fraud in negotiating the contract is another,—as, for instance, if one party had been married before, and re-marries on the basis of a "quickie" (that is, Reno-type) divorce, always of doubtful validity in other jurisdictions. Deliberate concealment of a criminal past record is still another, I believe. And that about covers it.

The situation offers no easy loophole for speedy divorce, either, as I see it,—unless you escape by the Reno route. Since, primarily your complaint has to do with your own weakness and folly, in committing yourself to marriage when you felt you shouldn't, the authentic remedy in conservative jurisdictions would be slow-paced,—consisting of voluntary separation for a period sufficient to establish, of itself, grounds for divorce. This period varies in different jurisdictions. Some jurisdictions require a lapse of five years; others are more lenient.

Conduct Unbecoming "Officer and Lady"

INCIDENTALLY, in the American lexicon, theoretically two words are synonymous, namely: "Officer and gentleman." And now that women are being commissioned to posts of military trust, we should be glad of assurance that the words, "officer and lady," are synonymous, also. Unfortunately, your attitude belies the assumption. Your self-excusatory attempt to foist all blame for this mesalliance upon your husband is flagrantly bad sportsmanship and bad taste,—a wretched example to uniformed women in the ranks. Your angry whimper that he practically kidnaped you against your will;—and "still thinks he pulled a fast one,"—is so much eyewash, it seems to me, when we consider that you tarried two weeks with him thereafter, amiably condoning his alleged piracy.

The injured innocence role is a phoney. Snap out of it and act your age in correcting a mistake to which both contributed equally. If you can't stomach your hasty bargain, give your husband due notice and have a lawyer engineer an equitable separation. M. H.

Mary Haworth counsels through her column; not by mail or personal interview. Write her in care of The Post.



Harris & Ewing

MRS. RICHARD B. PARK
. . . *Commander's Daughter Wedded*

Park-Parker Double Ring Service Read

Miss Betty Parker, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. Herbert Colvin Parker, became the bride of Lieut. (j. g.) Richard B. Park, USNR, son of Mr. and Mrs. Mettler Park, Kansas City, Mo., last evening at 8:30 o'clock in Metropolitan Memorial Methodist Church. Before an altar banked with palms, white gladioli, and chrysanthemums, the Rev. Edward Latch and the Rev. Frederick Buschmeyer officiated at the double-ring ceremony.

Commander Parker escorted his daughter and gave her in marriage. Her gown was ivory satin made princess style with full-length veil and finger-tip lace tiara of old Colonial lace, used by her mother and grandmother in their weddings. She carried stephanotis and orchids.

Miss Case Maid of Honor

Miss Eleanor Case, Syracuse, N. Y., maid of honor, wore blue chiffon with matching hat of ostrich plumes. She carried an old-fashioned mixed bouquet. Miss Nancy Abrams, Los Angeles, Calif., wearing yellow chiffon, Mrs. Welter Hoyer, sister of the bridegroom, wearing pink chiffon, and Miss Germaine Coffey, wearing aqua chiffon, were bridesmaids. Their hats were of matching ostrich plumes and they carried old-fashioned mixed bouquets.

Lieut. (j. g.) Mike Tremaine, USN, was best man. Lieut. Comdr. Stuart Beck, Lieut. William Seydel and Lieut. William Trainor, all USNR, and Lieut. Col. Richard Stout, USA, were ushers.

A reception at the Army-Navy Club followed, after which Lieutenant Park and his bride left for a honeymoon in Sea Island, Ga.

They will make their home with the Parkers at 1727 Massachusetts ave., upon their return.

Mrs. Parker Wears Yellow

Mrs. Parker wore yellow crepe with a hat of black sequins. Mrs. Park wore blue crepe with blue hat trimmed with ostrich plumes. Out-of-town guests included the bride's paternal grandmother, Mrs. W. M. Parker, and her maternal grandmother, Mrs. W. S. Shepardson, who arrived Tuesday from California for the wedding. Bride attended American University, and the bridegroom attended the University of Kansas City.

Nicaraguan Envoy's Wife Hostess for Music Guild

Members of the Chamber Music Guild held a tea yesterday at the Nicaraguan Embassy. Senora de Sevilla Sacasa served as hostess at the 4:30 to 5:30 affair to which were invited about 50 guests.

The Duke and Duchess of Windsor are spending a few weeks at the Homestead, Hot Springs, Va., where they have joined Mrs. Buchanan Merryman, aunt of the Duchess. Accompanying them to the resort were Mrs. Duncan Douglas, Newport, and Milton W. Holden, New York.

Mrs. Walter R. Amesbury, jr., will leave Monday for Albany, N. Y., where she will visit Mme. Procope, wife of the former Finnish Minister. Before returning to Washington, Mrs. Amesbury will stop in New York for several days.

Lieut. Comdr. Landon K. Thorne, jr., has joined Mrs. Thorne and their infant twins, son and daughter, in New York. Now on leave, he recently completed a tour of duty in the Pacific theater. Mrs. Thorne, the former Miss Alice H. Barry, Washington, made her debut here several years ago.

Comdr. John S. Young, USN, former United States Naval Attache in Moscow, is spending a few days at the Essex House, New York. Col. and Mrs. R. B. Richards, Bethesda, are stopping at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Mrs. Charles Edwin Alley, Fairlington, is recovering from a recent illness and will return to her home soon from Arlington Hospital.

Christmas Bazaar Committee Meets

Mrs. George C. Thorpe, recently appointed general chairman of the United Nations War Relief, Inc. Christmas Bazaar committee, called a preliminary meeting of a small central subcommittee at the headquarters, 1720 L st., yesterday.

Those present included Mrs. J. M. W. Koning Hamilton, director, Queen Wilhelmina Fund; Col. Julius I. Peyser, treasurer; Mr. Robert Boyd, financial adviser, and Joan C. Rigby, secretarial assistant.

Bazaar will be held at the Statler Hotel on December 4, 5 and 6 and will represent the 12 Allied nations. Mrs. Thorpe will call the first meeting of the general committee for Monday, October 2, at 2 p. m., preceding the monthly directors' meeting.

Buy It Tender

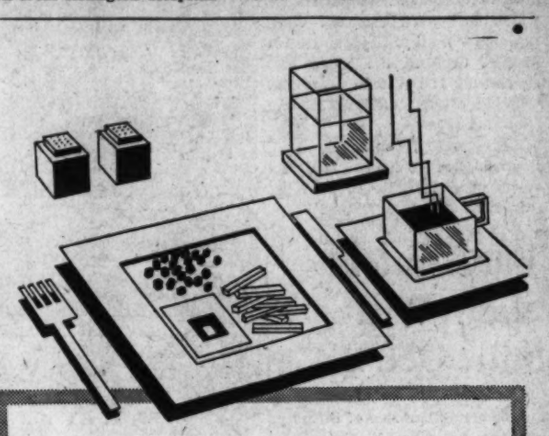
If asparagus tips spread or stalks are stringy, buy some other vegetable, advise Westinghouse home economists. Tender asparagus will have close, compact heads and brittle stalks, green all the way down.

Mrs. Godfrey Soon to Get Another Award

Another music award is in the offing for Mrs. Stuart Godfrey, talented composer, wife of Brigadier General Godfrey, USA.

It is a distinguished service citation from Music War Council of America and official presentation will be made Sunday night at National Gallery during the monthly concert by the Gallery Symphonette Orchestra.

Music War Council has presented similar citations to persons doing outstanding work in music for the armed forces in the past two years but Mrs. Godfrey is the first Washington woman to be so honored. She wins it for her contributions in organizing music for the services and music canteen, both highly successful ventures which have made good music available to service men and women.



Square Meals

today call for nutritionally-better foods. Supplement your wartime meals with this milk that's richer in Vitamin "D".

CHESTNUT FARMS

Sealtest VITAMIN 'D' HOMOGENIZED MILK

A Division of National Dairy Products Corporation

Don't miss the Joan Davis—Sealtest Village Store Program, with Jack Haley, Thursdays, 9:30 P. M., WRC



The Gentler Sex

By Malvina Lindsay

Crumbs From The Table

IF EVERY American citizen cut down food waste by one ounce daily, the United States could feed six million additional Europeans, says Col. John J. Powers, food service director of the Third Service Command.

The supplies of meat, fish, cheese, eggs, milk and sugar that Europeans will need during the first six months after Germany falls are extremely short, reports Herbert Lehman, director general of UNRRA.

And yet:

We keep on giving purposeless, unnecessary group dinners, luncheons, teas.

We serve company dinners as nearly as possible on a prewar scale.

We are even now planning the usual Thanksgiving menu that leaves the diners feeling like stuffed toads.

We continue to rise from our evening meals with that full feeling that hurts our digestions and our figures—and should hurt our consciences.

We get drawn into circles of neighborhood party giving, and compete with each other in what we serve, naively believing that our success as hostesses depends on the "eats" we produce.

We cannot call a committee together, or hold a business conference with another person, without doing it to the accompaniment of food.

We cook with lavish hands and practice an amount of waste in our kitchens that even before the war had called forth warnings from economists.

We permit men who are showoffs to order extra steaks for parties in restaurants without protest on our part, and alas, some of us, accept black market food.

We whine about sugar rationing, when nutritionists point out that the drop in per capita sugar consumption; from 109 pounds in 1940 to 79 pounds in 1942, has been one of the most favorable influences on the Nation's health in recent years.

We continue, in spite of physicians' warnings, to dig our graves with our teeth.

MEANWHILE, millions of hungry people in Europe and China will soon be available to receive that extra ounce of food that each of us could save each day.

Mr. Lehman's recent report on the urgent need for food and clothing abroad, following the defeat of the Germans, should sober those who, after discovering that the French couturiers were still carrying on, flippantly decided that Europe could take care of itself.

France had the gallantry to put up as brave a face as possible. But under the surface there is a great need there—to which the number of tubercular children in Paris testifies.

The need in Italy is acute. One baby out of two dies. One adult in five has tuberculosis.

There is great suffering in Greece. What exists in Poland, the Balkans, Czecho-Slovakia can only be guessed. Rumors are disturbing enough. India has a severe famine. China is greatly in need of rehabilitation. We are sending food to Russia, and more is needed, as the best Russian agricultural lands have been overrun by Nazis.

MR. LEHMAN reports that Europe will need 864,000 tons of meat, fish, cheese and eggs the first six months. But so far UNRRA has only been able to negotiate in the United States for 136,000 tons of canned pork, though a 29,000-ton order for fish will be placed. Canada is furnishing 7700 tons of canned fish.

The milk supply is so short that no nation has yet made an allocation to Europe. The 1945 sugar supply will be one million tons short of demand exclusive of UNRRA's demands.

Every American housewife should bear these needs in mind now and plan her food program on as simple and nutritional a basis as possible. Every American citizen as a consumer of food should carry a deep sense of responsibility toward the needs of others.

To do this is only self-protection. We know by now that a group of hungry, starving people anywhere is a threatening infection of disease, revolution and war for the whole world. We also know, if we are not too hardened and sophisticated to remember our Sir Launfal, that there are intangible rewards to sharing what we have. At a time when all of us bear upon our consciences a degree of guilt for the destruction and death that is rampant, we should regard it as a privilege to share in the effort to preserve life.

Noted Visitor Here From Peru

Dr. Guillermo Almenara, eminent physician from Peru, has arrived in Washington for a visit as guest of the Department of State. During his stay of six weeks in this country he will visit New York, Chicago, Cleveland and Baltimore and will attend the meeting in Cleveland of the American College of Hospital Administrators of which he will be made an honorary fellow.

Onetime Minister of Public Health, Labor and Social Security, Dr. Almenara was also director general of public health when a law for compulsory social security was passed in Peru in 1936.

Round of Parties Opens Social Whirl With a Bang

Washington's social season, ahead of itself by several weeks, seemed to have opened with a bang yesterday, with almost a dozen parties marked up on the calendar.

Traditionally, the celebration of the birthday anniversary of the King of Thailand was the first large official fete of early autumn. Then it was that diplomats, officials and members of resident circles, back from summer-long holidays, held reunion.

Yesterday there was a party at the Thailand Legation to mark the birthday of King Ananda. But it was limited in size and was simple in comparison to prewar days when champagne flowed, buffets held staggering amounts of delicacies.

Only members of the Thailand colony here and a few personal friends of the Minister and Mme. Seni Pramoj were asked yesterday and a small group stayed on for a buffet supper with rice and curry, national dish of Thailand, as the piece de resistance.

Mme. Wei to Give Luncheon

The retiring Minister of Australia, Sir Owen Dixon and Lady Dixon, due to leave early next week for their homeland, are being entertained right and left up until the day of their departure. Yesterday the Belgian Ambassador and Countess van der Straten-Ponthoz were hosts at a luncheon in their honor; today Mme. Wei, wife of the Chinese Ambassador, will give a luncheon in honor of Lady Dixon.

And there was another farewell party on the book—the dinner for Carlos Campbell, retiring Commercial Counselor of the Chilean Embassy, and Senora de Campbell.

Hosts on this occasion were Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Morris, who had as their other guests the Charge de Affaires of Chile and Senora de Gajardo, Admiral Emilio Daroche, head of the Chilean Naval Mission, and Senora de Daroche; the Naval Attache of the Chilean Embassy and Senora de McIntyre and Mario Illanes, newly named Commercial Counselor of the Chilean Embassy, and Senora de Illanes.

Dr. Brull Is Host

"For men only" was the luncheon given by Dr. Mariano Brull, Minister-Counselor of the Cuban Embassy, who entertained at the Mayflower yesterday in honor of a distinguished visitor—Dr. Cosme de la Torriente, Cuban Ambassador-at-at-large, well-known in the Capital.

Dr. Brull's other guests were the Mexican Ambassador, Dr. Francisco Castillo Najera, Norman Armour, former United States Ambassador to Argentina; Dr. L. S. Rowe, Charles Thomson, George A. Finch, J. Rafael Oreamuno, William L. Schurz, George M. Morris, John C. Patterson, Dr. Joaquin Meyer, Minister-Counselor of the Cuban Embassy; Herschel Brickell, Dr. William Manger, Walter Lippmann, Marquis Childs, Jose Sera, Cuban Consul General and Dr. Pedro Saavedra, Second Secretary of the Cuban Embassy.



Harris & Ewing

MISS VIRGINIA B. KEMP
. . . *Betrothed to Cadet*

Virginia Kemp Is Betrothed

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Augustus Kemp, Arlington, Va., announce the engagement of their daughter, Virginia Bruyere Kemp, to Cadet William Henry Holcombe, jr., a member of the 1945 class at the United States Military Academy, West Point, N. Y. Cadet Holcombe's parents are Brig. Gen. William Henry Holcombe, commanding officer of Camp Gordon Johnston, Fla., and Mrs. Holcombe.

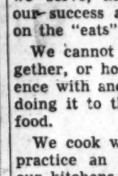
Miss Kemp is a junior at Mary Washington College, Fredericksburg, Va., and a member of Pi Sigma Kappa and the Mary Bartlett Chapter of DAR.

Her father is director of sanitary engineering for the District of Columbia, is a member of the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin. She is a descendant of Peter Kemp, cofounder of the United Bretheren Church in 1800, and on her maternal side, of the late Senator William S. Archer of Virginia, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

Cadet Holcombe attended Millard's Preparatory School in Washington, D. C., and is the third generation of his family to attend the Military Academy. He is a grandson of the late Mr. and Mrs. John Walker Holcombe and the late Col. and Mrs. Edwards Cranston Brooks, Washington.

Meat Extender

For extending meat, try unpolished rice, a new special grade of rice between the brown and polished rice. The brown outer coating of unpolished rice has good nutritive value as well as extra flavor.



Whiter Clearer Softer Skin with Mercolized WAX CREAM

This summer watch out. Has your skin grown darker, maybe freckled, look older and less attractive? Do what thousands of smart women are doing for Fall loveliness. Use MERCOLIZED WAX CREAM. It helps you lighten freckles, invisibly peels coarsened, darkened skin. You will notice your skin growing clearer and whiter. It will feel softer and smoother, look younger and fresher. Make MERCOLIZED WAX CREAM your double duty powder base. Helps block out old Sol's rays and does a clearing up job at the same time. Start today. Just follow directions.

Try SAXOLITE ASTRINGENT. Refreshes, temporarily contracts loose surface tissue.

Nervous, Restless On "CERTAIN DAYS" Of The Month?

If functional periodic disturbances make you feel nervous, cranky, high-strung, tired, weak and "dragged out"—at such times—try *famous* Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to relieve such symptoms. Here's a product that HELPS NATURE. Also a fine stomachic tonic! Follow label directions. Pinkham's Compound is *worth trying!*

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND



Better-NATURALLY!

You see, it's made from the famous C&B ENGLISH RECIPE

Not Rationed

Ask for it by Name

Energy Food FOR YOUNG AND OLD

Eat Breyer's all-ways ICE CREAM

A DOUBLE TREAT . . . BREYERS ORANGE PINEAPPLE ICE CREAM

GENUINE HOOVER SERVICE!

Give Your HOOVER NEW LIFE . . . with Hoover Company Service

Low cost. Guaranteed work. Estimates furnished. 48-hour service.

Take no chances—get genuine Hoover Company service and parts at lowest cost. No one else can do it right. For example:

ONLY $2.84 PLUS TAX FOR:

MOTOR cleaned, lubricated, new carbon brushes installed
AGITATOR or BRUSH ROLL cleaned and lubricated
BELT replaced
BAG completely renovated
CORD, SWITCH, all electrical connections checked
APPEARANCE improved
CLEANING EFFICIENCY restored

Call The HOOVER COMPANY

Factory Branch Service Station: 1305 Rhode Island Ave., N. E. • Dupont 4677

When you're "Warming up" for winter



IT'S MAXWELL HOUSE COFFEE TIME!

Brisk autumn weather says, "Time to winter-seal your house!" Time for Maxwell House Coffee too! It *really* goes to the spot!

Because 1 FINE QUALITY COFFEES from sun-swept Latin-American plantations are selected with care for richness, flavor, vigor, and full body. Coffee lovers appreciate the *extra measure* of pleasure in every cup of mellow Maxwell House!

Because 2 EXPERT BLENDING of these superb coffees by master blenders results in uniform coffee excellence. Every pound of delicious Maxwell House is *deeply* satisfying!

Because 3 RADIANT ROASTING *evenly* develops every one of the bean's flavor cells to its full strength. Vacuum-packing seals it in, roaster-fresh. True to its tradition, Maxwell House is always Good to the Last Drop! *A Product of General Foods*

THAT'S WHY MORE PEOPLE BUY

MAXWELL HOUSE COFFEE

THAN ANY OTHER BRAND IN THE WORLD

GOOD TO THE LAST DROP!

It's Maxwell House Coffee Time on the Air, too . . . the new Frank Morgan show . . . NBC, Thursday Night

Today's Radio Programs

Thursday, Sept. 21 — Washington — Eastern War Time

	WMAL 630KC 476M	WRC 980KC 316M	WOL 1260KC 229M	WINX 1340KC 223M	WWDC 1450 KC	WTOP 1500KC 206M
	News, 6, 7, 8:30, Prelude, 6:05, Star-Spangled Banner, 6:30, Town Clock, 7:10-7:45, 8-9, David Wills, 7:45.	News, 6; 7, 7:55, 8:30, Bill Herson, 6:05-7, 7:15, 7:55, 8:15-9, World Roundup, 8.	Dawn Patrol to 6:30, Art Brown, 6:35-9:30, News, 6:30, 7:30, 8 and 8:30.	Jerry Strong, 6-9, News, 7, 730, 8 and 8:30, Wake up with WINX, 7:05, 8:05.	News, 6, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, Serenade, 6:05, Mike Hunnicutt, 7, 7:35, 8:05, Crowley, 6:45.	Cora Squeezing Time, 5:45-6:45, News, 6:45, 7:30 & 8, Godfrey, 7-9:15, Mahoney, 7:40.
9	:00 The Breakfast Club :15 " " " :30 " " " :45 " " "	Mirth and Madness " " " News Broadway Melodies	Art Brown at the Organ Listen Ladies!	News; Music in Air Music in the Air Traffic Court	Cash; Mike Hunnicutt Mike Hunnicutt News; Mike Hunnicutt Mike Hunnicutt	News, Godfrey Home Service Daily Sing Along Club Amigos Mios
10	:00 My True Story :15 " " " :30 Dairy Program :45 Listening Post	Lora Lawton News of the World Finders Keepers " "	News, Billy Repaid Mr. Moneybags Linda's First Love Mary Foster	News; Music Hall " " " " " " " " "	Cash; Bing Crosby Bing Crosby News; Alice Lane Alice Lane	Valiant Lady Light of the World Changing World Bachelor Children
11	:00 Breakfast at Sardi's :15 " " " :30 Ruth Crane :45 " "	Road of Life Vic and Sade Star Playhouse David Harum	News, Arthur Gaeth Do You Need Advice? Morning Serenade What's Your Idea	News; Symphony Adventures in a Perambulator " " "	Cash; Alice Lane Alice Lane News; Morning Matinee "	Honeymoon Hill Second Husband Bright Horizon Aunt Jenny
12	:00 News, Evans :15 Little Show :30 Glamour Manor :45 "	News; Novelette Look to This Day Matinee Today " "	News; Boake Carter Music Mixers U. S. Navy Band " " "	News; Luncheon Music Weather; Luncheon Music	Password, Please " " News; Mike Hunnicutt Mike Hunnicutt	Kate Smith Speaks Big Sister Helen Trent Our Gal Sunday
1	:00 Baukhage Talking :15 Music Box :30 " " :45 " "	Nancy Osgood " " " " Morgan Beatty	News; Walter Compton Jack Berch Orch. Lunch With Lopez Russ Hodges	News Roundup World of Sports News, Music, Sports Music Sports	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Life Can Be Beautiful Ma Perkins News, Bernadine Flynn The Goldbergs
2	:00 Music Box :15 Dance Time :30 Ladies Be Seated :45 " " "	Guiding Light Today's Children Women in White Hymns of All Churches	News, Cedric Foster Russ Hodges Compton; Hodges Russ Hodges	News, Music, Sports Music, Sports News; Sports World of Sports	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Portia Faces Life Joyce Jordan Young Dr. Malone Perry Mason
3	:00 Morton Downey :15 Star Time :30 Patricia Lane :45 15 Minute Parking	Woman of America Ma Perkins Pepper Young's Family Right to Happiness	Russ Hodges " " " " " "	News; Music, Sports Music; Sports News; Sports World of Sports	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Mary Marlin Tena & Tim Janice Grey News for Women
4	:00 News, Evans :15 Accent on Music :30 District Band :45 Accent on Music	Backstage Wife Stella Dallas Lorenzo Jones Widow Brown	News, Walter Compton Russ Hodges " " " "	News; Sports World of Sports News; Music, Sports Music; Sports	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Service Time Service Time; News, Texas Rangers " "
5	:00 Terry & the Pirates :15 Dick Tracy :30 Jack Armstrong :45 Southland Sings	Girl Marries We Love & Learn Just Plain Bill Front Page Farrell	Art Brown " " Tom Mix Superman	News; Music Hall Music Hall " " " "	Band of the Day Sinatra vs. Crosby News; Theater Theater of the Air	Fun With Dunn " " " News; Band . Stump Us
6	:00 News, Optimists :15 Godwin; Sports . :30 Martin Agronsky :45 Walter Kiernan	News, Leif Eid Musicade Dutch Bergman Lowell Thomas	World Series Prevue News, Walter Compton Johnson Family Music	News Roundup Sports Today Weather; Dinner Music	News; Melody Lane Melody Lane Richard Eaton Bible Question Box	News, Mahoney, Ned Calmer, Maj. Eliot "6:30 Show" News, J. Harsch
7	:00 Fred Waring :15 " " :30 Green Hornet :45 " "	Chesterfield Music News of The World Charlie Chan " "	News; Fulton Lewis, Jr. World's Front Page Evening Serenade Adrian Rollini Trio	Pop Concert " " News Roundup It's Dance Time	Romantic Rendezvous Tommy Dorsey News; Xavier Cugat Talking Pictures	I Love a Mystery Passing Parade Mr. Keen " "
8	:00 Watch World Go By :15 Lum 'n' Abner :30 America's Town :45 Meeting of the Air	Maxwell House Time " " " Tomorrow's Washington	News, Frank Singiser Pigskin Parade Tangee Varieties " "	News; Harmony Hall Harmony Hall Benny Goodman's Orchestra	Harry James' Orch. " " News; 1450 Club 1450 Club	Suspense " " Death Valley Sheriff; News
9	:00 America's Town :15 Meeting of the Air :30 Spotlight Bands :45 "	Kraft Music Hall " " " Joan Davis and Jack Haley	News; Gabriel Heatter Screen Test Starlight Serenade " "	News; Symphony Beethoven's Symphony No. 4 " " "	1450 Club Washington vs. St. Louis " "	Major Bowes' Amateur Hour Corliss Archer " "
10	:00 Raymond G. Swing :15 Chester Bowles :30 Joe E. Brown :45 " " "	Harry Savoy " " March of Time " " "	News, Henry Gladstone Dale Carnegie World's Most Honored Music " "	Charles Pergler Places to Go Traffic Court " "	" " " " " " " "	First Line " " Here's to Romance " " "
11	:00 News, Evans :15 Hour of Dreams :30 " " " :45 " " "	Gov. Thos. E. Dewey " " " News; Canadian Music Canadian Music	News, Billy Repaid Fulton Lewis, Jr. Shipstead Ice Follies " " "	News; Musical Roundup Weather; Slumber Music	" " " " News; Stardust Revue Stardust Revue	News, Daly and Trout Arch McDonald's "Moondial" Roosevelt Hotel Orch. " "

What's Going On And Where

Entertainment for Service Men and Women

Victory Center for Servicemen, recreation, lounge, showers, 1113 Pennsylvania ave. nw., 10 a. m.

Army-Navy Masonic Service Center, 13th and New York ave. nw., 1 p. m.

Servicemen's Ticket Booth, E st. and Pennsylvania ave. nw., free tickets for movies, dances and lectures, 4 to 8:30 p. m.

Pepsi-Cola Canteen for the armed forces of the United Nations, checking, showers, lounge, all day.

Stage Door Canteen, Belasco Theater, The Rhythm Pilots, 510 Army Air Forces Dance Band, 8:30 to 10:30 p. m.; Talia, dancer, Troika, 10 p. m.

Swimming, servicewomen, National Jewish Welfare Board, 1529 16th st. nw., 5 to 10 p. m.

Voice recording, Salvation Army, 901 Market Space nw., 6 p. m.

Bicycling, 1911 H st. nw., 6:30 p. m.

Dance, YMCA USO, 1736 G st. nw., 7:30 to 10:30 p. m.

Dance, Bannaker Service Club (Negro), 2500 Georgia ave. nw., 8 p. m.

Dance, Jewish Community Center, 16th and Q sts. nw., 8 p. m.

Dance, Masonic Service Center, 13th and New York ave. nw., 8 p. m.

Dance, Servicemen's Club No. 1, 306 9th st. nw., 8 p. m.

Dance, Silver Spring USO, 8644 Ga. ave. 8 p. m.

Canteen, hostesses, games, refreshments, Bennett Service Club, 613 C st. nw., 8 p. m.

Dance, 1320 G st. nw., enlisted personnel, Navy Orchestra, 8:30 to 11 p. m.

Dance, Potomac Hostels, Jewish Community Center, 16th and Q sts. nw., square dancing, 8:30 p. m.

Dance, Officers' Service Club, ping-pong, bridge, Burlington Hotel, 8:30 p. m.

Sketchings, sketches made of service personnel, refreshments, Salvation Army, 901 Market Space nw., 9 p. m.

Concerts, Plays and Other Entertainments

Archery, 16th and Kennedy sts. nw., 5:30 to 8:30 p. m.

Organ recital, Washington Chapel, 16th st. and Columbia rd. nw., 8 p. m.

Play, Willard Roof Music Hall presents "Streets of New York," 8:45 p. m.

Exhibits

National Zoological Park, grounds open, 8:30 a. m.; building, Smithsonian Institution, open 9 a. m.

Freer Gallery of Art, Smithsonian Institution, 9 a. m.

National Gallery of Art, Smithsonian Institution, 10 a. m.

National Photographic Society, National Museum, 10th st. and Constitution ave., 10 a. m.

Classes

Bridge lessons, advanced, 8 p. m.; ballroom and South American dancing, Central Center, 13th and Clifton sts. nw., 8 p. m.

Drama Guild, Garnet Patterson Center, 10th and U sts. nw., 8 p. m.

Dancing, Art, Bridge, Servicemen's Club No. 1, 306 9th st. nw., 8:30 p. m.

Rhumba, Tango, 8:45 p. m., Russian, intermediate, Walsh Club, rear 1523 23d st. nw., 6:30 to 8:30 p. m.

Luncheons and Meetings

Manufacturers Standardization Committee, Willard Hotel, 9 a. m.

Transportation and Communication Dept., Conference and Luncheon, Statler Hotel, 10 a. m., all day.

Committee of Natural Resources, Conference and Luncheon, Statler Hotel, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Southern Wholesalers, Luncheon, Statler, 12:30 p. m.

Construction and Civic Dept. Committee, Luncheon, Statler, 12:30 p. m.

Aetna Casualty and Surety Co., Luncheon and Projection, Statler, 12:30 p. m.

Manufacturers Standardization Society, Willard, 12:30 p. m.

Cornell Alumni Club Luncheon, Sheraton, National Capitol Optimist Club, Continental Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Junior Board of Commerce, Luncheon, Annapolis Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Kiwanis Club Luncheon, Mayflower Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Phi Delta Theta Fraternity, Olmsted's Grill, 12:30 p. m.

White House Photographic Association, Willard, 8 p. m.

TERRY AND THE PIRATES — Trapper Without a Guide — By Milton Caniff



MARY WORTH'S FAMILY — By Dale Allen



MICKEY FINN — Mama Arrives — By Lank Leonard



MR. AND MRS. — Mother's Little Helper — By Arthur Folwell and Ellison Hoover



DIXIE DUGAN — Jour Job! — By J. P. McEvoy and H. J. Striebel



DON WINSLOW OF THE NAVY — On the Trail — By Frank Martinek



BIG CHIEF WAHOO — By Saunders and Woggon



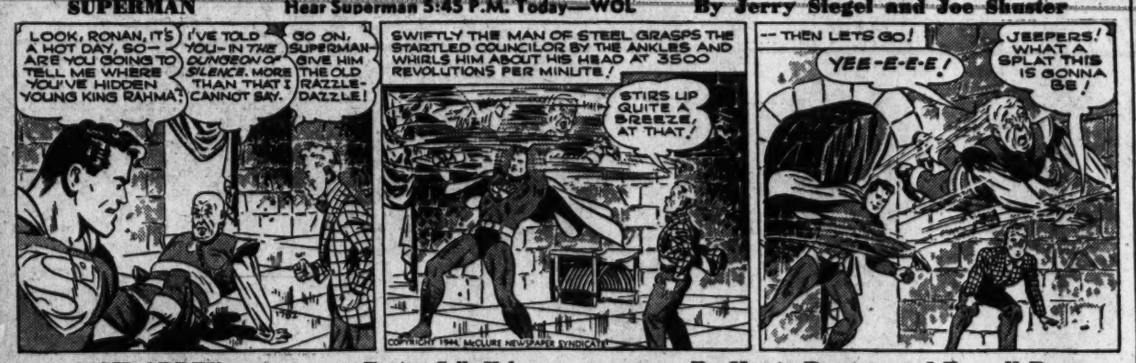
RIGHT AROUND HOME — By Dudley Fisher



JOE PALOOKA — Gold-Bricking — By Ham Fisher



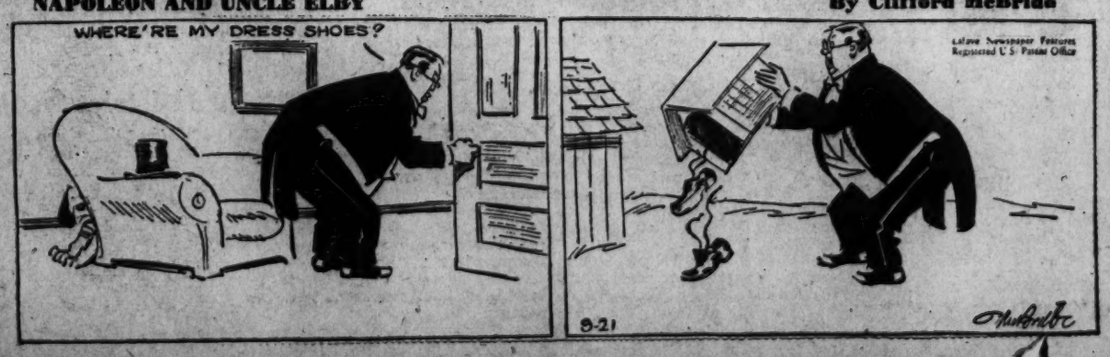
SUPERMAN — Hear Superman 5:45 P.M. Today — WOL — By Jerry Siegel and Joe Shuster



JANE ARDEN — Enston Calls Help — By Monte Barrett and Russell Ross



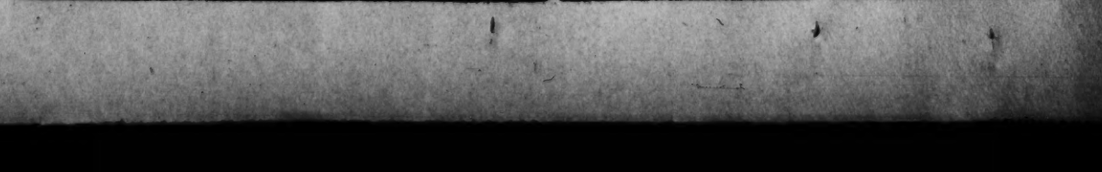
NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELBY — By Clifford McBride



KING OF THE ROYAL MOUNTED — By Zane Grey



WINNIE WINKLE — Sympathy — By Branner



U. S. Sugar Use Unexpectedly Soars in Period

By the Associated Press

Sugar consumption in the United States during the first eight months of this year was 450,000 tons more than during the same period of 1943 and higher than anticipated, the War Food Administration reported yesterday.

In addition, WFA said, 700,000 tons of sugar in the form of molasses has been used in the wartime industrial alcohol program.

Deliveries Heavy

Deliveries by United States distributers are behind the unusually high volume of orders, principally because of labor shortages and inland car movement difficulties from east coast refineries. With the increased consumption and a smaller 1943 beet sugar crop, withdrawals from seaboard refineries were heavier than usual.

New crop production, coupled with offshore imports, soon may be sufficient, WFA said, to enable distributers to rebuild their stocks, but it is expected the carryover at the end of this year will be smaller than last year.

The beet sugar inventory was at its lowest for September 1 since 1935. Domestic beet sugar production for the first eight months of the year totaled 47,000 tons, but during that period 749,000 tons were distributed, reducing stocks from 838,000 tons on January 1 to 136,000 on September 1.

Output Figures Cited

Cane sugar production for the eight months, including that received from offshore areas, totaled 3,830,000 tons. Distributions amounted to 4,181,000 tons, reducing stocks on hand to 545,000 tons.

Distribution by primary distributers in the United States was 4,930,000 tons, or 438,000 more than for the same period last year. However, 462,000 tons of the increase went to civilians and into manufacture of candy and soft drinks for the armed forces.

Caterpillar Tractor Sales Up, Net Lower

Chicago, Sept. 20 (AP).—The Caterpillar Tractor Co., Peoria, Ill., today reported net sales for the year ending August 31, 1944, of $207,642,546.58, as compared with $172,027,818.97 for the previous year.

Net profit for the year ending August 31, 1944, totaled $8,030,398.91, compared with $8,804,117.50 for the previous year.

Baltimore Livestock

Baltimore, Sept. 20 (AP).—(W. F. A.—Office of Distribution)—

CATTLE—Receipts, 150. Odd head medium and good light weight steers and yearlings, 12.50@15.00; few common heifers, 11.50; bulk steer and heifer receipts being held for Thursday's market; cows more active, fully steady with Monday; scattered lots common and cutter cows, 6.75@10.00; canners largely 5.50@6.50; extreme down to 5.00 and less; weighty sausage bulls eligible to 10.50; few light and medium weight, 7.00@9.50.

CALVES—Receipts, 50. Moderately active; unchanged; good and choice vealers, 15.00 to mostly 16.00; common and medium, 9.50@14.50; culls around 8.00; scattered lots medium to good 300-400 lbs., slaughter calves, 10.00@13.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 600. Active, steady with Tuesday; good and choice 160-240 lb. barrows and gilts, 15.05@15.30, latter price the ceiling; unchanged.

SHEEP—Receipts, 50. No early action on small available supply; market quoted steady; good and choice spring lambs 70 lbs. and up lifted at 15.00@16.00; common and medium, 10.00@13.00; handy weight shorn ewes eligible to 5.50.

POULTRY—Market steady to firm for good young chickens, firm on colored fowl, very dull on leghorn fowl. Receipts moderate. Roasters, fryers and broilers: Rocks and crosses, 25@32. Leghorns as to size, 20@23, few higher. Fowl unchanged.

Chicago Livestock

Chicago, Sept. 20 (AP). (WFA)—SALABLE HOGS—Receipts, 8000; total, 12,000; active, fully steady; complete clearance early; good and choice, 150-240 lbs., 14.75; weights over 240 lbs. and good and choice sows, 14.00; few medium to choice 120-140 lbs., 12.50@14.50.

SALABLE CATTLE—Receipts, 12,000; total, 13,000; salable calves, 800; total, 800; strictly good and choice fed steers and all grades yearlings fully steady, active, top 18.35 paid for about a dozen loads; best long yearlings, 18.25; light yearlings 18.10; largely fed steer run, bulk 16.00@18.00; medium and average, good grade, weak to 15 cents lower; all grade heifers steady; best 17.00; cows and weighty beef bulls weak; sausage bulls firm at 8.25@10.50 mostly; cutter cows 7.50 down; most beef cows 8.00@11.50; vealers firm at 16.00 down; stock cattle scarce, steady.

SALABLE SHEEP—Receipts, 2000; total, 5000; active, steady; good and choice native spring lambs, 14.25@14.50, with bucks discounted 1.00; top 14.50; odd lot, mixed medium and good kind, 12.50@14.00, with cull and common out 7.00@10.50; most shorn native ewes, 3.00@5.25, according to grade; small lot shorn native ewes, including a few 2-year-olds, 5.50.

Richmond Markets

Richmond, Va., Sept. 20 (AP) (U. S. Dept. of Agr.) (Prices represent sales on wholesale market)—WHITE POTATOES—New: Receipts fairly heavy. Market weaker. 100-pound sacks, New Jersey and New York, 3.50@3.75.

APPLES—Various varieties. Small and 1¾-inch sizes no demand. 2¼-2½ inches and up, 1.50@2.00, some few higher. Red Starks Delicious, 2½ inches and up, U. S. No. 1, 3.00.

TOMATOES—Best, 3.50@4.00.

EGGS (Prices paid net to producers, f. o. b. Richmond)—Receipts light. Market steady. Federal-State grading stations: Whites and browns, U. S. grade A, large, 46; U. S. grade A, medium, 38; U. S. grade A, small, 27; U. S. grade B, large, 40; U. S. grade C, large, 35. Nearby ungraded current receipts, whites and mixed colors, 36@37, according to weight.

LIVE POULTRY (Prices paid net to producers, f. o. b. Richmond)—Receipts moderate. Market steady. Leghorn hens very weak. Broilers, fryers and roasters, 28½. Colored hens, 23@24. Leghorn fryers, 18@20. Leghorns, 17. Old roosters, 16.

HOGS—900 hogs. Market steady with Tuesday. 180-240 pound grain-fed hogs, 14.65; 100-120 pounds, 7.65; 120-140 pounds, 13.25; 140-160 pounds, 14.10; 160-180 pounds, 14.50; 240-270 pounds, 14.05; 270-300 pounds, 13.75; 300-330 pounds, 13.50. Weights, 330 pounds up, 13.25. Good sows, under 350 pounds, 12.40; 350-500 pounds, 11.00; over 500 pounds, 10.90. Good stags, 8.65.

CATTLE—Top dairy type cows are bringing 8.00@9.00; medium to good, 6.50@8.00; common, 4.50@6.00. Good butcher bulls are selling 8.50@9.50; sausage bulls, according to size and quality, 6.00@8.00. Good and choice vealers sell 13.50@14.00; medium grades, 8.00@10.00; canner calves down to 8.00. Top lambs bring 13.50; medium to good, 12.00@13.00; lower grades, 9.00, and hard to sell.

Died 1

BARNES, GEORGE O. On Tuesday morning, September 19, 1944, after a brief illness, GEORGE O. BARNES, beloved husband of Joanna L. Barnes of 608 Rolling rd., Chevy Chase, Md., and father of George A. Barnes, Mrs. Mary Condon, Lieut. Edward O. Barnes, Lieut. Eugene K. Barnes and Mrs. Joanne Koch. Remains resting at his late residence. Services on Friday, September 22, at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Chevy Chase Circle, where requiem mass will be offered at 9 a. m. Interment private.

CLARK, RALPH W. On Tuesday, September 19, 1944, at U. S. Soldiers Home Hospital, RALPH W. CLARK, beloved husband of Mabel K. Clark and father of Andrew G. Clark. Funeral services at Stanley Hall, U. S. Soldiers Home, at 10:40 a. m., Thursday, September 21. Interment U. S. Soldiers Home Cemetery.

CONRAD, HARVEY A. On Sunday, September 17, 1944, at Sibley Hospital, HARVEY A. CONRAD, beloved husband of Ella M. Conrad, father of Mrs. John I. Anderson and Pvt. Charles M. Conrad, USA, of Shadyside, Md.; brother of Mrs. John Ricard and Charles L. Conrad. Services at Chambers funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., on Thursday, September 21, at 10:30 a. m. Interment Fort Lincoln Cemetery.

SULLIVAN, JOSEPH D. On Tuesday, September 19, 1944, JOSEPH D. SULLIVAN of 416 Webster st. nw., beloved husband of Margaret Grinder Sullivan, father of Mrs. Martin L. Moore and Mrs. Frank L. Price. Also four grandchildren. Services at the S. H. Hines funeral home, 2901 14th st. nw., on Friday, September 22, at 11:30 a. m. Interment Glenwood Cemetery.

D. C. Sales Rise Under Average In 8 Months

By S. Oliver Goodman

Seven leading Washington department stores show a sales gain of 14 per cent in August over the same month last year, according to the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond.

This was slightly less than the average sales gain of 17 per cent in the entire Fifth Reserve District, the survey revealed.

For the first eight months of 1944 local stores displayed a gain of 2 per cent over last year's record sales, while the Fifth District enjoyed a 7 per cent average increase in the same period.

Sharpest sales upturn was experienced in Norfolk, where volume soared 41 per cent in August. Another Virginia city, Lynchburg, ran a close second with an upsurge of 38 per cent.

Percentage gains in leading cities of the Fifth District for August and the first eight months follow:

	Aug.	Jan.-Aug.
Washington	+14	+ 2
Baltimore	+13	+ 5
Winston-Salem, N. C.	+22	+13
Charleston, S. C.	+15	+11
Greenville, S. C.	+27	+19
Lynchburg, Va.	+38	+20
Norfolk, Va.	+41	+15
Richmond, Va.	+22	+14
Charleston, W. Va.	+18	+ 1
Clarksburg, W. Va.	+21	+11
Huntington, W. Va.	+36	+23
Other cities	+13	+ 9
Fifth District	+17	+ 7

Business Briefs Of D. C. Interest

Vandoren Named to Board

W. T. Vandoren, vice president and cashier of the Liberty National Bank, has been elected to the board of directors of the American Co., local real estate firm.

Directors of the American Co. have declared a dividend of $1 a share on common stock, payable October 20 to stockholders of record September 30. This is the second dividend in the nine-year history of the stock, the first having been paid April 20 of this year, according to Secretary John W. Fisher.

Controllers to Meet

Government figures will attend the thirteenth annual meeting of the Controllers Institute of America, scheduled to open in Chicago on October 2. Among the Washingtonians who will speak at the parley are: Fred R. Atcheson, acting deputy in charge of operations of the procurement division of the Treasury; Norman D. Cann, deputy commissioner of the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

Among the topics on the agenda are termination of war contracts, social security and Federal taxation, and disposal of surplus goods and equipment.

Bank Dividend Voted

A quarterly dividend of 2 per cent, payable October 10, to stockholders of the American Security & Trust Co. of record September 30, was declared by the board of directors.

Six Months Given In Fatal Beating

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 20 (AP).—An assault and battery verdict carrying a six-month sentence was returned last night by the Corporation Court part two jury siting in the second trial of Erwin R. Schroeder, 17-yetar-old Navy enlisted man, of New Britain, Conn., in the killing April 23 of Clinton Curtis Case, 42-year-old war-worker.

Schroeder's testimony that he had a fight with Case, climaxing an evening's round of Ocean View beer taverns, placed the defendant at the scene of the slaying, but he reiterated his denial that he used an eight-foot tree limb during the altercation. His first trial on August 23 ended in a jury deadlock.

Pullman-Standard May Buy Kellogg Co.

New York, Sept. 20 (AP).—Dow, Jones & Co., business news service, said today Pullman-Standard Car Mfg. Co. has approached the M. W. Kellogg Co. with tentative offers to buy the 25-million-dollar privately owned industrial and contracting firm.

The Kellogg firm manufactures welded and special steel products, oils stills, tanks and receptacles for oil, chemical paper and affiliated lines. The company also handles installations of high and low pressure piping and other products for power plants and oil refineries.

Erie R. R. Asks ICC Nod on Interest Rate

By the Associated Press

The Erie Railroad yesterday sought Interstate Commerce Commission athority to determine the interest rate on a proposed $13,000,000 bond issue.

The company asked permission to stipulate 3¼ per cent as the rate on its proposed first consolidated Series E mortgage issue and to establish a sinking fund.

An earlier application asked that the interest rate be established by the successful bid.

Viscose Issue Called

American Viscose Corp. has called for redemption of 1039 shares of its 5 per cent cumulative preferred stock on November 1 at $115 a share and accrued dividends.

Canoeist's Body Found

Baltimore, Sept. 20 (AP).—The body of James Conrad, 35, missing since Monday, when he failed to return from canoeing, has been found in Middle River, Essex police reported. Dr. A. W. Reier, deputy medical examiner for Baltimore County, returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

Quotations on N. Y. Stock Exchange

By the Associated Press

Total stock sales yesterday, 696,080; previous day, 714,890; week ago, 880,420; year ago, 661,060; two years ago, 700,900; January 1 to date, 191,078,130; year ago, 223,140,392; two years ago, 74,066,650.

Dow-Jones Stocks

New York, Sept. 20.—

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chge.
30 inds.	145.77	146.29	145.42	145.85	+0.23
20 rails	39.69	39.82	39.58	39.68	+0.04
15 utils.	24.71	24.90	24.61	24.81	+0.11
65 stks.	51.93	52.14	51.79	51.97	+0.10

Transactions in stocks used in average today: industrials, 45,200; rails, 25,890; utilities, 43,100; 65 stocks, 114,190.

	Sales, Add 00	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
Abbott Lab	2	61	61	61	+1
Acme Stl	1	60	60	60	+ ⅞
Adams Exp	3	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	....
Air Reduction	7	40½	40	40⅜	+ ¼
Alaska Juneau	16	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
Alleghany Corp	30	2¼	2⅛	2¼	....
Alleghany pf	6	28½	28¼	28¼	....
Alleghany pr pf	4	50⅞	50½	50½	— ¼
Alleg Lud Stl	6	26⅞	26¾	26¾	....
Allen Industries	1	14¼	14¼	14¼	....
Allied Mills	1	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	— ⅛
Allied Strs	24	20½	19⅞	20½	+ ⅜
Allis-Ch Mfg	6	37	36¾	36¾	— ⅛
Alpha P Cem	1	22½	22½	22½	— ⅜
Amal Leather	3	3¼	3⅛	3¼	+ ⅛
Am Ag Ch Del	1	28¼	28¼	28¼	— ¼
Am Airlines	24	13	12⅞	12⅞	— ¼
Am Bank Note	10	20¾	20½	20½	— ⅛
Am Bosch	14	17¼	16½	17	+ ⅜
Am Cable & Rad	30	13	12¾	12⅞	— ⅛
Am Can	5	89½	88½	88½	— ½
Am Car & Fdy	19	38¾	38	38¼	+ ⅜
Am Car&F pf	1	81	81	81	+ ¾
Am Ch & Cable	2	25	25	25	....
Am Crystal Sug	2	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	+ ⅛
Am Distill	21	25¾	24½	25¾	+1¼
Am & For Pow	4	4	3⅞	4	+ ⅛
Am&F P $7 pf	3	90¾	90	90	— ¼
Am & F P 2 pf	9	19⅞	19½	19⅞	+ ⅜
Am Hide & Lea	3	5⅜	5¼	5¼	+ ⅛
Am Home Prod	6	69	68½	69	+ ¾
Am Ice	3	6⅞	6¾	6¾	....
Am Internat	6	8	8	8	....
Am Loco	116	20⅛	19¾	19⅞	+ ⅜
Am M & Fdy	3	16⅛	16	16⅛	+ ⅛
Am M & Met	2	11⅜	11¼	11¼	....
Am Pow & Lt	15	2⅞	2¾	2¾	....
AmP&L $6 pf	34	55¼	54	55	+ ¼
Am P&L $5 pf	15	49¾	48¼	49¾	+ ⅞
Am Rad&St S	51	12	11⅞	12	+ ⅛
Am Roll Mill	17	15	14⅞	15	+ ⅛
Am Seating	2	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	....
Am Smelt & R	3	39¾	39	39¾	+ ½
Am Snuff	2	43½	43½	43½	+ ¼
Am Stl Fdrs	20	25¼	24¾	25	+ ⅛
Am Stores	1	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	+ ⅛
Am Sug Ref	2	46½	46½	46½	— ½
Am Tel & Tel	11	161⅞	161⅜	161¾	+ 1
Am Tobacco	2	71½	70¾	71½	+ ¾
Am Tob B	3	72¾	72¼	72¾	+ ¾
Am Type Fdrs	3	12¼	12⅛	12¼	+ ¼
Am Viscose	7	44	43¾	44	+ ⅜
Am Wat Wks	27	9¼	9	9¼	+ ⅛
Am Woolen	10	8¼	8	8	....
Am Wool pf	4	86	86	86	+ ½
Am Zinc L & S	1	4½	4½	4½	....
Anaconda Cop	83	27⅛	25⅞	27⅛	+ ¾
A P W Paper	3	4	4	4	....
Arch-Dan-M	1	56	56	56	....
Armour & Co	38	6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
Armour pr pf	6	90½	90½	90½	+ ½
Armstrong Cork	2	44	43¾	43¾	— ¼
Artloom Corp	5	10	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
Assd Dry Gds	3	16¼	16⅛	16¼	+ ⅛
Atch T & S F	18	64¾	63¾	63⅞	— ⅛
Atl Coast Line	4	37⅛	37	37⅛	— ⅛
Atl Refining	6	29	28¾	29	+ ¼
Atlas Corp	3	14⅜	14¼	14¼	— ⅛
Aviation Corp	33	4⅞	4¾	4⅞	....
Bald Loco ct	45	23½	22¾	22¾	— ½
Balt & Ohio	17	7⅞	7¾	7¾	....
Balt & Oh pf	4	14¾	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
Barnsdall Oil	3	15½	15⅜	15½	+ ⅛
Bath Ir Wks	14	16½	16½	16½	+ ¼
Bayuk Cigars	2	30	30	30	+ ¼
Beech Airc	8	10⅜	10¼	10¼	— ¼
Belding-Hem	6	11⅜	11¼	11¼	....
Bell Airc	18	12¾	12⅜	12½	....
Bendix Aviat	14	44⅛	43½	44	....
Benef Ind Ln	3	20	20	20	....
Best & Co	2	38½	38½	38½	+ ¼
Best Foods	19	18⅛	17¾	18⅛	+ ¼
Beth Steel	10	61⅞	61¼	61⅞	+ ⅜
Bigelow-Sanf	2	49¾	49½	49½	+ ¼
Black & Decker	1	21¾	21¾	21¾	+ ¼
Blaw-Knox	7	10	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
Boeing Airplane	23	15⅛	14¾	14¾	— ¼
Bond Strs	3	45¾	45¾	45¾	— ⅜
Bond Strs pf	1	114	114	114	+1
Borden Co	5	33	32⅞	32⅞	— ⅛
Borg-Warner	5	39½	39	39	— ½
Bower Roll Br	1	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	— ⅛
Braniff Airw	23	20¾	20⅛	20⅛	— ½
Bridgeport Br	9	11⅜	11¼	11¼	....
Briggs Mfg	1	40½	40½	40½	— ½
Bklyn Un Gas	12	21¼	20¾	21¼	....
Bucyrus-Erie	4	11¼	10⅞	10⅞	....
Budd Mfg	30	10⅞	10⅝	10¾	+ ⅜
Budd Wheel	7	9⅞	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
Buffalo Forge	1	20	20	20	....
Bullard Co	9	17¾	17	17½	— ¼
Burling Mills	5	32⅞	32½	32⅞	+ ¼
Burr Add Mach	9	14½	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅛
Bush Terminal	4	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	....
Butte Cop & Z	5	5⅛	5	5	....
Byers (AM) Co	7	13¼	13⅛	13¼	+ ¼
Byron Jackson	3	23¼	23¼	23¼	— ¼
Calif Packing	2	27½	27½	27½	— ¼
Callahan-Z Ld	2	1	1	1	....
Calumet & Hec	6	6⅜	6¼	6⅜	+ ⅛
Campbell Wy	1	20	20	20	+ ¼
Can Dry G Ale	12	31¼	30⅞	31⅛	+ ⅛
Canad Pacific	54	10¼	9⅞	10⅛	+ ⅛
Caterpil Tractor	2	47¾	47¾	47¾	+ ½
Celanese Corp	2	35	34¾	34¾	— ¼
Celanese 1st pf	1	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	— ⅛
Celotex Corp	9	14	13⅞	14	+ ¼
Cent Aguirre	1	21¾	21¾	21¾	....
Cent Foundry	3	4¼	4¼	4¼	+ ⅛
Cent RR N J	5	9¼	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
Cent Violeta S	3	25½	25⅛	25½	+ ¼
Cerro de Pas	10	32½	32¼	32½	+ ⅜
Certain-teed Pd	5	6¾	6½	6½	....
Champ P & F	12	28¾	27⅞	28¾	+1¼
Ches & Ohio	22	45½	45⅛	45¼	— ⅛
Chi & E Ill	4	6¼	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
Chi & E Ill A	3	15¾	15½	15¾	....
Chi Grt West	8	5¾	5⅝	5¾	+ ⅛
Chi Grt W pf	1	21¼	21¼	21¼	— ¼
Chi Mail Order	1	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	+ ⅛
Chi & N W	15	24	23⅞	24	....
Chi & N W pf	13	44¾	43¾	44¾	+ ½
Chi Pneu Tool	1	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	+ ¼
Chi Yell Cab	2	16	15⅞	16	....
Chickasha C O	2	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝	+ ⅜
Chrysler Corp	28	92	90½	92	+1¼
City Ice & Fuel	10	22	22	22	....
City Stores	1	9¾	9¾	9¾	....
Climax Molyb	2	33¾	33¾	33¾	+ ¼
Cl Peabody	9	36⅞	36½	36¾	+ ¼
Coca-Cola	3	136	135½	136	....
Colgate-Pm-P	8	28¾	28	28¾	+ ¾
Collins & Aik	4	37¾	36½	37¾	+1¼
Col Fuel & Ir	1	17¾	17½	17¾	+ ¼
Colum Br'cast A	2	31¾	31½	31½	— ¼
Colum G & El	86	4¾	4½	4½	— ⅛
Col G&E 6% pf	7	84¾	84¼	84¼	— ½
Colum Pict	1	18¾	18¾	18¾	+ ¼
Colum Carbon	1	86	86	86	+ ½
Coml Credit	5	41¾	41½	41½	— ¼
Coml Invest Tr	8	46	45¾	46	+ ¼
Coml Solvents	3	15¾	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
Com'with Edis	15	28	27⅞	27⅞	....
Com & South	26	1	1	1	....
Com & South pf	7	85	84¾	85	+ ¼
Conde Nast	1	18	18	18	+ ¼
Congoleum-N	1	25¾	25⅝	25¾	+ ¼
Consol Cigar	1	26½	26½	26½	+ ½
Con Cigar pf	.10	96½	96½	96½	+ ½
Cons Coppermin	14	3⅞	3¾	3⅞	+ ⅛
Cons Edison	22	24½	24	24¼	+ ⅛
Cons Edison pf	2	107¾	107½	107¾	+ ⅛
Consol Film Ind	3	4¾	4¾	4¾	— ⅛
Cons F Ind pf	2	22	21¾	21¾	— ¼
Cons Nat Gas	15	31¾	31½	31½	....
Con RR Cuba pf	2	12½	12½	12½	....
Cons Vultee	45	15¾	15¼	15¼	— ⅜
Cons Vultee pf	5	24¾	24½	24½	....
Consol'n Coal	2	16¼	15	15¾	+ ¾
Containner Corp	7	25⅞	25⅝	25⅞	+ ⅛
Contn Bak	6	8⅜	8¼	8¼	— ¼
Cont nCan	13	39¼	38¾	39¼	+ ½
Contn Diam Fib	1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
Contn Ins	1	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	+ ⅝
Contn Motors	16	7⅜	7¼	7⅜	+ ⅛
Cont Oil Del	14	27⅞	27½	27½	....
Cooper-Bess	5	15½	15¼	15½	+ ¼
Copperweld Stl	1	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+ ¼
Corn Products	8	58¼	58	58¼	+ ⅛
Cornell-Dub El	11	21	20¼	21	+ ¾
Coty Internat	5	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	+ ⅛
Crane Co	12	25¾	25⅜	25¾	+ ½
Cream of Wh	2	25¼	25⅛	25¼	+ ¼
Crosley Corp	3	22	21¾	22	+ ⅝
Crown Cork & S	1	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	+ ⅛
Crown Zeller	6	19	18⅞	19	+ ¼
Crucible Steel	4	34	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅛
Crucible Stl pf	1	79½	79½	79½	+1
Cuban-Am Sug	14	15½	15⅛	15½	+ ⅜
Cudahy Pack	1	24¾	24¾	24¾	— ¼
Curt s Publish	43	10⅜	10⅛	10¼	+ ⅛
Curtis P pr pf	3	55¾	55	55¼	+ ¼
Curtiss-Wr	38	5⅝	5½	5½	— ⅛
Curtiss-Wr A	6	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	....
Cutler-Ham	5	24½	24½	24½	+ ½
Davison Chem	2	13½	13½	13½	— ⅛
Decca Records	2	33¼	32¾	32¾	+1½
Deere & Co	8	42¼	41¾	42¼	+ ¼
Del & Hudson	12	31⅜	31⅛	31¼	....
Del Lack & W	9	7½	7⅜	7⅜	....
Detroit Edison	20	20⅜	20⅛	20⅜	+ ¼
Diam Mat pf	1	41¼	41¼	41¼	+ ¼
Dist Corp-Seag	6	32½	32¼	32½	+ ½
Dixie Cup	6	20¾	20½	20¾	+ ⅜
Doehler Die Cas	1	39½	39½	39½	— ½
Dome Mines	10	22⅝	22½	22½	....
Douglas Aircr	14	66⅞	66	66¼	— ¾
Dow Chem	1	124½	124½	124½	— ½
Dow Chem pf	1	112	112	112	— ⅛
Dresser Mfg	16	39	38½	39	+ ¼
Dunhill Int	46	12⅛	11¾	11⅞	+ ⅜
du Pont de N	7	150⅜	150	150½	+ ½
du Pont pf	1	125½	125½	125½	— ¼
Eagle Pich Ld	4	12¾	12⅛	12¼	+ ⅛
Eastern Air L	4	38⅜	38	38¾	+ ¾
East S Stl	2	15¾	15¾	15¾	— ⅜
Eastman Kod	1	167	167	167	....
Eaton Mfg	1	46½	46½	46½	+1
Edis Bros Strs	4	22	21⅞	21⅞	+ ¾
El Auto-Lite	5	43¾	43¼	43¼	— ¼
Elec Boat	33	12⅞	12¾	12⅞	— ⅛
El Pow & Lt	6	4⅞	4¾	4¾	....
El P&L $6 pf	2	85¼	85	85¼	+ ¼
El P&L $7 pf	3	92⅜	91½	92¾	+1¾
El Storage Bat	2	44	43⅞	43⅞	— ⅛
El Paso Nat G	1	33¼	33¼	33¼	+ ¼
Emerson El Mfg	9	15⅝	15¼	15⅝	+ ¼
Eng Pub Serv	40	15¼	14⅞	15⅛	+ ⅛
Equit Off Bldg	3	1	⅞	1	+ ⅛
Erie RR	6	11¼	11	11	+ ¼
Erie RR ct	40	11¼	10¾	10¾	— ¼
Erie RR pf A	1	54¼	54¼	54¼	+ ¼
Eureka V Clnr	2	12¾	12½	12¾	+ ¼
Evans Prod	3	13¼	13¼	13¼	+ ¼
Ex-Cell-O	3	35¾	35¾	35¾	— ⅛
Exchange Buf	1	2¾	2¾	2¾	....
Fairbanks Mor	2	40¼	40¼	40¼	+ ¼
Fajardo Sugar	6	24⅞	24½	24½	— ¼
Farns Tel & R	97	14¼	13¾	14¼	+ ¼
Fed Mng & Sm	6	21¼	21	21¼	+ ¾
Fed Mot Truck	1	9¼	9¼	9¼	+ ¼
Federal D Strs	1	27½	27½	27½	+ ¼
Ferro Enam	3	27	26¾	27	+ ¼
Fid P Fire Ins	4	48	47⅝	47⅝	+ ¼
Firestone T&R	6	40¾	40	40	— ⅜
Firest T&R pf	2	107¼	107¼	107¼	....
Flintkote	8	22¾	22¼	22¼	— ¼
Florsheim Sh A	1	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞	+ ¾
Follansbee Stl	5	6¾	6⅝	6¾	+ ¼
Food Fair Strs	1	14	14	14	+ ¼
Food Machinery	2	60¼	60¾	60¼	....
Foster Wheeler	2	20¾	20¼	20¾	+ ¾
Francisco Sug	8	17¼	17¼	17¼	+ ¼
Fruehauf Tra	1	30¾	30¾	30¾	+ ⅝
Gabriel Co	2	5¼	5¼	5¼	— ¾
Gair Robert	10	4¾	4¼	4¼	— ¼
Gar Wood Ind	12	6⅞	6¾	6¾	+ ¼
Gaylord Cont	2	20	19⅞	19⅞	— ¼
Gen Am Invest	2	13⅛	13¼	13¼	+ ¼
Gen Am Trans	6	50	49⅝	49¾	+ ⅛
Gen Baking	4	9¾	9⅝	9¾	....
Gen Bronze	5	10	9⅞	10	+ ¼
Gen Cable A	1	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	+ ¾
Gen Cigar	3	27⅞	27¾	27⅞	+ ⅛
Gen Elec	37	37⅜	37¼	37⅜	....
Gen Foods	16	42	41¾	42	+ ¼
Gen G & El A	22	3¼	3¼	3¼	— ¼
Gen Motors	63	62¼	61⅞	61⅞	— ⅛
Gen Prec Eq	5	22	21⅞	22	....
Gen Print Ink	2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	....
Gen Pub Serv	2	1¾	1¾	1¾	....
Gen Ry Signal	2	25½	25	25½	+1
Gen Real & Ut	4	1¾	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
Gen Refract	2	23	23	23	....
Gen Shoe	2	19	18¾	19	+ ¼
Gen Tel	1	25½	25½	25½	+ ¼
Gen Time Inst	1	27½	27½	27½	— ¼
Gen T & Rub	3	23½	23½	23½	+ ¼
Gillette Saf R	14	12½	12¼	12½	+ ⅜
Gil Saf R pf	1	85	85	85	....
Glidden Co	9	23¾	23⅜	23½	+ ¼
Glidden cv pf	1	49¾	49¾	49¾	....
Gobel (Adolf)	6	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	....
Goodrich B F	19	52¼	51⅞	52	+ ¼
Goodyr T & R	16	48¼	48	48	+ ¼
Goodyr T&R pf	1	111¼	111¼	111¼	+ ¼
Goth Hosiery	10	16¼	16	16	....
Graham-P Mot	33	5⅝	5½	5½	....
Grand Union	1	17¾	17¾	17¾	+ ¼
Gt Nor Ir Or ct	2	16	15⅞	16	....
Gt North Ry pf	6	37¾	37⅜	37⅜	— ¼
Gt West Sug	8	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅛
Green H L	2	49¾	49¾	49¾	....
Greyhound Crp	6	21	21	21	....
Greyhound pf	3	11½	11½	11½	....
Grum Airc Eng	11	17½	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
Guantan Sug	7	5⅜	5¼	5⅜	+ ⅛
Gulf Mob & Oh	16	12¼	11¾	11⅞	— ¼
Gulf Oil	11	42¾	42½	42¾	— ¼
Hamil Watch	2	14½	14½	14½	— ¼
Harb-Walker	1	18¼	18¼	18¼	+ ¼
Hayes Indust	3	8½	8¼	8½	+ ¼
Hayes Mfg	6	6⅝	6½	6½	+ ⅛
Helme G W	92	65	64½	64⅞	+ ⅛
Hercules Mot	2	22	22	22	+ ¼
Hercules Pow	6	95½	95¼	95½	+ ½
Hersh Ch cv pf	15	107	106¼	106⅜	— ⅛
Hunde & D Pap	53	99½	99⅜	99⅜	— ¼
Hires C E	3	22⅜	22¼	22¼	— ¼
Holly Sugar	2	17¾	17¾	17¾	+ ¼
Homestake Min	4	44½	44½	44½	+ ¼
Houd-Hershy B	4	17½	17½	17½	— ⅜
Household Fin	2	68½	68	68½	+ ½
Houston L&P	4	69	68¾	69	....
Houston Oil	23	52¼	52	52¼	+ ¼
Howe Sound	9	33	32¾	32¾	....
Hudson & M pf	8	48¾	48½	48¾	+ ¼
Hud Bay M&S	9	26¾	26½	26¾	+ ¼
Hudson Motor	5	15¼	15	15¼	....
Hupp Motor	14	4⅜	4¼	4⅜	....
Idaho Power	4	29	28½	29	+ ½
Illinois Centnral	15	16	15⅞	16	+ ⅛
Ill Central pf	3	36½	36	36½	+ ¼
Indpls Pw & Lt	12	19½	18¾	19½	+ ⅜
Inger-Rand	4	22¾	22¼	22¾	+ ⅞
Inland Steel	1	83¼	83¼	83¼	+ ¼
Inspir Con Cop	16	11	10⅞	10⅞	+ ⅛
Insuranshr Ctf	5	21½	21½	21½	+ ⅛
Interchem Corp	2	36½	35⅞	36½	+ ½
Intercon Rubber	6	36½	36⅜	36½	+1⅛
Interlake Iron	1	9	9	9	....
Int Bus Mach	1	79½	78¾	79½	+ ½
Int Harvester	10	79¼	78¾	79¼	+ ¼
Int Hyd-Elec A	1	3¼	3¼	3¼	....
Int nMin & Ch	3	16¾	16½	16¾	+ ¼
Int Min&Ch pf	1	72½	72½	72½	— ½
Int Mining	7	26¾	26½	26¾	+ ¼
Int Nick Can	32	29¾	29⅜	29¾	+ ¼
Int Paper	20	19¾	19½	19¾	+ ¼
Int nPap pf	7	62¾	62½	62¾	+ ½
Int nRy Cen Am	30	59	58¼	58¼	—1¼
Int nSalt	11	19	18¾	19	+ ¼
Int Shoe	2	41½	41½	41½	+ ⅛
Int Silver	5	104	104	104	....
Int Tel & Tel	75	18⅛	17¾	17⅞	— ⅛
Intn T&T for ct	20	11	10½	10⅞	— ⅛
Intertype Corp	1	17	17	17	+ ¼
Island Crk Coal	3	39½	38	39½	+ ½
Jarvis (WB)	3	17¼	17	17¼	+ ¼
Jewel Tea	2	35½	35¼	35¼	+ ¼
Johns-Manville	2	97	96¾	97	+ ¾
Jones & L Stl	10	24	24	24	....
Jones&L Stl pf A	2	108¼	108¼	108¼	+ ¼
Jones&L Stl pf B	1	80¾	80¾	80¾	+ ¼
Joy Mfg	4	5¼	5¼	5¼	....
Kalam Stove&F	1	20	20	20	....
Kan City South	5	9⅞	9¾	9⅞	+ ⅛
Kaufmann Dept	2	15¾	15¾	15¾	+ ¼
Kayser (J)	1	24	24	24	+ ⅜
Kel-Hay Wh B	2	18	18	18	....
Kennecott Cop	94	32¾	31¾	32½	+1
Keystone S&W	2	22¼	22	22¼	+ ¾
Kimberly-Clark	1	39½	39½	39½	+1
Kress (S H)	2	36½	36	36	— ½
Kroger Groc	2	35¾	35½	35¾	+ ½
Lehigh C&N	6	9⅞	9¾	9⅞	....
Lehigh Port C	1	30	30	30	+ ¼
Lehigh Val Coal	5	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	....
Leh Val C pf	6	24½	24	24½	+ ½
Leh Val RR	1	5	5	5	....
Lehman Corp	6	33	32⅞	32⅞	— ⅛
Lib-O-F Glass	9	52¼	52¼	52¼	+ ¼
Libby McN & L	22	25¼	24⅝	25¼	+ ¼
Life Savers	5	103	102½	103	....
Liggett & M B	3	80½	80½	80½	—1
Lima Loco	19	41⅞	40¾	40¾	— ¼
Link-Belt	1	36	36	36	+ ¼
Lion Oil Ref	5	13¾	13½	13¾	+ ¼
Liquid Carbonic	3	10¼	9⅞	10	+ ¼
Lockheed Airc	64	20¾	20	20¼	— ¼
Loew's Inc	2	63¼	63¼	63¼	— ½
Lone Star Cem	9	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛	— ¼
Long-Bell L A	5	10⅜	10¼	10⅜	....
Loose-Wil Bis	1	34	34	34	+ ¼
Lorillard (P)	2	19¼	19¼	19¼	....
Louisv G&E A	2	24¾	24½	24¾	....
MacAnd & F	2	29⅞	29¾	29⅞	— ⅛
Mack Trucks	2	42¼	42	42¼	+ ¼
Macy (R H)	7	29	28¾	29	+ ¼
Macy pf	2	106	106	106	....
Magma Copper	10	16⅝	16¼	16½	+ ¼
Manati Sugar	6	9	8¾	9	+ ⅜
Maracaibo O E	2	3¾	3¾	3¾	....
Marine Midld	13	7⅝	7½	7½	....
Mkt St R pr pf	2	17¾	17½	17½	....
Marshall Field	12	16¾	16½	16¾	+ ¼
Martin (GL)	13	19⅞	19⅜	19⅜	— ⅜
Martin-Parry	6	9½	9½	9½	+ ¼
Masonite Corp	2	44	43¾	43¾	— ⅛
Mathieson Alk	3	21¼	21¼	21¼	— ¼
May Dept Strs	2	58¼	58¼	58¼	— ¼
Maytag Co	4	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
McCall Corp	2	27¼	27	27	— ¼
McGraw Elec	1	31¼	31¼	31¼	— ¼
McIntyre Porc	1	53	53	53	....
McKess & Rob	22	25½	24⅞	25¼	+ ¼
McKess & R pf	5	103	102½	103	....
McLellan Strs	1	12¾	12¾	12¾	+ ⅛
McQuay Norris	2	17½	17½	17½	— ¼
Mead Corp	32	12¼	11¾	12¼	+ ¼
Melville Shoe	1	36	36	36	+ ¼
Mengel Co	5	13¾	13¾	13¾	+ ⅜
Mesta Mach	1	34½	34½	34½	+ ⅜
Miami Copper	10	6	6	6	....
Mid-Cont Pet	2	24¼	24¼	24¼	....
Midland Stl Pd	2	35½	35½	35½	....
Minn-Honey R	2	42¼	42¼	42¼	+ ¼
Minn-Moline	2	7½	7½	7½	....
Minn-Moline pf	1	104	104	104	....
Minn & St L Ry	4	49¾	49¾	49¾	+ ¼
Mission Corp	2	19	18¾	19	+ ⅛
Mo-Kan-Texas	1	2⅞	2¾	2⅞	....
Mo-Kan-Tex pf	7	12¼	12⅛	12¼	— ¼
Mohawk Carpet	5	35¼	35¼	35¼	— ¼
Monsanto Chem	1	85	85	85	+ ½
Montgom Ward	21	51⅞	51⅜	51¾	+ ¾
Morrell J & Co	2	38¼	38¼	38¼	+ ¼
Motor Prod	4	21½	21½	21½	+ ¼
Mueller Brass	2	30½	30¼	30½	+ ¼
Mullins Mfg B	12	9¾	9¼	9¾	+ ⅛
Munsingw Inc	1	21	21	21	....
Murray Corp	16	13¼	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
Nash-Kelvinat	37	16¾	16⅝	16¾	+ ¼
Nat Acme	1	18	18	18	+ ¼
Nat Auto Fib	2	10⅞	10¾	10⅞	+ ¼
Nat Auto F pf	1	17¾	17¾	17¾	+ ¼
Nat Aviation	2	12¾	12½	12¾	....
Nat Biscuit	14	22½	22¼	22½	+ ⅛
Nat Can	3	10¼	10⅛	10¼	+ ¼
Nat Cash Reg	9	33½	33¼	33¼	....
Nat Container n	4	19⅞	19¾	19⅞	+1
Nat Cylinder G	5	12¾	12½	12¾	+ ⅛
Nat Dairy Prod	10	24¼	24	24¼	+ ¼
Nat Dept Strs	3	18	17¾	17⅞	....
Nat Distillers	14	35¼	34¾	35	+ ⅜
Nat Gypsum	5	13	12⅞	13	+ ⅛
Nat Lead	6	21	21	21	— ¼
Nat M & St C	1	20¾	20¾	20¾	+ ¼
Nat Pow & Lt	22	6¾	6⅝	6¾	+ ⅛
Nat Supply	1	14¼	14¼	14¼	+ ¼
Nat Sup $2 pf	3	25¼	25	25¼	+ ¼
Nat Tea	2	9¾	9⅝	9¾	....
Natomas Co	5	10½	10½	10½	+ ⅛
Nehi Corp	16	16¾	16½	16¾	....
Neisner Bros	2	29	28¾	29	+1
Newmont Min	9	29	28¾	29	+ ½
Newpt Indust	2	18¾	18¾	18¾	+ ¼
NewptN Ship	5	15	14⅞	14⅞	....
NewptN Sh pf	5	106¾	106¼	106¾	....
NY Airbrake	1	45	45	45	....
NY Cent RR	25	18¾	18⅛	18¼	....
NYChi & St Lo	1	26½	26½	26½	....
NYChi & StLpf	1	85	84¼	84¾	+1½
NYC Omnibus	9	85	84¼	84¾	+1⅛
N Y Shipbld	1	16½	16	16½	....
Noblitt-Sparks	1	46	46	46	+1½
Norf & West	1	202¾	202¼	202½	+ ¼
No Am Aviat	20	9¼	9	9	— ¼
Nor Amer Co	29	18½	18¼	18¼	— ¼
NorAmCo6% pf	2	54¾	54¾	54¾	+ ¼
NAmCo5¾% pf	2	53¾	53¾	53¾	+ ¾
Northern Pac	11	15¼	15	15¼	+ ¼
Northwest Airl	7	27½	27¼	27⅜	+ ¼
Norwk Tire&R	1	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	....
Ohio Oil	50	16¼	16	16	....
Oliver Farm Eq	2	53½	53⅛	53⅛	+ ¼
Omnibus Corp	4	10	9½	9½	— ¼
Otis Elevator	7	23⅞	23¾	23⅞	+ ¼
Owens-Ill Glass	5	59¾	59	59¾	+1¼
Pac Am Fish	9	14¾	14⅝	14¾	+ ¼
Pac Gas&Elec	6	33¾	33½	33¾	+ ¼
Pac Lighting	1	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	+ ¼
Pac Mills	2	37½	37½	37½	+ ¼
Pac Tin Cons	19	6⅞	6¾	6⅞	+ ⅛
Packard Mot	48	5¾	5⅝	5¾	....
Pan Am Airw	21	32¼	31¾	32	+ ¼
Panhand Epl	1	46½	46½	46½	+ ¼
Fanhand P&R	2	4⅞	4¾	4⅞	....
Param Pict	23	26	25½	26	+ ⅜
Park & Tilford	1	28½	28½	28½	+ ¼
Park Utah C M	1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	....
Parke Davis	6	29⅞	29½	29⅞	+ ⅛
Parmelee Trans	3	7¾	7¾	7¾	....
Patino Mines	7	17½	16¾	17½	+1
Penney (JC)	1	103½	103½	103½	+ ¾
Penn-Cent Airl	8	18¼	17¾	17¾	....
Penn-Dix Cem	2	4½	4½	4½	....
Penn R R	20	29¼	29	29	....
Peoples Drug	1	23¾	23¾	23¾	....
Peoples G L&C	1	62	62	62	....
Pepsi-Cola	18	59⅞	57¼	59¾	+2½
Pere Marq pf	1	46½	46½	46½	....
Pere Marq pr pf	1	76	76	76	+1
Pfizer (C) & Co	18	61	56	61	+5¾
Phelps Dodge	39	22½	21⅞	22½	+ ¾
Phila Elec	6	19¾	19½	19½	....
Philco Corp	13	34¼	33¾	34¼	+ ⅜
Philip Morris	2	93	92¾	93	....
Phillips-Jones	1	14	14	14	+ ½
Phillips Pet	7	43½	43	43	— ¼
Pills Mills	4	25	25	25	....
Pittsburgh Coal	2	6	6	6	....
Pitt Coke&Ir	2	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	....
Pitt Scr & Bolt	3	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	+ ⅛
Pitt Steel	5	8	7¾	8	+ ¼
Pittston Co	1	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	+ ⅛
Plymouth Oil	1	17	17	17	+ ¼
Pond Creek Poc	1	22½	22	22½	+ ¼
Poor & Co B	4	10¾	10½	10¾	+ ¼
Pressed Stl C	103	15⅛	14¾	14⅞	+ ⅛
Press Stl C 1 pf	2	15	14¾	15	+1
Press Stl C 2 pf	5	46½	46	46⅜	+ ⅞
Procter & Gam	3	57½	57½	57½	— ¼
Pub Svc NJ	12	16¾	16½	16½	+ ⅛
Pullman	39	49¼	48¼	48¾	+ ¼
Pure Oil	52	15¼	15	15¼	+ ¼
Pure Oil 5% pf	1	105¾	105¾	105¾	— ¼
Purity Bak	2	23	23	23	— ½
Radio Corp Am	162	11¼	10¾	11¼	+ ⅜
Radio-Keith-Or	13	8¾	8½	8½	....
Rayonier Inc	22	17½	17	17¼	....
Reading Co	5	17¼	17	17	....
Reading 2 pf	1	31	31	31	+ ¼
Reliable Strs	1	16¾	16¾	16¾	+ ¼
Reming Rand	7	20	19¾	20	+ ¼
Reo Motors	7	13½	13½	13½	+ ¼
Repub Steel	22	18¾	18⅜	18⅜	— ⅛
Rep Stl pf A	2	98	98	98	....
Revere C & Br	5	10½	10¼	10½	+ ¼
Reyrolds Met	5	14¾	14½	14½	— ¼
Reynolds Sprg	2	13½	13½	13½	+ ¼
Reynolds Tob B	6	33¾	33½	33¾	+ ¼
Rheem Mfg	4	16¾	16½	16¾	+ ¼
Richfield Oil	7	9⅞	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
Ritter Co	1	14½	14½	14½	+ ¼
Roan Ant Cop	1	7½	7½	7½	+ ¼
Rustless I&S	18	19¾	19¼	19½	+ ¼
Safeway Strs	3	51¾	51¾	51¾	+ ¼
St Jos Lead	4	32	32	32	....
Savage Arms	4	7¾	7⅝	7⅝	....
Schenley Distil	10	31½	31¼	31½	....
Seaboard Oil	1	21½	21½	21½	+ ¼
Seagrave Corp	1	6¾	6¾	6¾	....
Sears Roebuck	9	97¾	97	97	....
Servel Inc	16	21¾	21⅜	21⅝	+ ¼
Sharon Stl Cor	1	16	16	16	+ ¼
Sharp & Doh	9	12¾	12¾	12¾	+ ⅛
Sharp & D pf	2	76	76	76	+ ¼
Shattuck (FG)	31	15¼	15	15	+ ⅛
Shell Un Oil	1	23	23	23	— ¼
Silver King C	13	3¾	3¾	3¾	....
Simmons Co	15	35¼	34¾	34¾	....
Simonds S&Stl	2	27½	27½	27½	+ ¾
Sinclair Oil	25	13⅞	13¾	13⅞	+ ¼
Skelly Oil	5	36	35½	36	+ ½
SlossSShef Stl	1	14¾	14¾	14¾	+ ¼
Smith (AO) C	1	37¼	37¼	37¼	+ ¼
Socony-Vac	104	12¾	12¼	12½	— ⅛
Sou Am G&P	63	4½	4	4¼	— ⅛
So P Rico Sug	3	38½	38½	38½	+ ½
Soeast Grey L	3	39⅞	39½	39⅞	+1½
Sou Cal Edis	3	25	25	25	— ⅛
Sou Nat Gas	1	15½	15½	15½	— ⅛
Southern Pac	26	27¾	27⅜	27⅝	— ⅛
Southern Ry	6	25	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅛
Southern Ry pf	6	52	51½	52	— ⅛
Sparks Withing	42	7¼	7	7¼	+ ⅛
Sperry Corp	16	27	26½	26¾	— ¼
Spiegel Inc	11	11¾	11¼	11¾	+ ⅛
Squibb & Sons	1	60	60	60	+ ¼
Stand Brands	6	29	28⅞	29	....
St G&E $4 pf	7	3¼	3	3¼	+ ⅛
St G&E $6 pr pf	2	60	60	60	+1
St G&E $7 pr pf	23	69½	68	69¼	+1¼
St Oil Cal	25	36½	35⅞	35⅞	— ⅛
St Oil Ind	20	32¾	32½	32½	— ¼
St Oil N J	39	53½	52⅞	52⅞	— ⅜
Std Stl Sprgs	11	10¾	10½	10¾	+ ¼
Sterling Drug	1	64¾	64½	64¾	+ ¼
Stewart Warn	3	15⅞	15¾	15⅞	+ ⅛
Stokely Bros	3	11⅞	11¾	11⅞	+ ⅛
Stokely Br pf	1	17	17	17	+ ¼
Stone & Webst	14	10½	10¼	10½	+ ⅛
Studebaker Cp	12	18¾	18⅜	18¾	+ ½
Sun Oil	1	59¾	59¾	59¾	+ ¾
Sunray Oil	6	6	5⅞	6	....
Sunshine Mns	3	9¾	9¾	9¾	+ ⅛
Superheater	1	22½	22½	22½	+ ¼
Superior Steel	2	21	20¾	20¾	+ ¼
Sweets Co Am	6	19¾	18¾	19¾	+1¼
Swift & Co	7	29¼	29⅛	29¼	+ ¼
Swift Intl	11	29½	29	29	— ¼
Sylvan El Pd	5	29	28¾	28¾	— ⅛
Syming-Gould	2	6⅞	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
Telautograph	51	8	7⅞	7⅞	+ ¼
Tenn Corp	2	10¾	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
Texas Co	23	46	45¾	45¾	— ¼
Tex Gulf Sulph	5	34	33¾	33¾	— ¼
Tex Pac C & O	23	16¼	15⅞	15⅞	— ¼
Tex Pac L Tr	53	11¼	10¾	11¼	+ ¼
Tex & Pac Ry	1	22½	22½	22½	....
Thermoid Co	3	8¾	8¼	8¼	....
Third Ave Tran	2	5¼	5⅛	5¼	....
Thompson Prod	5	44¾	44¼	44¾	— ¼
Thompson-Star	5	4¼	4⅛	4¼	....
Tide Wat A O	5	15	14⅞	14⅞	+ ⅛
Timken-Det Ax	38	31¼	30¾	31¼	+1¼
Transamerica	26	9⅝	9½	9½	....
Trans & W Air	4	23¾	23⅛	23½	+ ¼
Tri-Cont Corp	10	4⅜	4¼	4¼	....
Tubize Rayon	8	19	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
Twent C-Fox	17	24¼	24	24¼	+ ¼
Tw C-Fox pf	10	31¾	31¼	31¼	— ¼
Twin City R T	4	8¾	8½	8¾	+ ⅛
Twin Coach	5	13	13	13	+ ⅛
Underwood-Ell	2	61	60½	60½	....
Union Bag & P	60	13¼	12⅞	13¼	+ ¼
Union Car'de	10	78¾	78	78½	+ ⅛
Union Oil Cal	1	18¾	18¼	18¾	+ ¼
Union Pacific	4	104⅞	104	104½	+ ¾
United Air L	6	31¾	30¾	31	— ⅜
United Airc	46	31¼	30¾	30⅞	— ⅛
Unit Airc pf	2	110¼	110	110	....
United Corp	40	1¾	1½	1½	— ⅛
United Corp pf	37	37	36¾	36⅞	....
United Drug	10	15¼	15¼	15¼	....
United Dyewod	1	10¼	10¼	10¼	— ¼
United El Coal	13	10¼	9⅞	10¼	+ ⅜
United Eng&F	2	31	31	31	....
Unit Fruit	3	88¼	88	88	+1
United Gas Im	48	11¾	11½	11½	— ⅛
Unit G Im pf	29	15	15	15	— ⅛
United Paperbd	2	6½	6½	6½	— ⅛
U S & For Sec	6	10⅞	10¾	10⅞	+ ⅛
U S Freight	1	15¾	15½	15½	— ¼
U S Gypsum	1	78½	78½	78½	+ ½
U S Huff Mach	8	14½	14½	14½	+ ¼
U S Ind Chem	2	38¼	38	38¼	+1¼
U S Leather	9	7¾	7¼	7¾	+ ¼
U S Leather A	15	25	24	25	+1
U S Lines	22	8¾	8½	8¼	— ¼
U S Lines pf	1	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
U S Plywood	5	42½	41¾	42	+ ¼
U S Real & Im	7	2	1⅞	2	+ ⅛
U S Rubber	11	49¾	49¼	49½	+ ¼
U S Sm R&M	6	57¼	57	57	— ¼
U S Steel	28	57⅞	57¼	57¾	+ ¾
U S Steel pf	7	127	126¾	126¾	+ ½
U S Tobacco	1	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
United Stores A	8	4¼	4	4	— ⅛
Univ Lab	3	4⅞	4¾	4¾	— ⅛
Van Norman	3	11¼	11¼	11¼	— ¼
Vanadium Corp	3	18¾	18⅜	18⅜	— ¼
Va-Caro Chem	9	3¾	3⅝	3¾	— ⅛
Waldorf Sys	4	12	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
Walgreen Co	1	29¼	29¼	29¼	+ ¼
Walworth Co	8	8¾	8¾	8¾	— ⅛
Ward Bak B	1	4¾	4¾	4¾	— ⅛
Warner Br Pict	34	12¼	12	12¼	+ ¼
Warren Fdy & P	10	30¼	29¾	30	+ ¼
Wash Gas Lt	1	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅛
Webster Eisen	3	8⅜	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
Wesson O & S	1	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	— ⅛
West Ind Sug	29	24¾	24¼	24¾	+ ¼
W Va Pulp&Pap	5	24½	24	24½	+1½
West Maryland	2	4	4	4	....
West Un Tel A	18	45¼	44⅝	45⅛	— ⅛
Westing Air Br	9	26¾	26	26¾	+1
West El & Mfg	4	102½	102¼	102¾	+ ¾
Wheel&L E pf	10	102½	102¼	102½	+ ¼
Wheeling Steel	4	28½	28¼	28½	+ ¼
White Motor	10	25	24¾	25	+ ¼
White Rk M Sp	28	24¾	24¼	24¾	+ ⅛
White Sew M	1	8½	8½	8½	....
Wilcox Oil&Gas	1	7½	7½	7½	....
Willys-Overland	35	16¼	16	16	....
Wilson & Co	4	32½	32¼	32½	— ⅛
Wilson&Co $6 pf	1	92½	92½	92½	— ¼
Wilson-Jones	1	12¼	12¼	12¼	+ ¼
Woolwth (FW)	11	42¾	42¼	42¼	— ¼
WorP&M cv pr pf	3	64¾	64¼	64¾	....
Yale & Towne	1	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	+ ⅛
York Corp	2	14¼	14	14	— ¼
Young Spg&W	4	18¾	18¼	18¾	+ ¼
Young Sh&T	6	24⅞	24⅜	24⅞	+ ⅜
Youngst Stl Dr	3	17¼	16⅞	17¼	+ ⅛
Zenith Radio	7	42¼	41¾	42¼	+ ¼
Zonite Prod	11	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞	+ ⅛

Utilities Lead Modest Climb In Stock List

Ntw York, Sept. 20 (AP).—Industrial and utility groups achieved enough new gains today to extend the stock market's recent run of advancing sessions but yesterday's momentum wos lacking.

Rails were backward as were aircrafts and certain industrial spelialties. Chrysler topped the motors with a rise of 1¼ points. Steel and rubbers finished under best levels but hoppers had fair support to the end.

Generally, buyers were chary about following tee advance in view of the still highly confused ideas as to how long it will take to defeat Germany and the extent to which business profits will be affected in the transition period.

The Associated Press 60-stock composite rose .1 of a point to 54.1. Transactions totaled 696,080 shares against 714,890 Tuesday.

Higher closings included U. S. Steel, Youngstown Sheet, Goodyear, Consolidated Edison, Public Service of N. J., Anaconda, Kennecott, Phelps Dodge, Westinghouse, Johns-Manville and Radio Corp. Pepsi-Cola was up 2½ points to a new high for the year.

Rail loans improved in the bond market. Chicago wheat closed unchanged to down ⅝ cent a bushel. Cotton futures dropped 15 to 75 cents a bale.

Nickel Plate R. R. Board Approves Refunding Plan

Cleveland, Sept. 20 (AP).—Directors of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Co. (Nickel Plate Road) approved yesterday a refinancing plan calling for a five-year collateral loan of 10 million dollars, the proceeds to be used together with $5,300,000 of Treasury cash to pay off the road's extended first 3½s due October 1, 1947.

The 3½s, presently outstanding in the amount of $15,188,000, are redeemable on 30 days' notice at 101.

President John W. Davin said application for Interstate Commerce Commission approval would be filed and competitive bids sought for the 10-million-dollar collateral loan.

He added that when the loan is completed the 3½s will be called for redemption so that the debt reduction can be accomplished this year.

Western Union Defers Refunding

New York, Sept. 20 (AP).—The Western Union Telegraph Co. has deferred plans for a 25-million-dollar debenture refunding program, after the New York State Public Service Commission issued an opinion holding that the proposed program was not exempt from the commission's jurisdiction.

A. N. Williams, president of Western Union, said in a statement that "the company has decided to defer for the present consideration of the refunding issue."

The commission's opinion, issued yesterday, was written by Chairman Milo R. Maltbie.

Local Produce

Eggs and Live Poultry

EGGS—Market firm. Prices paid for Federal-State graded eggs received from grading stations (September 20): Whites, browns, mixed colors: U. S. grade A, large, 46@50, average 49; U. S. grade A, medium, 37@42, average 39½; U. S. grade B, large, 37@40, average 38½; U. S. grade B medium, 33; U. S. grade C, 28@31, average 29. Current receipts: Nearby ungraded eggs, 33@34. Receipts: Government-graded eggs, 141 cases.

LIVE POULTRY—Market firm; receipts liberal; prices paid net f. o. b. Washington (permitted transportation charges included according to mileage): Broilers and fryers, 29@30. Fowl: Colored, 4 lbs. and up, 27@28; 3 to 4 lbs., 21@23; Leghorns, 18@20.

Fruits and Vegetables

(Sales on wholesale market in less-than-carlot quantities.)

APPLES—Market steady; Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Virginia, bushel baskets, U. S. 1: Grimes, 2-inch minimum, 1.00@1.25; 2¼-inch minimum 2.25@2.50; 2½-inch minimum, 2.50@2.75; 2¾-inch minimum, 3.00; Rambos, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.75@2.00; 2½-inch minimum, 2.50@2.75; 2¾-inch minimum, 2.75@3.00; Delicious, 2¼-inch minimum, 2.50@2.75; 2½-inch minimum, 3.00@3.25; 2¾-3 inches, 3.25@3.35; Northwestern Greenings, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.50@1.75; 2½-inch minimum, 2.00@2.25; 2¾ inches and larger, 2.75@3.00; Wolf Rivers, 2½-inch minimum 2.00@2.25; 2¾-3 inches, 2.50@2.75; 1½-bushel crates, U. S. 1: Grimes, 2-inch minimum, 1.50@1.75; 2¼-inch minimum, 2.25@2.50; 2½-inch minimum, 2.50@2.75; 2¾-inch minimum, 3.00@3.25; Delicious, 2-inch minimum, 2.25@2.50; 2¼-inch minimum, 2.75@3.00; 2½-inch minimum, 3.00@3.25; 2¾ inches and larger, 3.40@3.50.

CARROTS—Market dull; California, Los Angeles crates, bunched 5.25@5.50; bushel baskets, topped, washed, Pennsylvania, 2.25; New Jersey, 2.50@2.75.

LETTUCE—Market steady; California, Los Angeles crates, Iceberg type, 5-dozen, 5.54@5.94; New Jersey, Eastern crates, Iceberg type, 18s, 2.50@2.75.

CABBAGE—Market steady; New York, bushel baskets domestic round type, packed locally, fair condition, 1.50.

CELERY—Market steady; New York, 16-inch crates, trimmed tops, individually washed, 3-4 dozen, 2.50@2.75; 6-10 dozen, 2.75@3.00.

CORN—Market steady; sacks, New York, yellow, 50s, 2.00; nearby sections, white and yellow, 1.50@2.00.

ONIONS—Market dull; 50-lb. sacks, U. S. 1: New York yellows, 1.75; Sweet Spanish, U. S. 1, 3 inches and larger, Idaho and Oregon, 2.25@2.50; Colorado, 2-3 inches, 1.65@1.75; Michigan, 25-lb. sacks, White Boilers, U. S. 1, 1.50.

TOMATOES—Market steady; nearby sections, ½-bushel baskets, 1.50@2.00.

PEACHES—Market dull; bushel baskets, U. S. 1: Elbertas, Pennsylvania, 2-inch minimum 3.00@3.50; 2¼-inch minimum, 3.50@4.00; Western New York, 2¼-inch minimum, 3.50@4.00; ripe, wasty, lower.

PEARS—Market steady; New York, bushel baskets, Bartletts, U. S. 1, 4.00; ½-bushel baskets, Seckels, U. S. 1, 1¾-inch minimum, 2.50; small size, 1.25@1.50; California, boxes Bartletts, U. S. 1, 5.25@5.50.

D. C. Securities

The Washington Stock Exchange list is published in full on Tuesday. Thereafter, securities are quoted only when there is a change in the bid or asked price. Yesterday's quotations:

Sales—After Call

Wash. Gas 5.00 pfd.—20 at 109⅛.
Wash. Gas 4.50 pfd.—10 at 106.
Pot. Elec. 6% pfd.—50 at 109½.

	Bid.	Asked.
Public Utility Bonds		
Pot Elec Pwr 3¼s, 1977	111	....
Public Utility Stocks		
Capital Transit (2.00)	*29½	30¼
Wash Gas Lt com (1.50)	24½	25
Wash Gas Lt cum pf (5.00)	109	110
National Bank Stocks		
Riggs (12)	375	400
Com & Savings (y10.00)	*377	....
Miscellaneous Stocks		
Garfinckel com (†.80)	*19½	20
Garfkl 5½% cum pf (1.375)	*26½	27½
Hecht com (1.20)	20½	21
Mergenthaler Lino (a3.50)	56	58
Ter Ref & Wh Corp (3)	50	53

*Ex-dividend. †Plus extras. (a) Paid so far this year. (k) 10c extra. (y) $10.00 extra.

Dividend Actions

New York, Sept. 20 (AP).—Dividends declared:

	Rate	Period	Stk of record	Payable
Accumulated				
Am Zinc L & S pr pf	$1.25	..	10-13	11-1
Iowa El Co 7% pf A	43¾c	..	9-15	9-30
Do. 6½% pf B	40⅝c	..	9-15	9-30
Do. 7% pf A	87½c	..	9-15	10-2
Do. 6½% pf B	81¼c	..	9-15	10-2
Do. 6% pf C	75c	..	9-15	10-2
Real S H M 7% pf	$1.75	..	9-25	10-5
Initial				
City Stores	12½c	Q	10-10	11-1
City Stores A	12½c	Q	10-10	11-1
Regular				
Carter, J. W.	15c	..	9-26	9-29
Cons Dry Gds	25c	..	9-22	10-2
Detroit Edison	30c	..	9-26	10-16
Eureka Vac Cleaner	12½c	..	9-29	10-9
Gen Machinery	75c	Q	9-18	10-2
Goodall Worsted	50c	Q	9-25	10-2
Joe Dixon Crucible	75c	..	9-21	9-30
Youngstown Steel Car	15c	Q	9-22	9-30
Bangor Hydro El	15c	..	10-2	10-20
Emerson Rad & Pho	15c	Q	10-5	10-16
No St Pw Minn $5 pf	$1.25	Q	9-30	10-14

Chicago Grain

Chicago, Sept. 20 (AP).—Grain futures fluctuated erratically in a dull trade today with September oats breaking as much as 3 cents only to turn strong in the final minutes of the session to close unchanged to an eighth of a cent lower.

Wheat showed moderate strength early in the day but eased under the pressure of scattered offerings. The market has rallied substantially from the lows of last week and the September delivery again is selling above the loan and Government support price.

At the finish wheat was unchanged to ⅝ lower than yesterday's close, September, 1.59½. Corn was ¼ lower to ⅛ higher, December, 11.09⅛@11.09⅜. Oats were unchanged to 1 lower, September, 64⅝@64¾. Rye was ⅛ higher to ¾ lower, September, 95¼. Barley was ⅞ to 1½ lower, September, 1.06⅛.

Range follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
September	1.59½	1.59⅝	1.59	1.59½
December	1.55	1.55⅛	1.54½	1.54⅞
May	1.51¼	1.51¼	1.50¾	1.50¾
July	1.42¾	1.42⅞	1.41⅞	1.42¾
Corn—				
December	1.09¼	1.10	1.09¼	1.09⅝
May	1.07	1.07¼	1.06¼	1.06⅝
July	1.05¼	1.05⅝	1.04½	1.04½
Oats—				
September	63	64¾	62⅛	64¾
December	59¾	59⅞	58⅜	58¾
May	58⅜	58⅜	57⅛	57½
July	55⅜	55⅜	54⅜	54¾
Rye—				
September	96	96½	94¾	95¼
December	97⅛	97⅛	96	96¾
May	97⅛	97⅛	96⅜	97
July	92¾	93	92	92⅝
Barley—				
September	1.07	1.07	1.06⅛	1.06⅛
December	98	98¼	97⅜	97⅜
May	92¾	92¾	91⅜	91⅜
July	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾

Cash Grain

Chicago, Sept. 20 (AP).—WHEAT—No. 2, hard, 1.62.

OATS—Sample grade, heavy, white, 60; special heavy, red, 66; red, 66.

BARLEY—Malting, 1.05@1.37½, nominal; feed, 65@1.06, nominal.

TIMOTHY SEED—Per hundredweight, 6.25@6.50, nominal, country run; red clover seed, per hundredweight, 31.50, nominal; alsike, 28.50, nominal, country run.

Naval Stores

Savannah, Ga., Sept. 20 (AP).—TURPENTINE—78½ cents a gallon: Offerings, 100 (50-gal. bbls.); sales, 5000 gallons; receipts, 90 barrels; shipments, none; stocks, 28,520 barrels.

ROSIN (100-lb. drums)—Offerings, 326; sales, 115; receipts, 342; shipments, 246; stocks, 18,528.

Quote: B, 4.81; D, 4.85; E, 5.51; G, 5.57; H, 5.52; I, 5.52; K, 5.55; M, 5.55; N, 5.79; WG, 6.04 WW, 6.26; X, 6.26.

TURPENTINE—Receipts, 27; shipments, 181; stocks, 43,192.

ROSIN—Receipts, none, shipments, 102; stocks, 29,515.

New York Bond Market

Total bond sales yesterday, $5,957,000; previous day, $6,193,000; week ago, $6,267,000; year ago, $10,120,600; two years ago, $16,927,800; January 1 to date, $2,018,084,300; year ago, $2,581,353,025; two years ago, $1,599,337,900.

Dow-Jones Bonds

New York, Sept. 20.—

40 bonds	101.42	+0.17
10 higher grade rails	109.25	+0.19
10 second grade rails	79.55	+0.39
10 public utilities	109.93	+0.04
10 industrials	106.95	+0.05

Sales in thousands.	High	Low	Close
CORPORATION BONDS			
10 Alleg 3½ '54	104¾	104¾	104¾
54 Am&FP P 5 2030	95	94¾	95
7 Am T & T 3¼ '66	109¼	109¼	109¼
6 Am T & T 3¼ '61	109	108⅞	108⅞
7 Am T & T 3 '56	121¾	121¾	121¾
9 Am Tob 3 '62	104¾	104½	104½
9 Am W W E 6 '75	112¾	112⅞	112⅞
48 Arm Del 7 '78	114	113½	114
5 A T S F 4 '95	124¼	124⅜	124⅜
9 A C L 1 4 '52	102¾	102	102¾
22 A C L 4½ '64	84¾	84¾	84¾
23 B & O 1 m '48	91¼	90	91¼
54 B & O '95 A	52	51½	52
49 B & O '95 C	57½	57¼	57½
41 B & O 2000 D	51⅞	50¾	51⅞
74 B & O '96 F	52	51	52
83 B & O cv '60	38	37½	37½
75 B & O 4 '48	89¾	88	89¾
22 B&OPLE&WV 4 '51	84	83¾	84
41 B & O S W '50	67	66½	67
23 B & O T C 4 '59	80	79	80
22 Bost Me 4½ '70	56½	55¾	56½
20 Bost Me 4 '60	92	91¾	91¾
50 Buf R & P 57 st	56¾	56	56¾
17 †Cen G cn 5 '45	46¾	46	46¾
10 Cen Pac 5 '60	86¼	86⅛	86⅛
19 †C R R N J 5 '87	30¼	30	30¼
63 †Chi & A 3 '49	25½	25	25½
28 C B & Q 4½ '77	110	109½	110
9 †C & E I inc '97	50	49¾	50
115 †C M S P P 5 '75	54¼	53¾	54¼
85 †C M S P P 5 2000	12¼	12¼	12¼
15 †C M S P P 4½ '89C	81¾	81¼	81½
25 †C M S P g 4 '89	79	78¾	79
117 †C & N W 4½ '99	68¼	67¾	67¾
18 †CRIP 4½ '52 A	47	46¾	46¾
20 †CRIP 4½ '60	8¾	8½	8¾
21 †CRI&P 4 '88	69¼	69	69¼
105 †CRIP r 4 '34	41¾	41¼	41¾
50 C C C S L 4½ '77	69	68¼	68¾
18 Cl U T 5 '73	101½	101½	101½
21 Cl U T 4½ '77	95½	95	95½
11 Con Ed 3½ '48	103¼	103¼	103¼
10 Cruc Stl 3¼ '55	102¾	102¼	102¼
11 Day P L 3 '70	107¾	107¾	107¾
32 Del & H 4 '63	94¾	93⅞	94¾
10 †D & R G W 5 '78	46¾	46¼	46¼
35 †Erie 4½ 2015	79½	78¾	79½
5 Erie 4 '95	105½	105½	105½
23 †Fla E C 5 '74	47	46¼	46¾
9 Gt Nor 4¼ '77 E	110¾	110½	110½
11 †GM&O inc 2015	81	80½	81
18 Hud C 5 '62 A	71¼	70¾	70¾
19 H & M r 5 '57	61	60½	60½
12 †H & M inc 5s '57	27¾	27½	27¾
9 IC e4 '53	78	77½	78
38 IC r e4 '55	73½	72¾	73½
81 IC 4¾ '66	62¼	61¾	62¼
40 ICCSL 5 '63 A	69¼	68¾	69¼
20 ICCSL 4½ '63	64½	64	64½
9 †Int GN 1st 6 '52	54	53¾	54
17 †Int GN 5 '56 B	49	49	49
48 †Int GN 5 '56 C	49	48½	49
14 Int RE 6 '44	66¾	66¾	66¾
28 Int T & T 4½ '52	89½	89	89½
36 Int T & T 5 '55	91½	91	91½
11 Leh V 5 2003 st	43¾	43½	43¾
43 Len V 4 2003	36	35½	36
9 L & N 3½ 2003	106	105¾	105¾
22 M-K-T 5 '62 A	71	70¾	70¾
10 †M-K-T aj 5 '67	43	43	43
11 M-K-T 1st 4 '90	64½	64	64½
10 †Mo P 5¼ '49	10¾	10¾	10¾
12 †Mo P 5 '65 A	67	66	66
192 †Mo P 5 '77 F	66½	65⅞	66
40 Mo P 5 '78 G	66½	65¾	66
28 †Mo P 5 '80 H	66½	65½	66
23 †Mo P 5 '81 I	66¼	65¾	66
51 †Mo P g 4 '75	25	24⅜	24¾
64 Mont P 3¾ '66	108	108	108
21 Mor&E 4½ '55	56⅝	56	56½
52 Nat Dist 3½ '49	102¾	102¾	102¾
52 NYC r 5 2013	71	70½	70½
104 NYC 4½ 2013 A	65	64½	64¾
11 NYC cn 4 '98	70¾	70½	70½
9 NYC cv 3¼ '52	100⅜	100	100
6 NYCHR 3½ '97	95¼	95⅛	95⅛
15 NYChSL 5½ '74	107	106¼	106½
59 NY ChSL 4½ '78	99½	99¼	99½
17 †NYNHH 6 '48	53½	53¼	53½
24 †NYNHH 4½ '67	52¼	52	52¼
8 †NY NHH 4 '56	48¾	48¼	48¾
12 †NYNHH 4 '57	21¾	21¾	21¾
6 ††NYWB 4½ '46	21¼	21¼	21¼
6 †Norf S 5 2014	36¼	36¼	36¼
98 Nor P 6 2047	95½	94¾	95½
16 Nor P 5 2047 D	81	80	80½
54 Nor P 4½ 2047	74½	73¾	74½
13 Nor P 4 '97	101¾	101½	101¾
16 Nor P 3 2047	62¾	62½	62½
13 Pen P & L 3½ '69	110	110	110
27 Pen R R 4½ d '70	104	103¾	103¾
10 Pen R R g 4¼ '81	115½	115¼	115½
17 Pen R R 3¾ '70	105⅞	105¾	105⅞
13 Pen R R 3¼ '52	103¼	103¼	103¼
62 †Ph R C I 6 '49	28	27¾	28
73 †Ph R C I 5 '73 st	65¾	65	65¾
15 Rdg 4½ '97 A	103⅞	103⅝	103¾
25 †$StLIM4 RG '33	100½	100¼	100¼
33 †St L S F 5 '50 B	43½	43	43
64 †St L S F 4 '50 A	41	40¾	41
11 †St L S W rf 5 '90	53	52¾	53
7 Schen D 4 '52	104½	104½	104½
177 †Sea A L c 6 '45	41¾	41	41¾
19 †$Sea AL 4 '50 uns	66½	66	66½
16 †$Sea AL rf 4 '59	29½	29½	29½
7 †Sea-AF 6 '35 A	24½	23½	24½
80 So Pac 4½ '68	75¼	74½	75¼
96 So Pac 4½ '81	74¼	73¾	74¼
35 So Pac 4¼ '69	75	74½	75
40 So Pac rf 4 '55	102½	102	102
31 So Pac 4½ Or '77	83½	82¾	83½
8 Sou Ry g 6 '56	105	104¾	105
8 Tex Corep 3 '65	106¾	106½	106½
7 †Th Ave 5 '60	38½	38	38½
9 Un Oil Cal 3 '67	103¾	103½	103½
17 Un Pac 1st 4 '47	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞
17 †Wab 4¼ '91	75	74½	75
8 W Sh 4 2361	66	65½	65¾
33 †W Pac 1st 5 '46	94¼	93¾	94¼
88 West Un 5 '51	105¾	105⅝	105¾
19 West Un 5 '60	106	106	106
6 Wh Stl 3½ '66	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞
34 †Wis Cen 4 '49	65	64	65

B. & O. Outlines Plan to Reduce Bonded Debt

New York, Sept. 20 (AP).—A debt adjustment plan calling for refunding notes now held by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, extension of other bonds and some new issues was approved today by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company directors.

President Roy B. White said the plan, which must be approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission and the courts would be carried out under provisions of the bankruptcy act, commenting:

"Bondholders, by assenting to the 138 (adjustment) pl9an, avoided a bankruptcy and its attendant consequences. . . . The present plan will carry forward the policy of debt reduction and further strengthen and improve the position of the company's security holders."

White said the plan, in substance, provided for:

Purchase by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation of a new collateral note issue to mature January 1, 1956, to refund the August 8 and November 8 notes of the company now held by RFC;

Issuance of new bonds in exchange for bonds to be extended and modified;

Setting up a capital fund of 2½ per cent of gross railway operating revenues, or five million dollars, less depreciation and amortization of roadway to structures charged against income during the year, whichever is greater;

Setting up a sinking fund, with all bonds issued in exchange, and the collateral notes, eligible for sinking fund purchases — sinking fund payments to be a minimum of one-half the income available until the company's annual charges are reduced to 22 million dollars, with reductions thereafter.

The plan provides that 60 per cent of the interest on the company's refunding and general mortgage bonds be made contingent on earnings, the change from the present fixed and contingent rates to take place on their latest interest date in 1946. The one per cent unsecured interest on the first mortgage 5 per cent bonds, the 1½ per cent on the southwestern division bonds and the 4½ per cent on the convertible bonds will be made contingent upon earnings.

Cotton Exchange Plans New Exports Contract

New York, Sept. 20 (AP).—The New York Cotton Exchange has proposed the establishment of an export cotton futures contract to facilitate world-wide distribution of American cotton. The proposal will be submitted to cotton merchants from all over the South at a meeting in Memphis on September 22.

Under the plan, stocks of staple bought by the Government in recent years would be moved into world markets through regular channels of the cotton trade.

Diesel Locomotives Completed for Mexico

Schenectady, N. Y., Sept. 20 (AP). Details of a 54 million-dollar modernization of Mexico's railroads were disclosed today at a ceremony observing completion of a fleet of new Diesel locomotives already rolling toward the Rio Grande.

Don Vincente Sanchez-Gavito, counselor of the Mexican Embassy, here to inspect the last of the locomotives, built by the American Locomotive Co. and the General Electric Co., announced the program was part of a long-range plan for Mexico's economic development.

Government Bonds

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
9	2½s, 1970-65	100.11	100.11	100.11

Storm Damage To Crops Heavy

By the Associated Press

The Weather Bureau reported yesterday that last week's Atlantic hurricane caused extensive damage to all crops in coastal sections of Virginia, Maryland and New Jersey, and resulted in some harm in southeastern New York and parts of Massachusetts and Connecticut, where matured fruit was bloon from trees.

Rain which fell before and during the hurricane, however, was beneficial in replenishing depleted water supplis and conditioning the soil, the bureau said in its weekly weather and crop bulletin.

Warm sunny weather late last week advanced crops rapidly following unfavorable weather earlier in the wek, the bulletin said, and th corn c rop in Iowa particularly made a remarkable recovery. Indiana reported most of its corn already safe from frosts, but other localities indicated that from 10 days to two weks more of favorable weather is necessary for safety.

Airline Files Plans For World Routes

Plans for a world-wide American flag air route after the war were disclosed yesterday with the announcement that Pan American World Airways has sought permission for two new transocean routes and extensions of prewar routes.

Pan American said yesterday it had filed applications with the Civil Aeronautics Board to operate the routes, which would link all continents by air.

One of the new oceanic routes would connect New York and Moscow via Newfoundland or Labrador; Iceland, Oslo, Norway; Stockholm, Sweden, and Leningrad.

The second would be from Seattle to Canton, China, by way of Nome, Alaska; the Kurile Islands; Tokyo and Shanghai.

Montgomery Ward Net Mounts in Period

Chicago, Sept. 20 (AP).—Montgomery Ward & Co. announced its net profits for the six months ended July 31, 1944, were $7,981,736, equivalent to $1.39 a share of common stock. Profits for the corresponding period of 1943 were $7,305,193, or $1.26 a share, after adjusting Federal taxes to the final tax base.

Net sales during the six months were $265,361,882, a decrease of 6.7 per cent under last year's record volume.

Used Car Dealer Offers Airplane for Sale

Detroit, Sept. 20 (AP).—A used car lot featured an airplane for sale today.

The dealer, Eddie Meyer, identified the plane as a 1943 Army Aeronca. He predicted a big postwar business in used planes.

"The used plane business is going to be a big thing when the boys who have been flying in the war come home and want planes of their own," Meyer said.

Called to Colors More District Men

The following District men have been ordered to report for induction today:

Lee E. Bloom, James B. Brown, Charles E. Darr, Earnest E. Dickey, George Hargrave, jr.; Donald D. Harris, William F. Horn, James R. Jennette, Earl C. Johnson, Carlie B. Tart, Vern B. Wallace, William I. White, James R. Atkinson, James B. Ballentine, Arthur O. Black, jr.; Joseph B. Blackburn, John D. Gemmell, Frank H. Holland, Richard H. Houston, Malcolm H. Hunt, Jacob L. Liebman, Robert T. Mathews, William McGahie, John P. Moulis, Donald A. Paulsen, Eugene F. Peterson, Gerald N. Plotkin, Richard F. Post, Francis H. Potf, Moody C. Thompson, David L. Troxel, John R. Zimmerman.

25% Boost in Gas Rations Forecast After European War

New York, Sept. 20 (AP).—More and better gasoline for civilian motorists after the end of the war in Europe was forecast today by Robert E. Wilson, president of the Pan American Petroleum & Transport Co.

Wilson foresaw a 25 per cent increase in rations and declared in an address prepared for a meeting of the Empire State Petroleum Association.

"Prompt relaxation in gasoline rationing would appear to be not only possible but desirable."

Governmental pressure on householders to burn coal instead of fuel oils, and some easing of fuel oil restrictions, also should follow the end of the European phase, the oil man-chemist told the industry group.

Wilson explained that military needs now take 40 per cent of the Nation's gasoline, or about 800,000 barrels daily of quality fuel, half for European use, one-fifth for the Pacific, and the rest for domestic military activities.

With the war's spotlight shifted to the Pacific, Wilson said, military demand for high-grade gasoline should drop sharply.

"This should permit at least the restoration of regular gasoline to 72 octane and the removal of present limitations on the output of premium gasoline," he commented.

While gasoline demand for Pacific requirements will continue large, Wilson said, he questioned the ability of tankers to transport all available, and suggested the resulting surplus here should be distributed to prevent unnecessary accumulations.

After the first six months of the Japanese phase of fighting, he added, military use might approach present levels. Offsetting this, however, he said, should be rehabilitated European refinery capacity.